

# THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 179.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1901.

TWO CENTS

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been other light committees in this council, and I can say from actual knowledge that the present committee has had more to say than all the rest put together. It seems to have grown to be the most important committee of council. Mr. Healy is doing everything in his power and all a reasonable man can ask. He knows the present lights are a failure and has notified the company to take them out. It is unjust to not pay this bill. If council don't want to pay any more, then notify the company and let the city go in total darkness. There is a whole lot of buncombe in all this talk."

McLane made another speech, and in the course of his remarks said: "Cheap notoriety; I like that!" "Of course you do," retorted Peach, and the personalities ceased.

Smith upheld the chairman of the light committee and Heddleston said the representative of the Manhattan Power and Construction company had told him the lights were not more than 1,200 candle power. The bill was finally referred back to the light committee through the light committee.

## FULL POWER.

The City is Getting All That the Contract Calls for in Regard to Candle Power.

Manager Healy, of the light company, was seen this morning and asked in regard to the candle power. He stated that no person could tell whether the lights were 2,000 candle power, and according to the way electricity was measured it takes about 450 watts to make a 2,000 candle power light.

The city is getting more than that from the company and should an expert come here he could not tell by looking at and examining the light what candle power it is.

## A MANDAMUS.

SUPPLEE SEEKS TO COLLECT SALARY FROM LISBON COUNCIL.

Says He Was Engaged for a Year And the Ordinance Was Repealed Before His Time Expired.

Lisbon, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Walter C. Supplee has filed a petition in court asking that a writ of mandamus be issued commanding the council of Lisbon to issue to him a warrant for the sum of \$108 33, which amount he claims due him as salary as policeman from October 10 to December 15, 1900. Supplee was appointed to the office of policeman on May 7 last for the term of one year, but on December 15 the ordinance under which he was appointed was repealed and he claimed that, although he repeatedly requested that payment be made of the amount delinquent, it was refused.

## THE "NEW" RULE.

A Street Railway Employee Had Some Difficulty in Enforcing It This Morning.

Conductor Tom Jones and a man named Kent had an altercation on an east bound street car early this morning.

The conductor ordered Kent to go in the car off the platform and the latter refused, whereupon Jones said he would have to either go in or get off the car. This he also refused to do and Jones attempted to eject the man and stopped the car at Jackson street for that purpose, but failed to carry out his threat. The motorman finally put him off and now Kent asserts he will sue the company for damages. He boarded the car again in the Diamond and this time concluded to ride inside.

## A SMALL BLAZE LAST EVENING

Department Was Called to the Edwin M. Knowles Plant to Put Out a Fire.

## M'DANIEL SEVERELY BURNED

Went to the Oil Tank With a Lighted Torch In His Hand

## AND AN EXPLOSION FOLLOWED

What might have been a very disastrous fire occurred at the Potters Supply company at the foot of Washington street last night at 6:45 o'clock.

Curtis McDaniels, an employee, went to the basement for the purpose of getting some oil. He carried a torch in his hand, and as he was at the tank the oil became ignited. An explosion followed, and in a very short time the ceiling was enveloped in flames.

An alarm was sent in to the fire station, and in the meantime the company's hose was turned on the blaze and kept it under control until the arrival of the fire department, which made a quick run. Two lines of hose were then turned on the flames and they were soon extinguished.

One of the employees of the plant was up in the third story when the fire started and the smoke was so thick in the building that he was unable to find his way out. A ladder was run up to one of the windows and he was rescued.

Mr. McDaniels was so badly burned that he was unable to report for duty this morning. The damage will not exceed \$200.

## DEPUTY BICK

Sold Some East Palestine Property to Satisfy a Judgment.

Lisbon, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Deputy Chris Bick was in East Palestine yesterday and sold a house and lot and three acres of land belonging to Jacob Moore to satisfy a judgment for \$1,260 held by the Columbian Savings and Loan, of Cleveland. John Mohr, son of the defendant, bought the property for \$1,490.

**M. P. Revival Rapidly Growing.** Congregation increased, interest increased and sinners coming to God, is the report from the Methodist Protestant revival meeting last night. Some well known citizens and lifelong residents of the city have been received into that church this week; wives have rejoiced for the conversion of their husbands, and many hearts made to rejoice at clear and signal answers to prayer.

One of the old-time revivals of former years in that church seems imminent. Rev. Gladden preached last night upon whitened harvest, sowing and reaping, John 4:35, 36.

The after service was uplifting, kindling and helpful. The meeting tonight begins promptly at 8 o'clock. You are cordially invited.

Taken to Pittsburg.

An Italian who had his leg broken in an accident at a coal mine at Salineville, was taken to Pittsburg on the noon train today.

# What the New Century Should Do For Humanity.

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## The Old Gospel for the New Century.

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I believe that the new century will be better than any that has gone before it. The inventive mind of man is not yet exhausted. The resources of God are almost as yet untouched. New inventions, new discoveries, new treasures from the bowels of the earth, new cosmic forces to be harnessed to the will of man, all await a new century. There will be also, I believe, improvements in the statements of truth, in the methods of carrying the gospel into all the world, in the organization of the church. There will be a broader brotherhood, there will be less sectarian rivalry, and no sectarian bitterness. It will not be thought necessary in the new century to segregate people, young and old, into ranks by themselves, but together they shall go out to fight the Lord's battle or do the Lord's will. But with all these improvements and with all this progress which I believe the twentieth century will bring, I cannot conceive of any change in the fundamental truths of the gospel.

The gospel of Jesus Christ has withstood the changes of far more momentous transition periods than that from the nineteenth to the twentieth century. Truths that have stood the test of nineteen centuries, which have survived the persecutions of the early centuries, the midnight of the Middle Ages, the fashionable scepticism of the eighteenth century, and the materialism and worldliness of the nineteenth, are not likely to be overthrown by any revolutions that the twentieth century have in store for us.

In fact, there are most cheering indications that the truths of the gospel will be established on a firmer foundation than ever, and that in the very near future. Destructive criticism seems to have done its worst. Dr. Hillis declares that its age is past, and that the era of constructive development of truth has begun. Very many share this opinion. Untenable positions have been uncovered, twisted and warped, proof texts have been abandoned, but every fundamental doctrine of the Christian church has been maintained and is as substantially rooted today in the hearts of the church as ever in the past history of the world. Ignorance may be favorable to credulity, but it is not the mother of intelligent faith.

The coming century will hold, I believe, more strongly than ever to the truths of God's word, because they will be better understood. The great facts of sin and its consequences, the lost estate of man and his salvation only by Jesus Christ, the great truths of the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, of the importance of this life as a period of probation and of eternal reward and retribution, of the presence of the Holy Spirit in the world, and of the imperativeness of the great commission to evangelize all nations, these truths which lie at the base of Christian thinking and Christian activity will, I believe, be more firmly established, and, as a consequence, into all the open doors of the world the gospel through its devoted followers will make its way, and the twentieth century will be looked back upon by future generations as more bright and golden than any hundred years that have preceded it.

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**Mayor Davidson.**  
Fines and licenses collected \$150 00

**Chief Thompson.**  
Intoxication ..... 22  
Disorderly conduct ..... 10  
Petit larceny ..... 9

Fighting ..... 2  
Gambling ..... 6  
Insulting females ..... 2

Vagrancy ..... 1  
Fine and costs (execution) ..... 1  
Assault ..... 1  
Using profane language ..... 1

Total ..... 55

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## Receivers' Sale of Real Estate AND CHATTEL PROPERTY.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1901

at 10 o'clock a. m. (legal time) upon the premises known as "The Union Co-operative Pottery Works," in the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, the following real estate and chattel property of The Union Co-operative Pottery Company, to wit: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, County of Columbiana and State of Ohio, and known as and being:

1.—Lots numbers five hundred and seventy-six (576), five hundred and seventy-eight (578), five hundred and seventy-nine (579), and five hundred and eighty (580), as said lots are numbered and distinguished upon the recorded plats of said city, and being the pottery plant or works of the said The Union Co-operative Pottery Company; together with all the machinery, engines, boilers, belting, shafting, jolies, lathes, blocks, hangers, pulleys, clay presses, blenders, agitators, mills, sifters, scales, and all other machinery attached to said real estate.

2.—The following described chattel property belonging to said pottery and located thereon to wit: One lot of blocks, cases, moulds and models, being all of the same; 2,250 work boards; 240 wad and sagger boards; 36 cutting and sand boxes; 16 kiln steps; 1 drawing bench; 7 iron placing rings; 3 dipping tubs; 1 glaze tank; 2 nail boards; 3 rib boards; 1 wash tub; 1 cup board; 7 wash tubs; 1 lawn; 1 cup board; 2 platform scales; 1 charging scales; 2 platform scales; 2 small scales; 123 jolley tools; 35 jolley rings; 5 jolley handles; 173 warehouse baskets; 6 wheelbarrows; 3 picks; 6 shovels; 146 brick, flat back; 225 brick, reg. 9; 160 brick wedge; 130 brick, common; 218 brick, door; 42 brick, lime; 254 decorating kiln liners; 4 dozen ware dressing tools; 5 stoves; 107 green saggers, common; 38 green saggers, cup; 75 green saggers, single; 1,952 bisque saggers, ass'td; 767 bbl. Bangor saggers; 684 single Bangor saggers; 175 yoke saggers; 166 wash bowl saggers; 363 dish saggers; 164 eight (8) inch saggers; 1,103 common saggers; 890 cup saggers; 97 ewer saggers; 175 Hiller's saggers; 4 tons placing sand; 42 sagger plates; 15 steel plates; 51 boxes; 6 stools; 13 chairs; 20 color pans; 4 lining wheels; 40 color and gold tiles; brushes; knives and shears; 2 mortor; 1 pedestal; 1 glass slab, miller; 1 water tank; 2 oil cans; printers' flannel; 1 set color scales; 30 feet 1-inch rubber hose; props and bats; 1 warehouse truck; 2 sample trunks; 2 sample printing paper.

Said real estate, machinery and chattels above described are appraised at \$38,077.15, and are ordered to be advertised, offered for sale and sold as a whole for not less than two-thirds (2/3) of said appraisement. Terms of sale—Cash.

AMBROSE C. CARTWRIGHT, As Receiver of The Union Co-operative Pottery Co.  
WALTER B. HILL,  
J. H. BROOKES, Attorneys.

## Trainer's Meat Market.

### OUR SPECIAL FEATURE.

Home Dressed Meats.  
Fresh and Cured Meats.  
Columbus Butterine.  
Choicest Poultry.

### Reasonable Prices.

#### 274 1-2 East Market, or 273 Broadway.

Columbiana Phone 103.  
Bell Phone 334-2.

## Do You Eat?

### Hedleston Bros.

#### Cor. 4th and Market.

TELEPHONE 328.

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### A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Market Falling Off In the Volume of Trading on the day—Bond Market Irregular.

New York, Jan. 9.—The most striking feature in Tuesday's stock market was the marked falling off in the volume of trading. Compared with Monday's unprecedented record of over 2,000,000 shares, Tuesday's sales of stock fell back to 1,511,000 shares. The best efforts of the bull leaders proved unavailing to induce any general or imposing advance in prices. The bear element worked some very considerable reactions and dislodged more or less long stock, held for weak accounts and on narrow margins. The equanimity with which the reaction was accepted by the large holders of stock was, however, an impressive demonstration of the continued underlying strength of the market. The pressure of liquidation was at no time very urgent and the bears conducted their operations with manifest timidity.

Sugar, Peoples Gas and Rock Island were the principal sustaining forces at the opening. The speculative contest was continued all day with varying fortunes. The greatest irregularity and most erratic fluctuations were among the granglers, coalers, Pacifics and some of the trunk lines. These all had their early period of strength and again were most prominent in the late drive against the market.

St. Paul rose at one time to 161 and fell back late in the day to 159 1/2. The declines from the highest in other members of these groups ran from 2 to 3 1/2 points. The southwestern railroad stocks were the most consistently strong of any in the list. The special strength in Missouri Pacific had a stimulating effect on the whole group. This stock opened up a fraction and inaugurated most of the rallies afterwards during the day. It closed at 81 1/2, the top price, showing a net gain of 5 points. The only news to account for the rise was a published estimate placing the earnings of the company at a high per cent of the stock. The final strong rally of the market very materially reduced the day's declines and lifted many stocks from 1 to 2 points above the low level. Reading rallied 2 1/2. Talk of impending gold exports Tuesday morning and some uneasiness over the unsettled conditions in the foreign money markets were causes inciting to the more cautious attitude of speculation.

The bond market continued its irregular character on a volume of business much less relatively than that in stocks. Total sales, par value, \$4,390,000. United States refunding 2s advanced 1/4 per cent on the last call.

### ELKINS WAS ENDORSED.

West Virginia Republican Caucuses For His Re-Election to U. S. Senate.

Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 9.—Republicans in caucuses last night nominated Anthony Smith, of Ritchie county, for president of the senate, and W. G. Wilson, of Randolph, for speaker of the house. Both men will be elected without trouble, as both houses are largely Republican.

United States Senator Elkins was unanimously endorsed for senator, to succeed himself.

Trying It on the Building.

Markleigh—Your office seems badly mussed up. Have you no janitor?

Barkleigh—We have one, but since he became a faith curist he has been giving the office "absent treatment."

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1901

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2. The following described chattel property belonging to said pottery and located thereon to wit: One lot of blocks, cases, moulds and models, being all of the same; 2,250 work boards; 240 wad and sagger boards; 36 cutting and sand boxes; 16 kiln steps; 1 drawing bench; 7 iron placing rings; 3 dipping tubs; 1 glaze tank; 2 nail boards; 3 rib boards and 1 cup board; 7 wash tubs; 1 lawn; 5 buckets; 164 press sacks; 1 charging scales; 2 platform scales; 2 small scales; 123 jolley tools; 35 jolley rings; 5 jolley handles; 173 warehouse baskets; 6 wheelbarrows; 3 picks; 6 shovels; 146 brick, flat back; 225 brick, reg. 9; 160 brick wedge; 130 brick, common; 218 brick, door; 42 brick, lime; 254 decorating kiln liners; 4 dozen ware dressing tools; 5 stoves; 107 green saggers, common; 38 green saggers, cup; 75 green saggers, single; 1,952 bisque saggers, ass't'd; 767 bbl. Bangor saggers; 684 single Bangor saggers; 175 yoke saggers; 166 wash bowl saggers; 363 dish saggers; 164 eight (8) inch saggers; 1,103 common saggers; 890 cup saggers; 97 ewer saggers; 175 Hiller's saggers; 4 tons placing sand; 42 sagger plates; 3 printing presses; 39 copper plates; 15 steel plates; 51 boxes; 6 stools; 13 chairs; 20 color pans; 4 lining wheels; 40 color and gold tiles; 2 mortars; 1 pedestal; 1 glass slab, muller; 1 water tank; 2 oil cans; printers' flannel; 1 set color scales; 30 feet 1-inch rubber hose; 2 prop and bats; 1 warehouse truck; 2 decorative colors; gold and oil; 2 sample trunks; 7 reams printing paper.

Said real estate, machinery and chattel above described are appraised at \$38,077.15, and are ordered to be advertised, offered for sale and sold as a whole for not less than two-thirds (2/3) of said appraised value. Terms of sale—Cash.

AMBROSE C. CARTWRIGHT, As Receiver of the Union Co-operative Pottery Co.

WALTER B. HILL, J. H. BROOKES, Attorneys.

### Trainer's Meat Market.

#### OUR SPECIAL FEATURE.

Home Dressed Meats. Fresh and Cured Meats. Columbus Butterine. Choicest Poultry.

#### Reasonable Prices.

274 1-2 East Market, or 273 Broadway.

Columbiana Phone 103. Bell Phone 334-2.

### Do You Eat?

Hedgleston Bros.

Cor. 4th and Market.

TELEPHONE 328.

## What the New Century Should Do For Humanity.

(Copyright, 1900, The Christian Herald.)

The Old Gospel for the New Century.

By Rev. Francis E. Clark.

I believe that the new century will be better than any that has gone before it. The inventive mind of man is not yet exhausted. The resources of God are almost as yet untouched. New inventions, new discoveries, new treasures from the bowels of the earth, new cosmic forces to be harnessed to the will of man, all await a new century. There will be also, I believe, improvements in the statements of truth, in the methods of carrying the gospel into all the world, in the organization of the church. There will be a broader brotherhood, there will be less sectarian rivalry, and no sectarian bitterness.

It will not be thought necessary in the new century to segregate people, young and old, into ranks by themselves, but together they shall go out to fight the Lord's battle or do the Lord's will. But with all these improvements and with all this progress which I believe the twentieth century will bring, I cannot conceive of any change in the fundamental truths of the gospel.

The gospel of Jesus Christ has withstood the changes of far more momentous transition periods than that from the nineteenth to the twentieth century. Truths that have stood the test of nineteen centuries, which have survived the persecutions of the early centuries, the midnight of the Middle Ages, the fashionable scepticism of the eighteenth century, and the materialism and worldliness of the nineteenth, are not likely to be overthrown by any revolutions that the twentieth century have in store for us.

In fact, there are most cheering indications that the truths of the gospel will be established on a firmer foundation than ever, and that in the very near future. Destructive criticism seems to have done its worst. Dr. Hillis declares that its age is past, and that the era of constructive development of truth has begun. Very many share this opinion. Untenable positions have been uncovered, twisted and warped, proof texts have been abandoned, but every fundamental doctrine of the Christian church has been maintained and is as substantially rooted today in the hearts of the church as ever in the past history of the world. Ignorance may be favorable to credulity, but it is not the mother of intelligent faith.

The coming century will hold, I believe, more strongly than ever to the truths of God's word, because they will be better understood. The great facts of sin and its consequences, the lost estate of man and his salvation only by Jesus Christ, the great truths of the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, of the importance of this life as a period of probation and of eternal reward and retribution, of the presence of the Holy Spirit in the world, and of the imperativeness of the great commission to evangelize all nations, these truths which lie at the base of Christian thinking and Christian activity will, I believe, be more firmly established, and, as a consequence, into all the open doors of the world the gospel through its devoted followers will make its way, and the twentieth century will be looked back upon by future generations as more bright and golden than any hundred years that have preceded it.

Hasten the Brotherhood of Man.

By William Jennings Bryan.

There are many reforms which I hope to see realized during the new century. I suggest a question which ought to receive more attention during the coming century than it has during the last few years, namely: How can the coming of the brotherhood of man be hastened by those who acknowledge

the fatherhood of God? Love of God can best be shown by the exhibition of a brotherly love broad enough to include all of God's creatures. The bible denounces as a liar the man who says that he loves God and yet hates his brother.

I can conceive of no greater reform than that which would apply the eleventh commandment: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself," to all phases of human experience. It would put an end to justice, whether practiced on a small scale by individuals or on a large scale through the operation of bad laws.

What is the most important task of mankind in the twentieth century? If you could come back to earth in the year 2000, what one change would you most like to see in human affairs? These two questions were sent Mr. Andrew Carnegie, who answered as follows:

The earth freed from its foulest stain, the killing of men by men under the name of war.

The profession of arms, now considered by many the most honorable, then held to be of all human occupations the most dishonorable.

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

### THE REPORTS

OF THE CITY OFFICERS PRESENT.  
ED LAST NIGHT.

The Fire And Police Departments  
Didn't Do a Land Office  
Business.

The monthly reports presented at the meeting of council last night were as follows:

Fire Department.	
Fire calls	6
Patrol calls	14
Ambulance calls	5
Total	30
Prisoners hauled to city jail	20

**Mayor Davidson.**

Fines and licenses collected	\$150 00
------------------------------	----------

**Chief Thompson.**

Intoxication	22
Disorderly conduct	10
Petit larceny	9
Fighting	2
Gambling	6
Insulting females	2
Vagrancy	1
Fine and costs (execution)	1
Assault	1
Using profane language	1
Total	55

### JESSIE CARNEGIE.

The Township Trustees Sent Him to the Infirmary Yesterday Afternoon.

Jesse Carnegie, a colored boy, was sent to the county infirmary yesterday afternoon. Carnegie is threatened with an attack of pneumonia, and having no person to care for him here, it was thought best to remove him to the county institution, where he will be properly looked after.

### AN APPLICATION.

Salem, Lisbon And East Liverpool Street Railway Company Would Like to Have a Franchise.

The Salem, Lisbon and East Liverpool Street Railway company last evening presented to council an application for a franchise. The application was received.

It will be necessary for council to advertise and establish a route.

—Frank Buxton left yesterday afternoon for Sebring after a visit in the city.

We're closing out  
Ladies' Desk and Toilet Tables,  
Fancy Parlor and Library Tables,  
Fancy Chairs and Rockers

at

Clearance Sale Prices.

**THE S. G. HARD CO.**

THE BIG STORE

### POWERS MAY AGREE.

Some of Negotiations May Be Transferred From Pekin.

### PROPOSED BY UNITED STATES.

Conger's Suggestion, That Indemnity and Commercial Treaty Be Considered Away From Pekin Acted Upon—Washington or Some Other Capital Proposed.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The negotiations which had been pending for some time relative to the removal from Pekin of some of the subjects of international negotiations so that they could be taken up at Washington or at the capital of one of the other powers, had advanced to a stage where there is promise of a satisfactory understanding among the powers on this move. The plan originated through a suggestion of Minister Conger, cabled about a week ago, to the effect that there was little prospect of securing united action on the subject of indemnity and of net commercial treaties with China. Mr. Conger suggested that better progress in the negotiations was likely to result if these two phases could be removed from Pekin and taken up at some point entirely removed from local influences.

It has been the purpose to assemble an international commission, which could pass on all indemnity both among themselves and as against China. It would be in the main a conference among the powers, although it is expected that Chinese envoys would be invited to participate after the proceedings reach a stage where unity of action among the powers was assured. The state department had received indications as to the general feeling of some of the powers on this proposition. There appears to be no reason to anticipate serious complications to the transfer.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Minister Conger cabled the state department that there is ground for the belief that the empress dowager was opposing the acceptance by China of the demands of the powers.

Paris, Jan. 9.—Archbishop Favier, the head of the French mission in North China, who reached Marseilles Jan. 5, arrived in Paris. In an interview he said he believed the dowager empress would return to Pekin in the spring, when order will be completely restored.

The Europeans, he added, will find they have not lost ground by recent events. The government, however, must be given time to resume the direction of affairs. In the meanwhile the police work now proceeding should be completed and the last bands of Boxers and loafers dispersed. Europe must not try to rush the negotiations, for Chinese diplomacy always says "no," but afterwards always says "yes."

### AN OHIO BANK ROBBED.

**\$4,000 In Cash, \$300 In Government Bonds and Notes Secured at Shiloh.**

Shelby, O., Jan. 9.—The Exchange bank, of Shiloh, about seven miles north of this city, was robbed of \$4,000 in cash, \$300 in government bonds and a large number of notes. The work was done by expert safe drillers.

No explosives were used. Four men are believed to have been in the gang, as two horses and two buggies were stolen from a farmer near Shiloh.

Mansfield, O., Jan. 9.—Investigation showed that the robbery of the bank at Shiloh was done by four men, who came from Cleveland on a Big Four train. They stole two horses and buggies from Jacob Gilger, near the

### Receivers' Sale of Real Estate AND CHATTEL PROPERTY.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1901

at 10 o'clock a. m. (legal time) upon the premises known as "The Union Co-operative Pottery Works," in the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, the following described real estate and chattel property of The Union Co-operative Pottery Company, to wit: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, County of Columbiana and State of Ohio, and known as and being: 1.—Lots numbers five hundred and seven, six (576), five hundred and seventy-eight (578), five hundred and seventy-nine (579), and five hundred and eighty (580), as said lots are numbered and distinguished upon the recorded plats of said city, and being the pottery plant or works of the said The Union Co-operative Pottery Company; together with all the machinery, engines, boilers, belting, shafting, jolies, lathes, blocks, hangers, pulleys, clay presses, blenders, agitators, mills, sifters, gas and steam water pipes, fittings, wagon scales, and all other machinery attached to said real estate.

2.—The following described chattel property belonging to said pottery and located thereon to wit: One lot of blocks, cases, moulds and models, being all of the same: 2,250 work boards; 240 wad and saggar boards; 36 cutting and sand boxes; 16 kiln steps; 1 drawing bench; 7 iron placing rings; 3 dipping tubs; 1 glaze tank; 2 nail boards; 3 rib boards and 1 cup board; 7 wash tubs; 1 lawn; 5 buckets; 164 press sacks; 1 charging scales; 2 platform scales; 2 small scales; 123 jolley tools; 35 jolly rings; 5 jolley handles; 173 warehouse baskets; 6 wheelbarrows; 3 picks; 6 shovels; 146 brick, flat back; 223 brick, reg. 9; 160 brick wedge; 130 brick, common; 218 brick, door; 42 brick, lime; 254 decorating kiln liners; 4 dozen ware dressing tools; 5 stoves; 107 green saggers, common; 38 green saggers, cup; 75 green saggers, single; 1,952 bisque saggers, ass't'd.; 767 bbl. Bangor saggers; 684 single Bangor saggers; 175 yoke saggers; 166 wash bowl saggers; 363 dish saggers; 164 eight (8) inch saggers; 1,103 common saggers; 890 cup saggers; 97 ewer saggers; 175 Hitler's saggers; 4 tons placing sand; 42 sagger drums; 3 printing presses; 39 copper plates; 15 steel plates; 51 boxes; 6 stools; 13 chairs; 20 color pans; 4 lining wheels; 40 color and gold tiles; brushes; knives and shears; 2 mortar; 1 pedestal; 1 glass slab, muller; 1 water tank; 2 oil cans; printers' flannel; 1 set color scales; 30 feet 1-inch rubber hose; props and bats; 1 warehouse truck; 1 decorative colors; gold and oil; 2 sample trunks; 7 reams printing paper.

Sold real estate, machinery and chattel above described are appraised at \$38,077.15, and are ordered to be advertised, offered for sale and sold as a whole for not less than two-thirds (2/3) of said appraisement. Terms of sale—Cash.

AMBROSE C. CARTWRIGHT,  
As Receiver of The Union Co-operative Pottery Co.  
WALTER B. HILL,  
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Attorneys.

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Home Dressed Meats.  
Fresh and Cured Meats.  
Columbus Butterine.  
Choicest Poultry.

#### Reasonable Prices.

274 1-2 East Market,  
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Columbiana Phone 103.  
Bell Phone 334-2.

### Do You Eat?

Heddelston Bros.

Cor. 4th and Market.

TELEPHONE 328.

# THE GREAT ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

Grand Christian Men At the Head of the Movement In New York.

NOW ON DECK IN 33 STATES

It Believes In the Open Church As Against the Open Saloon.

OUR GOD IS THE LEADER

[N. Y. Christian Herald.]  
By Rev. Norman Plass, Superintendent New York District.

Seven years have elapsed since the Anti-Saloon League was organized, and it is now in active operation in 35 states. It has achieved great success in these seven years. Its leaders include nearly 200 men, who resigned successful and influential pastorates to devote themselves exclusively to the work. At the outset of their campaign in New York state the league leaders said:

"Give us two years in which to agitate and organize, and then for the fight!"

The two years are not yet ended, but 2,500 rallies have been held in churches of 20 denominations, 500,000 people have been addressed, tens of thousands have formally identified themselves with the movement, the fighting forces of 300 committees have been organized, and many other places are marshaling their men for the campaign.

In the person of Rev. J. Q. A. Henry, D. D., the Anti-Saloon movement has an experienced leader. He has as his

board of strategem more than 30 of the most prominent clergymen and laymen in the state, chosen from all denominations, with Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, D. D., as their honorary head. Truman H. Baldwin, Esq., is president of the board; Rev. Drs. R. S. McArthur, S. Parkes Cadman and I. K. Funk are its vice presidents, while other clergymen and laymen equally prominent are members. The league presents a united front against a divided and scattered foe. It arouses the people to their danger. Enough temperance sentiment exists, if only it can be drafted and stationed in the ranks.

The league secures better legislation, introducing bills, using its influence for their enactment, influencing legislators through their constituents and helping to elect temperance men, regardless of party affiliations. In the Ohio legislature there is an actual majority, on joint ballot, of 18, who owe their election to the Anti-Saloon League, and are pledged to support its measures.

The immediate legislative program of the New York state league is to secure the extension of the local option system of the state to the election districts in cities and incorporated villages.

As the law now stands, all who live in cities are disfranchised upon the temperance question. There is a growing demand all over the state for municipal local option, and the league is endeavoring to secure 500,000 signatures to a petition for such a measure.

Truth is, the league stands for the maintenance of law. All that it does in the line of enforcing the law is calculated to re-enforce the officers, and compel obedience on the part of the law breakers. It has its own attorneys and secret service men, and is fully equipped for law enforcement work. At the present time, it has 300 cases in the courts of the state, and has secured a number of criminal convictions besides revoking liquor tax

certificates by civil process. It has secured convictions on gambling slot-machines found in saloons of Poughkeepsie and Glens Falls and in Buffalo. It has been the means of abolishing iniquitous "dives." An amendment to the Buffalo city charter has been secured, which provides that with the first day of next May, when the Pan-American exposition opens, 53 of those dens of vice shall go out of existence forever!

The league aims to be constructive in its methods as well as as destructive. It has maintained a roof garden in New York city during the past summer, which was patronized by tens of thousands of people in a densely populated portion. While fighting to suppress, the league stands ready to accept the maxim of Napoleon that "to displace is to conquer." It believes in the open church to offset the open dram shops, and is heart and soul in the movement for that purpose.

## CONTINUED AGAIN.

Case of Minnie McKinnon vs. Mary Ann Hamilton Was Not Heard Yesterday Afternoon.

In the case of Minnie McKinnon versus Mary Ann Hamilton, which was entered last week in the court of Justice McLane, no time has been fixed for a hearing.

An attempt was made to have the case tried on its merits Monday morning, but the inability of defendant to be present caused a continuance until yesterday.

On Monday Attorney Thompson for defendant filed a motion to dismiss the case on the ground that the proper parties had not been named, but the court overruled the motion and just as soon as the parties to the suit are ready it will be tried. Attorney W. H. Vodrey represents the plaintiff.

The suit was entered to recover something over \$80, a balance on a promissory note, and the reason given for refusing to pay the amount is that defendant had paid her share of the original sum, \$75.

Finest Special Service to Florida. Leaves Pittsburg Tuesday and Fridays after January 15 at 8 a. m.; Steubenville, 9:28 a. m., central time, via Pennsylvania line, through without change from Pittsburg to Cincinnati, Atlanta, Jacksonville and St. Augustine, Florida. Find out about it by calling upon or addressing J. K. Dillon, District Passenger Agent, Room 306, Park building, Pittsburg.

## AT FIRST M. E. CHURCH.

Dr. Clark Crawford took for his topic last evening "The Treasure and the Pearl of Great Price." The meeting was very largely attended and the interest in the meetings is constantly growing.

## ATLANTIC TEA CO.

### New Fruits. New Fruits.

Our new fruits are fine. We have always maintained a high standard of quality in fruits; the best on the market has always been found in our stores. This year is no exception and we are selling at a lower price than others sell second quality.

#### Price List:

New Cal Prunes, per lb.....	5c
New Cal. Prunes, per lb.....	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c
New Cal. Prunes, per lb,.....	8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c
New Cal. Seeded Raisins, per lb,.....	8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c
New Cal. Seeded Raisins, 1 lb pack age, per lb.....	12c
New Cal. Fancy Peaches, per lb,.....	10c
New Cal. Extra Fancy Peaches, per lb.....	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c
New Layer Valencia Raisins, per lb.....	10c
New Cleaned Currants, per pkg.....	12c
New Citron, per lb.....	25c
New Lemon Peel, per lb.....	25c
New Orange Peel, per lb.....	25c
New Dates, per lb.....	8c
New Figs, per lb.....	12c

We lead; let those who can follow

## ATLANTIC TEA CO.

# You Save

money by buying your

# Blankets and Comforts

during this Mid-Winter Clearance Sale.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE

### WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 181 Drury Lane or call on the janitor of the First Presbyterian church.

WANTED—Immediately—Two girls. Apply at the Woodbine Steam Laundry, 193 Fourth street.

WANTED—Two or three apprentice girls for ladies' tailoring department. Apply to East Liverpool Tailoring and Clothing company, 224 Washington street.

WANTED—Situation as nurse, or occupation at plain sewing. Apply to Mrs. M. Moore, No. 131 Seventh street.

### FOR RENT.

FOR SALE—Lot 30x130 and three-room house in the best of condition, located on Fourth street, near Monroe. Price, \$1,800. Apply to J. P. Hanlon, 315 Lincoln avenue.

# MUSIC STORE.

### We Sell

## BRIGGS PIANOS.

### We Sell

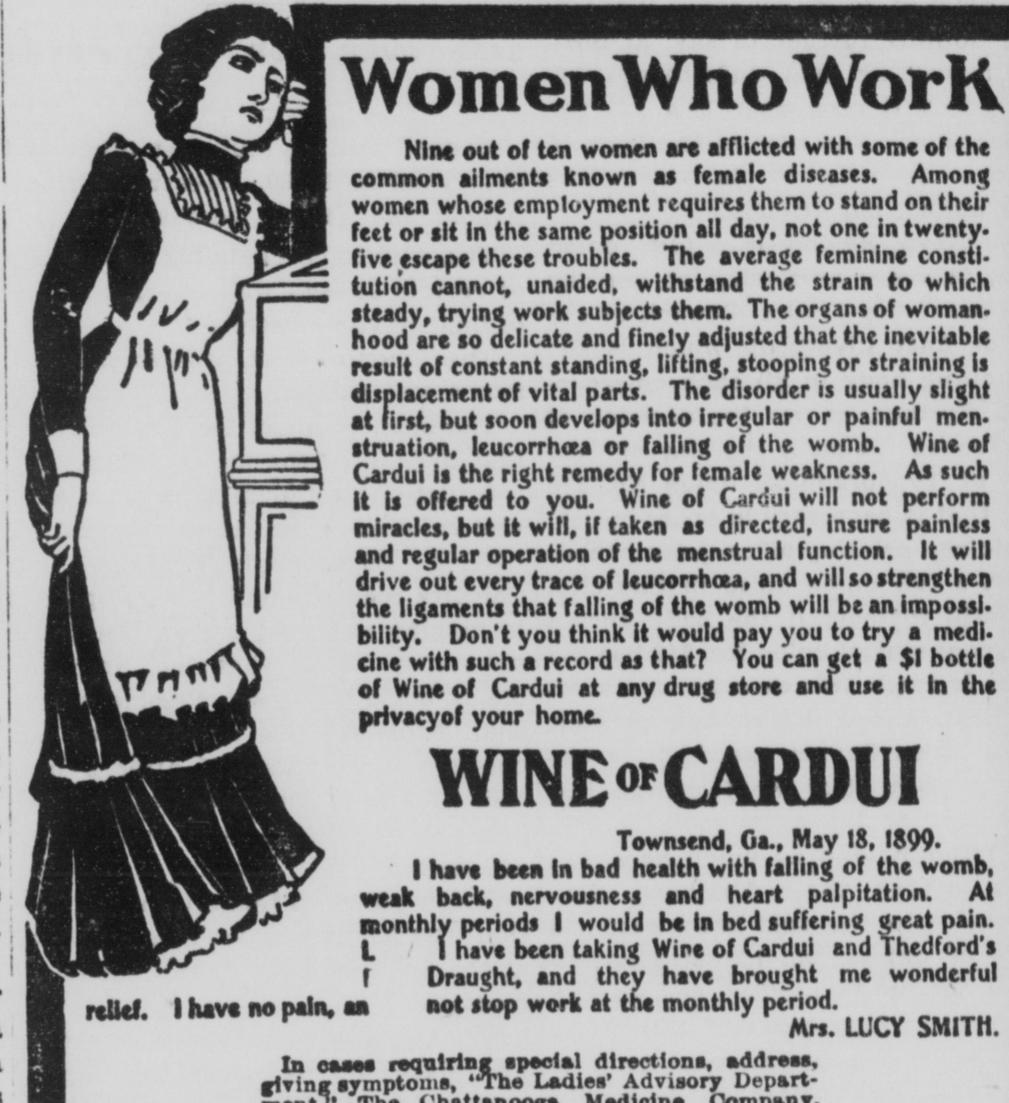
## PHONOGRAHS

### SMITH and PHILLIPS.

## RUBBER STAMPS.

Exclusive Agency for the  
Celebrated Air Cushions  
Rubber Stamps.

ADVERTISE in the News Review.  
Review. Best results.



### Women Who Work

Nine out of ten women are afflicted with some of the common ailments known as female diseases. Among women whose employment requires them to stand on their feet or sit in the same position all day, not one in twenty-five escape these troubles. The average feminine constitution cannot, unaided, withstand the strain to which steady, trying work subjects them. The organs of womanhood are so delicate and finely adjusted that the inevitable result of constant standing, lifting, stooping or straining is displacement of vital parts. The disorder is usually slight at first, but soon develops into irregular or painful menstruation, leucorrhœa or falling of the womb. Wine of Cardui is the right remedy for female weakness. As such it is offered to you. Wine of Cardui will not perform miracles, but it will, if taken as directed, insure painless and regular operation of the menstrual function. It will drive out every trace of leucorrhœa, and will so strengthen the ligaments that falling of the womb will be an impossibility. Don't you think it would pay you to try a medicine with such a record as that? You can get a \$1 bottle of Wine of Cardui at any drug store and use it in the privacy of your home.

### WINE OF CARDUI

Townsend, Ga., May 18, 1899.  
I have been in bad health with falling of the womb, weak back, nervousness and heart palpitation. At monthly periods I would be in bed suffering great pain. I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Draught, and they have brought me wonderful relief. I have no pain, and

Mrs. LUCY SMITH.

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

### TEE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Jan. 8.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 72 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 2 yellow shelled, new, 41 $\frac{1}{2}$ c;

42 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 42 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 2 white, 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; regular No. 3, 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$15.25 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 2 do, \$14.25 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 1 clover mixed, \$13.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 1 clover hay, \$13.75

6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 1 prairie hay, \$11.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

BUTTER—Milk prints, 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; tubs, 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; dairy butter, 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; country roll, 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; cooking butter, 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

EGGS—Guaranteed stock, 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; fresh, candled, 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; storage, candled, 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

CHEESE—Ohio, three-fourths cream, 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; New York state brand, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c;

12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; Himmerger, new, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; Wisconsin brick Swiss, 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; Wisconsin ring Swiss, 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; brick, five-pound average, 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

POULTRY—Live—Squingers, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; hens, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; roosters, 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; turkeys, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; ducks, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; geese, 75c $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pair.

Dressed—Splingers, 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; hens, 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ c;

roosters, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; turkeys, 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; ducks, 13

6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; geese, 75c $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound.

GAME—Rabbits, 25c $\frac{1}{2}$ c per pound.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 8.

CATTLE—Receipts were light; market steady. We quote as follows:

Extra heavy, \$5.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; prime, \$5.15 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; good, \$4.60 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; good grass, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; \$4.10 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; medium, \$3.75 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; common, \$3.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; oxen, \$2.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; bulls and stags, \$2.75 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; common to good fat cows, \$2.25 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; good fresh cows, \$2.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

HOGS—Receipts light; market active.

Sales were: Prime, medium and best Yorkers, \$5.60 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; heavy hogs, \$5.15 $\frac{1}{2}$ c;

5.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; pigs, as to quality, \$5.30 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; rough, \$3.75 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair and market steady. We quote as follows:

Choice wethers, \$4.35 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; good, \$4.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ c;

4 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; fair mixed, \$3.40 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; common, \$1.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; choice lambs, \$3.85 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; veal calves, \$7.25 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; heavy and thin, \$4.00 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 46 $\frac{1}{2}$ c

in elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 87 $\frac{1}{2}$ c

f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 92 $\frac{1}{2}$ c

f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 46 $\frac{1}{2}$ c

in elevator and 47 $\frac{1}{2}$ c f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—Spot market dull; No. 2, 30c; No.

3, 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 2 white, 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; No. 3 white, 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; track mixed western, 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; track white, 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

COTTON—Feeling a trifle firm. Cables steady.



### A GOOD LECTURE.

Here are a few important points about our coal:

It is as good as any coal that was ever dug out of the ground. There is heat in every lump. We give full weight, and we deliver it promptly. Begin the New Year by ordering your coal from

### MYLER BROS.,

# THE GREAT ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

Grand Christian Men At the Head of the Movement In New York.

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**At First M. E. Church.**  
Dr. Clark Crawford took for his topic last evening "The Treasure and the Pearl of Great Price." The meeting was very largely attended and the interest in the meetings is constantly growing.

## ATLANTIC TEA CO.

### New Fruits. New Fruits.

Our new fruits are fine. We have always maintained a high standard of quality in fruits; the best on the market has always been found in our stores. This year is no exception and we are selling at a lower price than others sell second quality.

#### Price List:

New Cal Prunes, per lb .....	5c
New Cal Prunes, per lb .....	6 1/4c
New Cal Prunes, per lb .....	8 1/4c
New Cal. Seeded Raisins, per lb ..	8 1/2c
New Cal. Seeded Raisins, 1 lb pack age, per lb .....	12c
New Cal. Fancy Peaches, per lb ..	10c
New Cal. Extra Fancy Peaches, per lb ..	12 1/2c
New Layer Valencia Raisins, per lb	10c
New Cleaned Currants, per pkg ..	12c
New Citron, per lb .....	25c
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We lead; let those who can follow

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# You Save

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## Blankets and Comforts

during this Mid-Winter Clearance Sale.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE

### WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general house-work. Apply at 181 Drury Lane or call on the janitor of the First Presbyterian church.

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## MUSIC

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### We Sell

## BRIGGS PIANOS.

### We Sell

## PHONOGRAHES

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### and PHILLIPS.

## RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the  
Celebrated Air Cushions  
Rubber Stamps.

## THE NEWS REVIEW



**Women Who Work**

Nine out of ten women are afflicted with some of the common ailments known as female diseases. Among women whose employment requires them to stand on their feet or sit in the same position all day, not one in twenty-five escape these troubles. The average feminine constitution cannot, unaided, withstand the strain to which steady, trying work subjects them. The organs of womanhood are so delicate and finely adjusted that the inevitable result of constant standing, lifting, stooping or straining is displacement of vital parts. The disorder is usually slight at first, but soon develops into irregular or painful menstruation, leucorrhœa or falling of the womb. Wine of Cardui is the right remedy for female weakness. As such it is offered to you. Wine of Cardui will not perform miracles, but it will, if taken as directed, insure painless and regular operation of the menstrual function. It will drive out every trace of leucorrhœa, and will so strengthen the ligaments that falling of the womb will be an impossibility. Don't you think it would pay you to try a medicine with such a record as that? You can get a \$1 bottle of Wine of Cardui at any drug store and use it in the privacy of your home.

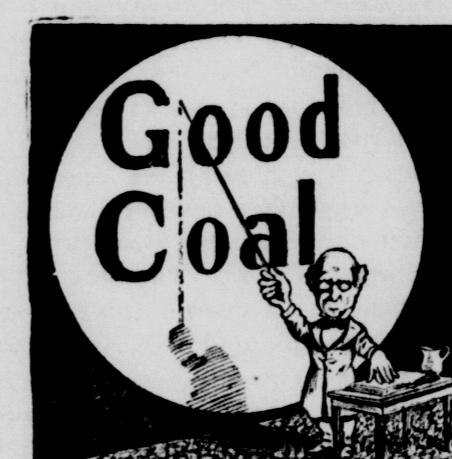
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Goods Delivered Carefully and Promptly.

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287 East Market St.

Both Phones No. 120.

ADVERTISE in the News Review. Best results.

# THE GREAT ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

Grand Christian Men At the Head of the Movement In New York.

## NOW ON DECK IN 33 STATES

It Believes In the Open Church As Against the Open Saloon.

## OUR GOD IS THE LEADER

[N. Y. Christian Herald.]  
By Rev. Norman Plass, Superintendent New York District.

Seven years have elapsed since the Anti-Saloon League was organized, and it is now in active operation in 35 states. It has achieved great success in these seven years. Its leaders include nearly 200 men, who resigned successful and influential pastorates to devote themselves exclusively to the work. At the outset of their campaign in New York state the league leaders said:

"Give us two years in which to agitate and organize, and then for the fight!"

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### THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Jan. 8.  
WHEAT—No. 2 red, 72c/73c.  
CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, new, 41c/42c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 42c/44c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 30c/30c; No. 2 white, 29c/29c; extra No. 3 white, 28c/28c; regular No. 3, 27c/28c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$15.25c/15.50c; No. 2 do., \$14.25c/14.75c; No. 1 clover mixed hay, \$13.50c/14.25c; No. 1 clover hay, \$13.75c/14.00c; No. 1 prairie hay, \$11.50c/12.00c.

BUTTER—Plain prints, 27c/28c; tubs, 26c/27c; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamy, 24c/24c; dairy butter, 21c/22c; country roll, 18c/19c; cooking butter, 15c/16c.

Eggs—Guaranteed stock, 23c/27c; fresh, candied, 25c/26c; storage, candied, 21c/22c.

CHEESE—Ohio, three-fourths cream, 11c/11c; New York state brand, 12c/14c; Hulmeberger, new, 13c/13c; Wisconsin brick Swiss, 14c/15c; Wisconsin ring Swiss, 15c/15c; brick, five-pound average, 14c/14c.

POULTRY—Live—Sparrows, 8c/9c; hens, 7c/8c; roosters, 5c/6c; turkeys, 8c/10c; ducks, 9c/10c; geese, 75c/81.25 per pair.

Dressed—Sparrows, 13c/14c; hens, 11c/12c; roosters, 8c/10c; turkeys, 13c/14c; ducks, 13c/14c; geese, 75c/81.25 per pound.

GAME—Rabbits, 25c/30c a pair.

Pittsburg, Jan. 8.  
CATTLE—Receipts were light; market steady. We quote as follows: Extra

heavy, \$5.50c/5.70c; prime, \$5.15c/5.35c; good, \$4.60c/4.90c; good grass eat, \$4.70c/5.00c.

tidy, \$4.15c/4.35c; common, \$3.00c/3.75c; heifers, \$3.00c/4.25c; oxen, \$2.50c/4.50c; bulls and steags, \$2.75c/4.25c; common to good cows, \$2.25c/4.00c; good fresh cows, \$2.50c/5.00c.

HOGS—Receipts light; market active. Sales were: Prime, medium and best

Yorkers, \$5.50c/5.55c; heavy hogs, \$5.45c/5.50c; pigs, as to quality, \$5.30c/5.40c; roungh, \$3.75c/5.00c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair and market steady. We quote as follows: Choice wethers, \$4.25c/4.50c; good, \$4.00c/4.25c; fair mixed, \$3.40c/3.80c; common, \$1.50c/2.50c; choice lambs, \$3.50c/4.10c; common to good lambs, \$1.60c/2.75c; veal calves, \$7.25c/7.75c; heavy and thin, \$4.00c/5.00c.

New York, Jan. 8.  
WHEAT—Spot market steady; No. 2 red, 82c/84c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 81c/84c in elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 87c/88c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 92c/94c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 46c/48c in elevator and 47c/49c f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—Spot market dull; No. 2, 30c/32c; No. 3, 29c/30c; No. 2 white, 32c/34c; No. 3 white, 32c/34c; track mixed western, 29c/31c; track white, 31c/33c.

CATTLE—Feeling a trifle firm. Cables steady.



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287 East Market St.

Both Phones No. 120.

ADVERTISE in the News Review. Best results.

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LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY

Published Daily Except Sunday by  
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY,  
HARRY PALMER,  
Manager and Proprietor.

(Entered as second-class matter at the  
East Liverpool, Ohio, postoffice.)

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
(Postage free in United States and  
Canada.)

One year in advance \$5 00  
Three months 1 25  
By the week 10

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1901.



## THE BLEEDER.

Keep your eye on him, ye aspiring politicians of Columbian county. The Bleeder is still in the market. There are several of him now. He is employing lieutenants to do his nasty work. Watch him. The only safe way is to give the Bleeder the cold shoulder. Don't let any ward heeler or political bum reach the contents of your wallet. The occupation of the bummer and ward heeler has gone by in old Columbian.

## BUSINESS VS. CRIME.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage says: "The great foe to business is crime." This great preacher never spoke a greater truth. And the newspaper or journal which caters to crime, sin, saloon, distillery, brewery, brothel or lawlessness, is an aider and abettor; and the business man who caters to such an element is helping to tear down and destroy legitimate business, and his own good common sense will compel him to acknowledge the fact.

## ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE.

Read the article in another part of today's issue of the News Review headed "the Great Anti-Saloon League." It will show you how the league is officered and led, and will convince you that it is a mighty power for good, recognizing the divine being as the one great head under which to organize and do battle. The un-American saloon is an unholy, unjust and unclean thing, a constant menace against the peace and prosperity of any nation, of any people, and the verdict of all good and true men is that the saloon must die. A mighty public sentiment is being aroused all over the nation against the saloon and the liquor traffic; a sentiment which will not be forced to the rear, nor accept defeat, and which will, under God's blessing, do battle unceasing until the victory is won. God speed the day.

## THE CHRISTIAN HERALD.

The Christian Herald of New York is, under God, a mighty lever for good. It is a helper in any and every good cause. Wherever sin erects its hideous head, the Herald makes a doughty and trenchant blow at the ugly cranium with a mighty club called "clean life," "righteousness," or "law enforcement;" and if this stroke does not prove efficacious, a still more powerful weapon is used; and, with deep reverence, you can name this latter weapon "the Wrath of God." The Herald, under God, has done mighty missionary work in starving India; and, please God, she will yet do mighty work for this rum soaked and saloon cursed United States of America. And may God speed the day. Take the New York Christian Herald into your homes. It will do you great good.

## MARK HIM.

Yes, mark him well, as we may be compelled to unmask him, and the process will be decidedly unpleasant to him. He has stated that the News Review is an unfair and a non-union office; and he has one or two dirty followers, like unto himself, who have tried to convince aspiring politicians that they will injure their chance for nomination by Republican voters if they get their tickets printed at the News Review office. Unfortunately for the leader in the dirty work, and absolutely untruthful statement, he has, by a flagrant act of dishonesty and misrepresentation, placed himself outside the pale occupied by honest and honorable men, and has been fully but quietly exposed in political circles, until his reputation and influence does not amount to a baubee. We will have nothing further to say, at present, respecting this unfortunate fellow, but will remember him at the proper time. And now to the facts in the case, in order to place ourselves right among our friends:

The News Review is a full union office, in every particular, as per the decision of the Trades Council of the city of East Liverpool, which is the controlling body in all such emergencies. Further, as per the decision of the Trades Council, the use of the label of Typographical union No. 318 is all that is necessary in order to constitute any printing office, job or newspaper, a full union office in this city. And still further; if the body known as Typographical union No. 318 has the power to act in this case, as we understand that it has, and refuses to grant to the News Review the right to use both labels, that of the Typographical union and of the pressmen's union, (the latter having no union here, but acting under the Pittsburgh, Pa., branch) then the said body becomes guilty of unjust and illegal discrimination against this office, and we can demonstrate the truth of this statement before the international body or head, where the matter will be finally carried in case of necessity. Further, we can and will demonstrate the fact that this trouble was engineered and brought about by a man who has deliberately broken, knowingly and wittingly, one of the essential and binding rules controlling the union to which he belongs; and in so doing has placed himself outside the pale of unionism. And, finally, we stand by our flag of unionism, and defy successful contradiction at the hands of any man or body of men. The News Review office is a union office, all the way through, and we can prove this statement in any union in the land, and are ready to do so at any hour or moment. The public loves fair play, and it will demand that we shall have it.

Ladies' shoes. Prices away down.  
FRAZIER'S SHOE PARLOR,  
167 Fifth Street.

## To a Hospital.

Fred Marsh, who fell through a trestle at Industry several weeks ago and sustained a broken leg, was taken to Pittsburgh on the noon train by J. W. Albright.

## Read the News Review.

## Buy Columbus Butterine

Strictly high grade goods, churned especially for our trade, and sold by no others. Do not be misled by dealers who say that they have the same goods. See that the name is stamped on each roll, also on the wrapper.

Fresh dressed turkeys, chickens and ducks. Special attention given to receiving and delivering orders.

A. E. McLEAN,  
Both Phones 205, Quick Deliver

243 Fifth St.

## COUNCIL MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT

A Number of Minor Matters Were  
Acted on By the City  
Fathers.

## VEHICLE ORDINANCE UP AGAIN

Nice objected and as it took  
Seven Members To Pass  
It Was

## LAID OVER FOR TWO WEEKS

Council met at 8:05 last night and adjourned at 10:30. Messrs. Cripps, Arnold and Fisher were absent.

The ordinance changing the names of certain streets was referred to the ordinance committee.

The Fourth street assessment ordinance was passed.

The finance committee will look over that old bill of the ice company.

A plat of the Columbian park lands was referred to the street committee.

W. L. Chamberlain reported that Calcutta road residents were opposed to making a 12-foot cut on the street until they knew what the improvements made had cost. President Marshall explained the assessments according to benefits and after a long talk the street commissioner was ordered to remove the fence at the Stewart residence.

Smith called attention to the fact that the sidewalk on Calcutta road at the Burlingame property should be repaired.

The ordinance to license vehicles was placed on its second reading.

A slight revision had been made in the rates. Nice said he could see no justice in an ordinance that didn't license the teams of a boss potter and made a poor man with a "\$1 50 horse and a 40 cent wagon" pay it.

W. K. Gaston's bill for \$195 50, A. H. Clark's for \$100 were placed on the pay roll.

The Reserve Foundry and Machine company was given \$250 on account.

The balance, or \$31,000 refunded water works bonds, are coming in and the clerk and mayor were authorized to borrow \$20,000.

Property owners on the east end of Rural lane objected to paying assessments of \$1 51 1-3 per foot front instead of \$1 40, and say that inasmuch as two resolutions were passed the west end of the alley should be a separate improvement. They also object to paying \$24 for the inspection of the street where the city pays Inspector Harris \$60 per month. No action was taken by council, but the property owners won't pay their assessments.

S. R. Dixson and Matthew Andrews donated a boulevard to the city.

Attorney W. H. Vodrey called up the matter of right of way through the lands of O. C. Vodrey and the Globe pottery on Pennsylvania avenue and a committee will look after it.

## POLICE NEWS.

MATTHEWS PAID \$14 60 FOR  
FRIGHTENING LADIES.

One of the Small Boys Who Stole  
Grapes is Now in  
Custody.

When given a hearing yesterday Tom Matthews was fined \$14 60, which he paid and was released.

Joseph Bentley, the Wellsville colored man who took on a few too many Monday night, was arraigned yesterday and fined \$5 60, which he paid.

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## EAST END.

### VERY INTERESTING

Was the Sermon of Rev. Grimes at the Second U. P. Church Last Night.

"The Christian's Lamp" was the subject of Rev. Grimes' discourse at the Second U. P. church last night, and proved very interesting.

The gentleman took for his text, "Thy word is a lamp to my feet and a light to my path." In part he said:

"As we read the bible we are impressed by the familiar character of its illustrations. The sacred writers chose from the life about them scenes and incidents which were familiar then and are familiar today. This text is one of these familiar metaphors. Notice that the psalmist says, 'thy word.' He evidently did not reflect any part of the word. He says a lamp to my feet. Too many people read the bible as a book for their neighbors.

"The bible is a signal lamp. It signals danger. It is the danger signal which God has set up at every cross road leading into sin, that men may take warning and deliver their souls. It signals hope; to the sinner who is doomed it says, God gave His only son that whosoever believeth should not perish. To the believer who is in straits, 'Fear not, I am with thee.'

"It signals safety to the children of God. There are perilous places in life. When the believer comes to any such places let him look for the signal lamp of God's word. He will see it shining bright and clear, signaling be not afraid, all will be well."

### HAS MEASLES.

Owing to the Illness of the Pastor the Meetings Will be Discontinued.

Rev. G. W. Orcutt is confined to his home with an attack of measles, and the protracted meetings, which have been in progress at the Second Methodist Episcopal church, will close with the prayer meeting services tonight.

The reverend gentleman is having considerable more than his share of sickness recently and has just recovered from an attack of chicken pox.

The discontinuing of the revival services is a great disappointment to those in charge, as much good was being accomplished.

### THE NEW MAN.

John Kline Has Been Appointed to Fill the Vacancy in the Street Force.

The new assistant commissioner entered upon his duties at the East End this morning.

It was not anticipated that any trouble would be experienced in securing a man for the place, and when the street committee was ready they made the appointment.

The new man is John Kline, and as he has had considerable experience, it is thought his work will be most satisfactory.

### FROM BOX 12.

Captain Terrence Made a Run to the Harker Pottery Last Night.

When the alarm was sent in to the department at central station last night the register showed that it came from box 12. This box is located at Harker's pottery and when the parties in charge of station No. 2 learned this a run was made to that place. Not finding anything wrong they returned to East End, and it was afterward learned that the fire was at the plant of the Potters Supply company.

#### East End Notes.

Harry Herbert is ill at his home on Elmwood avenue.

Mrs. Charles Hoyt, of Atwater, is a

guest of the family of Joseph Deacon, Erie street.

Dr. S. Pearsall, of West Bridgewater, is visiting at the home of Dr. Marshall, Mulberry street.

### PERSONAL NEWS

#### Paragraphs About People Coming And Going And Those Who Are Sick.

—A. W. Scott spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—F. E. Oyster spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—J. H. Maxwell spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—John Sant left this morning for Tiltonville.

—Walter B. Hill spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—W. L. Thompson was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Russell Heddleston spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—Richard Thompson spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—John W. Scott was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Rev. Edwin Weary was a Rochester visitor today.

—Ed Hassey was a Beaver Falls visitor yesterday.

—J. R. Warner left yesterday afternoon for Chicago.

—Frank Lowe left this morning for a business trip to Salem.

—Miss Bessie Rogers, of Salineville, arrived in the city yesterday.

—W. H. Frasier left this morning for a business trip to Sharon, Pa.

—Miss Pearl Swan left yesterday afternoon for a visit at Canton.

—W. H. Romeo left this morning for a business trip to Grand Rapids, Mich.

—Miss Laura Bassing, of Fourth street, left yesterday for a visit at Beaver.

—Harry Hall, of Fourth street, left yesterday afternoon for a visit at Cleveland.

—Rev. David Livingston, of Columbus, is in the city the guest of Dr. J. C. Taggart, East Market street.

—Daniel Smith, of Inverness, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Williams, College street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Flowers returned to the city yesterday afternoon after a week's visit at Cadiz and Canal Dover.

—James Hassey, of Cleveland, who has been the guest of his son Ed for four weeks, left yesterday for a visit at Salem.

—Mrs. John McAllister left yesterday afternoon for Salineville, being called there by the illness of her mother.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Myers, of Kensington, arrived in the city yesterday and are the guests of their son, Louis Myers, West End.

—J. D. West, who has been confined to his home on Robinson street for the past five weeks with pneumonia, is again able to be out.

—Miss Bert Cunningham, of Wellsville, left this city today for Chicago, where she will make her home in the future after a visit with friends in this city.

—Frank Geon left yesterday afternoon for Cleveland, where he will resume his studies at the Western Reserve college after spending his vacation in this city.

#### Tennyson and Sightseers.

Tennyson's well known aversion to sightseers and their ways gave rise to many an odd experience. Once, it is said, he complained to Queen Victoria, saying that he could no longer stay in the Isle of Wight owing to the tourists who came to stare at him.

The queen, with a kindly irony, said that she herself did not suffer much from that grievance. But Tennyson, taking her literally, replied in the same strain.

"No, madam," said he, "and if I could clap a sentinel whenever I liked I should not be troubled either."

Mrs. Enpeck—You let people domineer over you too much, Henry. You should learn to say "no" occasionally.

Mr. Enpeck—Yes; that's right, and I wish to goodness you had said it on a certain occasion.—Chicago News.

## SOUTH SIDE.

#### Bought a Gas Well.

It is reported in Chester today that the C. A. Hecks & Co gas well, situated on the H. G. Mercer farm, south of town, has been sold to a Wheeling firm.

It is also stated that one of the companies will shortly put down wells on the Williams farm nearby, and that extensive operations will be made in that field within the next few months.

#### They Will be Married.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Allison, south of town, at 4 o'clock tomorrow will be solemnized the marriage of Thomas Fowler and Miss Bertha Allison.

The young couple are well and favorably known in this community, where they will make their future home.

#### Slightly Improved.

John M. Cunningham, who has been suffering for some time with an abscess on the right side of his face, is slightly improved.

Dr. Lewis this morning operated upon the abscess, which left Mr. Cunningham in a very weakened condition.

#### Met With an Accident.

Clare, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Finley, fell on a large piece of coal yesterday at its home on First street, and sustained a bad gash in the forehead. The wound was dressed and the little one is resting easy today.

#### The Last Session.

The last session of the farmer's institute was held yesterday afternoon. Samuel Webb was elected president for the coming year, and arrangements were made for the annual meeting next year.

#### McDaniel is Better.

Curtis McDaniel, who was injured in the explosion at the works of the Potters Supply company last evening, is some better today, although he suffered a great deal from the burns on his hands and face.

#### Southside Notes.

Wilmer ("Katie") Allison, who has been confined to his home in the country with measles, has so far recovered as to be able to return to work in the pottery.

Dr. Donahue, of Southside, is a Chester visitor today.

Harry Stewart and family, who have been visiting relatives at Gas Valley for several days, have returned home.

The Protected Home Circle, at their regular meeting last evening, initiated four new candidates.

Miss Anna Mulady is confined to her home by illness. There is no school in the department presided over by the lady in consequence.

H. B. Luntz, of Steubenville, was arrested by Chief Thompson this morning for fast driving on the bridge. He put up security for his appearance this evening.

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#### The Young Men of Today.

The young men of today are too finicky—too much given to self analysis, too self pampering. Their shoes and neckties cost more each year than did the entire wardrobe of their grandfathers. They feel a sense of degradation in small beginnings and plodding, and they wait for success ready made to come to them. There is not a young man in the country who would imitate Ben Franklin and march through the streets munching a loaf of bread while looking for employment. He dare not, indeed, because society has become also finicky, and he would be arrested as a tramp. The young man of today wants capital. He cannot be president of a bank or judge of a court the first week he is from school, and he feels, like the famous Eli Pussley, that he has "no chance."—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

## ELIJAH W. HILL,

### Real Estate Dealer,

Second Floor Grand Building, Corner Sixth and Washington.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

### LIST NO. 8.

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3 miles from East Liverpool—2 miles from Wellsville—20 acres of land, all tillable; well watered; surface level; soil rich, sandy loam; suitable for gardening, chicken raising, truck farming, etc. Inquire for particulars and price.

Beaver Co., Pa.—15 miles from East Liverpool via Chester and Harshawville; 155 acres, 100 acres tillable; 50 acres in timber; balance in orchard of peaches, apples, plums, grapes, etc., well watered; suitable for general farming; 4-room new house, good frame stable; spring house; wagon shed, etc. Will sell in whole or part, cash or time. Will trade for town properties. Inquire for further particulars and prices.

Wellsville, O.—In suburbs—10 1/2 acres of land; 3 veins of coal; flag and sand stone quarries opened; 60 apple, 100 peach, 75 quince and some pear trees, all bearing. A good 4-room house. All in good order. Price \$2,900.

Hancock Co., W. Va., 3 miles from river near Fairview—166 acres, 80 acres cleared, balance in timber, underlaid with coal, with mine opened. Farm is well watered; near to church and school. Will trade for town properties or sell on time or for cash. Price \$22 per acre.

Salineville—2 miles northeast—159 acres, nearly all tillable; good orchard and berry patches; underlaid with coal and minerals. An 8-room 2-story slate roof dwelling; an 8-stall barn. A bargain. Owner a townsman, tired of farming. Price \$3,500.

Smith's Ferry, Pa.—(2 miles north)—10 acres, all tillable; well watered; 100 fruit trees, all bearing; producing oil flax surrounding; a 5-room dwelling and a bank barn. Price upon inquiry.

Wellsville, O.—(5 miles north)—163 acre farm; level and well watered; orchards, dwelling, barns, etc. Suitable for general farming. Inquire for price.

Hancock Co., W. Va.—1 mile back of Rock Springs Park—75 acres; 20 acres in timber; orchards and usual fruit bearers. Land is excellent; 5-room dwelling and barn. This is a chance for an investor who looks to the future. Price \$3,500.

Hancock Co., W. Va.—5 miles from East Liverpool, 5 miles from Wellsville—125 acres, nearly all tillable; about 4 acres in timber; well fenced and well kept; apples, pears, quinces and other fruits; plenty of water; near school and church. An unusually good dwelling of 7 rooms and good bank barn. Will trade for city property. Call for price and particulars.

Do not think this is all the properties we have for sale. Five large lists have preceded this, of which you can obtain copies by calling at our office. Further, there are many properties we have for sale that we do not advertise. Of these you can learn at office.

Many of the above properties can be bought on easy terms. In no case more than one-third cash is required. To specify in each case the terms would require too much space. Inquire of us for full particulars. Like all dealers, we are anxious to display "our goods," and hence be perfectly free to ask us anything you wish to know.

Office open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

#### Made Up For Lost Time.

When President Kruger sailed for England some years ago, he was the object of much concern to his fellow passengers on board the liner from Cape Town, many of whom were consumed with curiosity when they noticed his absence from the dinner table for the first four days out.

On inquiry they found that the careful Transvaaler spent the dinner hour on deck, where he ate biltong and biscuits. When asked his reason, he testily replied, "I have no money to fool away on expensive eating, like you Englishmen."

The correspondent who tells the story and who was on board at the time adds, "You should have seen the old man trying to make up for lost time

when it was explained to him that his passage money included his meals on board."

#### A Skeleton In Every Closet.

The expression "There is a skeleton in every closet" is said to have its origin in the fact that a soldier once wrote to his mother, who complained of her unhappiness, to have some sewing done for him by some one who had no cares or troubles. At last the mother found a woman who seemed to have no troubles, but when she told her business the woman took her to a closet containing a skeleton and said: "Madam, I try to keep my troubles to myself, but every night I am compelled by my husband to kiss this skeleton, who was once his rival. Think you, then, I can be happy?"

# CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE

Shown In Management of Rochester, N. Y., Asylum.

## THE DEAD VICTIMS NUMBER 28.

Twelve Others More or Less Seriously Injured in the Fire in an Orphan Asylum—Thought to Have Been Caused by Natural Gas Explosion.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 9.—There was a joint meeting of the managers and trustees of the Rochester orphan asylum in City Assessor Pond's office. The meeting was hurriedly called, but the assessor's large room was filled to the doors with members of the board and those interested in the institution. While all sorts of excuses were put forward as to the cause of the disaster there was unanimity in conceding that the managers had been derelict in that there had not been a better and more complete system of fire escapes provided. One, Thomas C. Montgomery, frankly expressed the opinion that the managers had been negligent in that they did not employ a night watchman at the asylum and that they had not had the building patrolled nightly.

Twenty-eight dead bodies lie at the morgue and 12 others, more or less seriously injured, were at the different hospitals in the city as a result of the terrible holocaust. Of the dead, 26 were children of both sexes, ranging in age from 2 to 14 years, while the remaining two were adults. The fire was probably caused by an explosion of natural gas in the boiler room, adjoining the west wing of the asylum, and spread so rapidly that many of the 109 inmates of the institution were overcome by the flames and smoke almost without warning. A corrected and revised list of the dead follows:

Arthur Kelly.  
Gladys Hill.  
Gertrude Toner.  
Bertha Hall.  
Viola Stuck.  
Lillian Stone.  
Mildred Slocum.  
Mary Alexander.  
Helen Hamilton.  
Hazel Murray.  
Minnie Tiffany.  
Myrtle Patterson.  
Isabell Marthage.  
Gertrude McCaw.  
Marion McCaw.  
Loreo Owen.  
Charlie Benham.  
Rhea Conwell.  
Bertha Potter.  
Mildred Wright, colored.  
Minnie Skinner.  
Mary Kane.  
Cora Potter.  
Charlotte Bryant.  
Beachell Carey.  
Evangeline Carey.  
Mrs. Maria Gordon, the cook of the asylum.  
Mrs. Martha Gillis, a nurse.  
The seriously injured:

Miss Isabelle Lawson, nurse, badly burned about arms and body; condition serious.

Ellen Delmore, nurse, badly burned on face and back; recovery doubtful.

Fred Potter, badly burned; may die.

Kate Cotterill, aged 16, leg broken.

Blanche Anderson, aged 7, colored, severely burned.

Maurice Keating, fireman, hand injured.

Mrs. Amelia Cline, nurse, burned and leg broken.

Mary Braida, nurse, badly burned; recovery doubtful.

Frances M. Hibbard, nurse, severely burned; will recover.

Minnie Conklin, nurse, burned.

Frances Edwards, an attendant, severely burned.

John Carr, aged 3, suffocated; recovery doubtful.

Captain William Croegan, of hose company No. 3, prostrated by inhalation smoke; will probably recover.

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A List Sent by General MacArthur From the Philippines—Some Expired From Dysentery.

Washington, Jan. 9.—General MacArthur transmitted a list of deaths in the Philippines to the war department, containing the following:

Dysentery—Dec. 1, Co. B, 34th L., Frank B. Huff; Dec. 15, Co. I, 18th L., Fred J. Wilson; Dec. 25, Co. F, 25th L., Samuel A. Nelson; Dec. 19, Co. I, 16th L., George W. Elder; Jan. 3, Co. D, 46th L., Hans Gofford; Dec. 29, Troop M, 3d C., George T. Butler.

Malarial fever—Jan. 1, Co. K, 37th L., Patrick W. Fitzgerald; Dec. 26, Co. I, 36th L., Allen Westfall; Dec. 26, Co. D, 25th L., Lawrence T. Grey.

All other causes—Nov. 27, 22d L., unassigned recruit, Charles G. Neizer; Dec. 21, Co. G, 31st L., Daniel F. Griffen; Jan. 3, Co. F, 21st L., Thomas Denton; Dec. 30, 12th L., unassigned recruit, George W. Whalen; Dec. 29, Co. C, 12th L., Rutledge Herdon; Dec. 30, Co. D, 34th L., Dell W. Barnard; Dec. 28, Co. H, 37th L., First Sergeant Robert Anderson; Dec. 24, Co. L, 36th L., Joe Sommers; Dec. 29, Co. F, 4th L., Louis F. Silver; Dec. 7, Co. B, 31st L., Christian F. Keyser; Jan. 3, —, Sergeant John Goffey.

## TWELVE DEAD SOLDIERS.

Their Remains Arrived on the Transport Sherman—Some Died at Sea.

Washington, Jan. 9.—General Shafter informed the war department that the transport Sherman, which arrived at San Francisco, had on board 431 sick soldiers, six insane soldiers, 42 prisoners and 12 remains of deceased soldiers. The following died at sea:

Musician Nelson Brembercy, E. 20th, chronic dysentery, Jan. 1; Private Matthew J. Comisky, M. 17th, pulmonary tuberculosis, Dec. 24; Axell Johnson, K. 20th, chronic dysentery, Dec. 30; William Hart and John H. Chambers, A. 36th, chronic dysentery, Dec. 18 and 28, respectively; Charles O. Hall, N. 42d L., pulmonary chorioretinitis, Dec. 27.

## BROKE BRETH'S HEALTH.

His Father Attributed It to Hazing John Told Brother of Once Having to Be Revived.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9.—The congressional committee which is investigating the hazing of fourth class cadets at West Point military academy resumed the taking of testimony. Harry Breth, of Altoona, an older brother of John Breth, whose death is also under investigation, told of a visit he and his sister paid his brother at West Point in August, 1897, a few months after his admission to the academy. John said he had been exercised until he was rendered unconscious and was revived with whisky. Harry said that hazing had become so severe that extra guards had been put on duty and John said that such a proceeding was unusual. When the cadet returned home after having been found deficient in certain studies in 1898 he seemed unwell and never was in good health after that.

Lucien Alexander, secretary of the board of examiners for the admission of law students to the Philadelphia bar, who on Monday refused to give the result of Oscar Booz's examination on the ground that he would be in contempt of the courts under a rule of the court, said he had applied to the court of common pleas and had been granted a rule permitting him to make answer. He then testified that Oscar Booz failed in the examination, he having a general average of 50. Mr. Alexander said he attributed his bad showing to Booz's poor eyesight.

Harry Breth was again called and he submitted three letters written by his brother while he was a cadet at West Point. In one letter John told of having received a large number of demerits. This, he said, was not the result of carelessness, as the rules were very strict. He had little time to keep his belongings in proper order, as he was compelled to neglect his duties by reason of his having to attend soirees, which was one of the forms of hazing in vogue at the academy.

Another letter stated that one night "some of the worst fellows in C company" took John and three others to a tent and forced them to undergo excessive exercise. John was made to "brace," "eagle," "wooden Willie," put on a rain coat and with a cape covering his head, hold out dumb bells.

Mr. Breth, the father of John, said it was his firm conviction that the excessive hazing his son underwent made him chronically nervous, broke his health and reduced his vitality to such an extent that the young man was unable to fight the typhoid germs.

George L. Smith, of this city, who was at West Point from June, 1886, to June, 1887, described the hazing as he knew it at that time. Wesley Merritt was then the superintendent and he was very strict, more so, he thought, than the succeeding superintendents. There was no brutal or exhausting hazing while he was at the academy.

The committee then adjourned to meet at West Point today.

## Secretary Bay Was Still Ill.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Secretary Bay was still ailing Tuesday with the cold which has affected him of late, and remained away from the state department.

## A \$12,000,000 PLANT.

### Carnegie to Build One at Conneaut Harbor.

### TO MANUFACTURE TUBES AND PIPES

Official Announcement Made That It Will Be the Largest Plant of the Kind in the World—Believed It Will Be a Severe Blow to Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—Official announcement was made last evening by the Carnegie Steel company that it intended erecting the largest and finest pipe and tube manufacturing plant in the world at a cost of \$12,000,000 on a 5,000 acre site at Conneaut harbor, the northern terminus of the Pittsburg, Bessemer and Lake Erie railroad. If this determination be carried into execution the two greatest combines of recent creation, with J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller and the Standard Oil company millions on the one hand, and Andrew Carnegie and his young partners on the other, may be brought into bitter competition.

The erection of such a plant on Lake Erie will be a severe blow to Pittsburg, and the announcement is regarded as warning to the railroad combination that high freight rates are becoming insurmountable barriers to the successful manufacture of iron and steel in Pittsburg in comparison with more favored spots.

The announcement is considered in some circles an invitation for more tonnage from the existing tube combine in addition to its warning to the railroads, as previous attempts to locate successful manufacturing plants on Lake Erie have been futile. The plain statement of President Charles M. Schwab, of the Carnegie company, however, would seem sufficient to the contrary.

The statement, which was authorized and in President Schwab's name, said in part:

"The company has purchased 5,000 acres of land immediately east of the Conneaut harbor docks and a large part of this vast tract will be utilized as a site for the tube works. It was the intention before the plans were commenced, a year ago, to locate the works upon the Monongahela river, but the enormous area of the proposed establishment made the original site impracticable.

"Options upon land on the Allegheny Valley railroad at Tarentum were then secured with the view of locating the works there. However, investigation proved that the drawbacks of this site were too numerous and difficult to overcome. The Tarentum land required a railroad to be built in order to connect with the Bessemer railroad, and to do this it was found that it would be necessary to move the tracks of the Allegheny Valley. The site is also comparatively small for the purpose intended and left no ground for future additions.

With the works established at Conneaut, it is the expectation to rush the shipments during the navigable months—April to December—and thus reduce transportation charges to not over one-third or even one-fourth of the rates now charged for rail shipment. The Bessemer railroad at present returns hundreds of empty cars daily to Conneaut, and with the works on the lake shore completed the road will have a back haul of coal and coke, the transportation of which will virtually cost nothing. It was desirable to utilize the full benefits of the Bessemer railroad, and the shipment of coal and coke will balance the traffic to some extent. From Conneaut water communication is sure to New York, Boston and other eastern ports via the Erie canal—soon to be enlarged—and the Welland canal; also the large cities on the great lakes, including Chicago, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Buffalo and other points.

Lake Erie will furnish an abundant water supply for the tube works—a very important consideration in locating a plant of the size proposed. The works will stretch over a mile of the lake front and will be the most extensive and complete plant of its kind in every branch ever built. It will include all essentials in the scale of pipe and tube manufacturing, from the ore to the finished product. The general system of operation will be continuous, the ore being unloaded from vessels at one end and worked through the successive stages of iron and steel making in a direct line to the finished pipe and tubing at the other end. Electric power will be principally employed for driving the machinery. The blast furnaces to be built will probably exceed in size and capacity the two great stacks now being finished by the Carnegie Steel

company at Rankin. The investment, exclusive of ground, will reach about \$12,000,000."

### BLOW AT SUNDAY BALL.

### Perpetual Order Enjoining Interstate League Manager, at Youngstown, O.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 9.—Judge Rogers granted a perpetual order enjoining Manager Finn, of the Interstate league club, from playing baseball in this city on Sunday. The case will be appealed to the higher courts by Finn's attorneys.

### MORMONS MORE BOLD.

Rev. George Bailey Said Polygamy Was Being Practiced—Minister After More Money for College.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—The Rev. George Bailey, of Salt Lake City, Utah, is in the city to remain a couple of months. He is pastor of the Westminster church, under the care of the Presbyterian general assembly, and has been released for three months to come to Pittsburg, especially in the interest of Sheldon Jackson college, of which General John M. Eaton is president. The Rev. Sheldon Jackson, commissioner of education for Alaska, has given the college \$50,000, and Mr. Bailey is attempting to raise enough money in Pittsburg to erect the building.

Mr. Bailey said that the Mormons were becoming bolder in the practice of polygamy and that even the apostles of the Mormon church lived in polygamous relations. He earnestly favors the passage of the bill now before congress, to submit the polygamy prohibition amendment to a vote of the people. Mr. Bailey thought that education will do much to enlighten the people and overthrow the Mormon church.

### PRESIDENT HAS THE GRIP.

Physician Quoted as Saying There Are No Complications.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Secretary Cortelyou said concerning the president's illness: "The president's cold has developed into a well defined case of grip. His physician states that there are no complications and that everything is progressing favorably. The disease must run its regular course, and the president, therefore, is not likely to be out of his room for some days."

### FIVE KNOWN TO BE DEAD.

Another Body May Have Been in the Wreck—Others Injured.

Morgantown, W. Va., Jan. 9.—An engine running light struck a freight train on the Monongahela River division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, at Anderson, and the collision resulted in the death of six or seven men and the serious injury of two others. The dead, so far as known, are:

William Bowman,  
John Devenny,  
Michael Dinoon,  
Parish King,  
Unknown tramp.

Another body is thought to be in the wreck. Two more are badly injured and may die. The dead men all belonged in Fairmont or that vicinity. All were railroad employees except the tramp, who was stealing a ride on the freight. It is supposed that a misunderstanding of orders was the cause of the accident.

The wreck occurred on a trestle, which was broken down and the track badly torn up.

### SEVERAL REBEL CAMPS CAPTURED.

Arrests of Suspected Insurgents in Manila and Vicinity.

Manila, Jan. 9.—Several insurgent camps were captured and destroyed recently in various districts of Luzon and Laroie. One camp was captured in the mountains of Marindique. A scouting party of the Forty-sixth regiment captured a score of ladores near Silang.

Arrests of suspected insurgents continued numerously in Manila and its vicinity.

Paterno and other influential independent radicals were seeking to develop the two factions of the Federal party. Paterno contended that, while the declared principles of the party will do for the present, eventually the Filipinos will seek fuller independence. Although he would not admit believing America's sovereignty is undesirable, he said he wanted the relations between the Philippines and the United States to be similar to those of Australia and Canada with Great Britain.

**DISCUSSED CANTEEN.**  
That and Post Exchanges Up for Consideration in the Senate.  
Washington, Jan. 9.—During the legislative session the senate had under consideration the much mooted canteen question in connection with the army reorganization bill. The senate committee in effect restored the provision for a post exchange, or canteen, which had been stricken out of the bill by the house. For nearly five hours the senate discussed the committee amendment.

Senators Gallinger, of New Hampshire, and Hansbrough, of North Dakota, vigorously opposed the amendment, and, in turn, it was quite as strenuously supported by Senators Sewell, of New Jersey; Hawley, of Connecticut; Money, of Mississippi, and Carter, of Montana.

**AGED LADY DIED.**  
Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—Mrs. Margaret Zollinger, aged 94—her birthday anniversary occurring last Sunday—died early Tuesday morning, at the home of her daughter in Brushton. A reunion of five generations of the family, which was to have been held Tuesday, was therefore abandoned.

**Lieutenant Smith Dead.**  
Washington, Jan. 9.—The war department was informed of the death at Manila of First Lieutenant Louis P. Smith, assistant surgeon, U. S. A. He was born in and appointed from the District of Columbia in November, 1896.

**Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.**  
**Pennsylvania Lines.**  
Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:09	3:16	3:39	4:01
AM	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh	15	20	11:30	4:45	11:00
Allegheny	15	20	11:35	4:50	11:09
Rochester	15	20	12:15	5:25	11:59
Beaver	15	20	12:25	5:35	12:59
Vanport	15	20	12:28	5:37	12:59
Industry	15	20	12:30	5:40	12:55
Cooks Ferry	15	20	12:37	5:47	12:55
Smiths Ferry	15	20	12:40	5:52	12:55
East Liverpool	15	20	12:45	5:57	12:56
Wellsburg	15	20	12:50	6:02	12:56
Wellsville	15	20	12:55	6:07	12:55
Wellsville Shop	15	20	12:55	6:12	12:55
Yellow Creek	15	20	12:55	6:15	12:55
Empire	15	20	12:55	6:20	12:55
Toronto	15	20	12:55	6:25	12:55
Stonewall	15	20	12:55	6:30	12:55
Braddock	15	20	12:55	6:35	12:55
Mingo	15	20	12:55	6	

# CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE

Shown In Management of Rochester, N. Y., Asylum.

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Isabell Marthage.  
Gertrude McCaw.  
Marion McCaw.  
Loreo Owen.  
Charlie Benham.  
Rhea Conwell.  
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Mildred Wright, colored.  
Minnie Skinner.  
Mary Kane.  
Cora Potter.  
Charlotte Bryant.  
Beachnell Carey.  
Evangeline Carey.  
Mrs. Maria Gordon, the cook of the asylum.  
Mrs. Martha Gillis, a nurse.

The seriously injured:  
Miss Isabelle Lawson, nurse, badly burned about arms and body; condition serious.  
Ellen Delmore, nurse, badly burned on face and back; recovery doubtful.  
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Kate Cotterill, aged 16, leg broken.  
Blanche Anderson, aged 7, colored, severely burned.  
Maurice Keating, fireman, hand injured.

Mrs. Amelia Cline, nurse, burned and leg broken.  
Mary Bradd, nurse, badly burned; recovery doubtful.  
Frances M. Hibbard, nurse, severely burned; will recover.  
Minnie Conklin, nurse, burned.  
Frances Edwards, an attendant, severely burned.  
John Carr, aged 3, suffocated; recovery doubtful.

Captain William Creegan, of hose Company No. 3, prostrated by inhalation smoke; will probably recover.

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Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—The Rev. George Bailey, of Salt Lake City, Utah, is in the city, to remain a couple of months. He is pastor of the Westminster church, under the care of the Presbyterian general assembly, and has been released for three months to come to Pittsburg, especially in the interest of Sheldon Jackson college, of which General John M. Eaton is president. The Rev. Sheldon Jackson, commissioner of education for Alaska, has given the college \$50,000, and Mr. Bailey is attempting to raise enough money in Pittsburg to erect the building.

Mr. Bailey said that the Mormons were becoming bolder in the practice of polygamy and that even the apostles of the Mormon church lived in polygamous relations. He earnestly favors the passage of the bill now before congress, to submit the polygamy prohibition amendment to a vote of the people. Mr. Bailey thought that education will do much to enlighten the people and overthrow the Mormon church.

## PRESIDENT HAS THE GRIP.

Physician Quoted as Saying There Are No Complications.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Secretary Cortelyou said concerning the president's illness: "The president's cold has developed into a well defined case of grip. His physician states that there are no complications and that everything is progressing favorably. The disease must run its regular course, and the president, therefore, is not likely to be out of his room for some days."

## FIVE KNOWN TO BE DEAD.

Another Body May Have Been In the Wreck—Others Injured.

Morgantown, W. Va., Jan. 9.—An engine running light struck a freight train on the Monongahela River division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, at Anderson, and the collision resulted in the death of six or seven men and the serious injury of two others. The dead, so far as known, are:

William Bowman.

John Devenny.

Michael Dinoon.

Parish King.

Unknown tramp.

Another body is thought to be in the wreck. Two more are badly injured and may die. The dead men all belonged in Fairmont or that vicinity. All were railroad employees except the tramp, who was stealing a ride on the freight. It is supposed that a misunderstanding of orders was the cause of the accident.

The wreck occurred on a trestle, which was broken down and the track badly torn up.

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Arrests of suspected insurgents continued numerously in Manila and its vicinity.

Paterno and other influential independent radicals were seeking to develop the two factions of the Federal party. Paterno contended that, while the declared principles of the party will do for the present, eventually the Filipinos will seek fuller independence. Although he would not admit believing America's sovereignty is undesirable, he said he wanted the relations between the Philippines and the United States to be similar to those of Australia and Canada with Great Britain.

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That and Post Exchanges Up For Consideration In the Senate.

Washington, Jan. 9.—During the legislative session the senate had under consideration the much mooted canteen question in connection with the army reorganization bill. The senate committee in effect restored the provision for a post exchange, or canteen, which had been stricken out of the bill by the house. For nearly five hours the senate discussed the committee amendment.

Senators Gallinger, of New Hampshire, and Hansbrough, of North Dakota, vigorously opposed the amendment, and, in turn, it was quite as strenuously supported by Senators Sewell, of New Jersey; Hawley, of Connecticut; Money, of Mississippi, and Carter, of Montana.

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Her Demise Prevented Reunion of Five Generations.

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## Lieutenant Smith Dead.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The war department was informed of the death at Manila of First Lieutenant Louis P. Smith, assistant surgeon, U. S. A. He was born in and appointed from the District of Columbia in November, 1896.

## Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

### Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

	5:35	3:00	3:61	3:02	3:39	3:01
Westward.	AM	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh	15:20	17:00	17:30	14:45	15:00	14:00
Allegheny	5:30	7:20	7:35	6:50	11:03	
Rochester	6:15	8:15	8:20	5:25	11:53	
Beaver	6:21	8:25	8:39	5:25	12:59	
Vinport	6:26	8:32	8:45	5:25	12:55	
Industry	6:36	8:40	9:37	5:30	12:55	
Cooks Ferry	6:37	8:42	8:39	5:25	12:56	
Smiths Ferry	6:48	8:52	8:47	2:40	12:26	
East Liverpool	7:05	9:06	9:06	2:50	13:42	3:36
Wellsville	7:18	9:20	9:20	3:02	6:28	3:50
Wellsville	7:25	9:20	9:20	3:10	6:53	
Wellsville Shop	7:30	9:25	9:25	3:10	6:55	
Yellow Creek	7:35	9:30	9:30	3:10	6:55	
Hammondsville	7:42	9:35	9:35	3:26	6:55	
Irondale	7:44	9:38	9:38	3:26	6:55	
Salineville	8:03	9:40	9:40	3:26	6:55	
Bayard	8:12	9:40	9:40	4:13	6:55	
Alliance	8:19	9:40	9:40	4:13	6:55	
Ravenna	8:30	9:40	9:40	4:40	6:55	
Hudson	8:32	9:40	9:40	5:16	6:55	
Cleveland	8:49	9:40	9:40	5:30	6:55	
Wellsville	9:25	11:16	9:20	3:15	6:55	6:10
Wellsville Shop	9:30	11:19	9:25	3:20	6:55	6:15
Yellow Creek	9:35	11:24	9:30	3:20	7:05	6:23
Empire	9:50	11:32	9:40	3:35	7:17	6:33
Toronto	9:52	11:42	9:50	3:47	7:27	6:45

# CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE

Shown In Management of Rochester, N. Y., Asylum.

## THE DEAD VICTIMS NUMBER 28.

Twelve Others More or Less Seriously Injured in the Fire in an Orphan Asylum—Thought to Have Been Caused by Natural Gas Explosion.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 9.—There was a joint meeting of the managers and trustees of the Rochester orphan asylum in City Assessor Pond's office. The meeting was hurriedly called, but the assessor's large room was filled to the doors with members of the board and those interested in the institution. While all sorts of excuses were put forward as to the cause of the disaster there was unanimity in conceding that the managers had been derelict in that there had not been a better and more complete system of fire escapes provided. One, Thomas C. Montgomery, frankly expressed the opinion that the managers had been negligent in that they did not employ a night watchman at the asylum and that they had not had the building patrolled nightly.

Twenty-eight dead bodies lie at the morgue and 12 others, more or less seriously injured, were at the different hospitals in the city as a result of the terrible holocaust. Of the dead, 26 were children of both sexes, ranging in age from 2 to 14 years, while the remaining two were adults. The fire was probably caused by an explosion of natural gas in the boiler room, adjoining the west wing of the asylum, and spread so rapidly that many of the 109 inmates of the institution were overcome by the flames and smoke almost without warning. A corrected and revised list of the dead follows:

Arthur Kelly.  
Gladys Hill.  
Gertrude Toner.  
Bertha Hall.  
Viola Stuck.  
Lillian Stone.  
Mildred Slocum.  
Mary Alexander.  
Helen Hamilton.  
Hazel Murray.  
Minnie Tiffany.  
Myrtle Patterson.  
Isabell Marthage.  
Gertrude McCaw.  
Marion McCaw.  
Loreo Owen.  
Charlie Benham.  
Rhea Conwell.  
Bertha Potter.  
Mildred Wright, colored.  
Minnie Skinner.  
Mary Kane.  
Cora Potter.  
Charlotte Bryant.  
Beachell Carey.  
Evangeline Carey.  
Mrs. Maria Gordon, the cook of the asylum.  
Mrs. Martha Gillis, a nurse.  
The seriously injured:  
Miss Isabelle Lawson, nurse, badly burned about arms and body; condition serious.

Ellen Delmore, nurse, badly burned on face and back; recovery doubtful.  
Fred Potter, badly burned; may die.

Kate Cotterill, aged 16, leg broken.  
Blanche Anderson, aged 7, colored, severely burned.

Maurice Keating, fireman, hand injured.

Mrs. Amelia Cline, nurse, burned and leg broken.

Mary Bradd, nurse, badly burned; recovery doubtful.

Frances M. Hibbard, nurse, severely burned; will recover.

Minnie Conklin, nurse, burned.

Frances Edwards, an attendant, severely burned.

John Carr, aged 3, suffocated; recovery doubtful.

Captain William Creegan, of hose Company No. 3, prostrated by inhalation of smoke; will probably recover.

## DEATHS OF SOLDIERS.

A List Sent by General MacArthur From the Philippines—Some Expired From Dysentery.

Washington, Jan. 9.—General MacArthur transmitted a list of deaths in the Philippines to the war department, containing the following:

Dysentery—Dec. 1, Co. B, 34th L. Frank B. Huff; Dec. 15, Co. I, 18th L. Fred J. Willson; Dec. 25, Co. F, 25th L. Samuel A. Nelson; Dec. 19, Co. I, 16th L. George W. Elder; Jan. 3, Co. D, 46th L. Hans Gofford; Dec. 29, Troop M, 3d C, George T. Butler.

Malaria fever—Jan. 1, Co. K, 37th L. Patrick W. Fitzgerald; Dec. 26, Co. I, 36th L. Allen Westfall; Dec. 26, Co. D, 25th L. Lawrence T. Grey.

All other causes—Nov. 27, 33rd L. unassigned recruit, Charles G. Neizer; Dec. 21, Co. G, 31st L. Daniel P. Griffen; Jan. 3, Co. F, 21st L. Thomas Denton; Dec. 30, 12th L. unassigned recruit, George W. Whalen; Dec. 29, Co. C, 12th L. Rutledge Herden; Dec. 30, Co. D, 34th L. Dell W. Barnard; Dec. 28, Co. H, 37th L. First Sergeant Robert Anderson; Dec. 24, Co. L, 36th L. Joe Sommers; Dec. 29, Co. F, 4th L. Louis F. Silver; Dec. 7, Co. B, 31st L. Christian E. Kuyser; Jan. 3, —, Sergeant John Goffey.

## TWELVE DEAD SOLDIERS.

Their Remains Arrived on the Transport Sherman—Some Died at Sea.

Washington, Jan. 9.—General Shafter informed the war department that the transport Sherman, which arrived at San Francisco, had on board 431 sick soldiers, six insane soldiers, 42 prisoners and 42 remains of deceased soldiers. The following died at sea:

Musician Nelson Brembercy, E. 30th, chronic dysentery, Jan. 1; Private Matthew J. Comisky, M. 17th, pulmonary tuberculosis, Dec. 24; Axell Johnson, K. 20th, chronic dysentery, Dec. 30; William Hart and John H. Chambers, A. 36th, chronic dysentery, Dec. 18 and 28, respectively; Charles O. Hall, N. 42d L, pulmonary tuberculosis, Dec. 27.

## BROKE BRETH'S HEALTH.

His Father Attributed It to Hazing  
John Told Brother of Once  
Having to Be Revived.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9.—The congressional committee which is investigating the hazing of fourth class cadets at West Point military academy resumed the taking of testimony. Harry Breth, of Altoona, an older brother of John Breth, whose death is also under investigation, told of a visit he and his sister paid his brother at West Point in August, 1897, a few months after his admission to the academy. John said he had been exercised until he was rendered unconscious and was revived with whisky. Harry said that hazing had become so severe that extra guards had been put on duty and John said that such a proceeding was unusual. When the cadet returned home after having been found deficient in certain studies in 1898 he seemed unwell and never was in good health after that.

Lucien Alexander, secretary of the board of examiners for the admission of law students to the Philadelphia bar, who on Monday refused to give the result of Oscar Booz's examination on the ground that he would be in contempt of the courts under a rule of the court, said he had applied to the court of common pleas and had been granted a rule permitting him to make answer. He then testified that Oscar Booz failed in the examination, he having a general average of 50. Mr. Alexander said he attributed his bad showing to Booz's poor eyesight.

Harry Breth was again called and he submitted three letters written by his brother while he was a cadet at West Point. In one letter John told of having received a large number of demerits. This, he said, was not the result of carelessness, as the rules were very strict. He had little time to keep his belongings in proper order, as he was compelled to neglect his duties by reason of his having to attend soirees, which was one of the forms of hazing in vogue at the academy.

Another letter stated that one night "some of the worst fellows in C company" took John and three others to a tent and forced them to undergo excessive exercise. John was made to "brace," "angle," "wooden Willie," put on a rain coat and with a cape covering his head, hold out dumbbells.

Mr. Breth, the father of John, said it was his firm conviction that the excessive hazing his son underwent made him chronically nervous, broke his health and reduced his vitality to such an extent that the young man was unable to fight the typhoid germs.

George L. Smith, of this city, who was at West Point from June, 1886, to June, 1887, described the hazing as he knew it at that time. Wesley Merritt was then the superintendent and he was very strict, more so, he thought, than the succeeding superintendents. There was no brutal or exhausting hazing while he was at the academy.

The committee then adjourned to meet at West Point today.

## Secretary Hay Was Still Ill.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Secretary Hay was still ailing Tuesday with the cold which has effected him of late, and remained away from the state department.

# A \$12,000,000 PLANT.

## Carnegie to Build One at Conneaut Harbor.

## TO MANUFACTURE TUBES AND PIPES

Official Announcement Made That It Will Be the Largest Plant of the Kind in the World—Believed It Will Be a Severe Blow to Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 9.—Official announcement was made last evening by the Carnegie Steel company that it intended erecting the largest and finest pipe and tube manufacturing plant in the world at a cost of \$12,000,000 on a 5,000 acre site at Conneaut harbor, the northern terminus of the Pittsburgh, Bessemer and Lake Erie railroad. If this determination be carried into execution the two greatest combines of recent creation, with J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller and the Standard Oil company millions on the one hand, and Andrew Carnegie and his young partners on the other, may be brought into bitter competition.

The erection of such a plant on Lake Erie will be a severe blow to Pittsburgh, and the announcement is regarded as warning to the railroad combination that high freight rates are becoming insurmountable barriers to the successful manufacture of iron and steel in Pittsburgh in comparison with more favored spots.

The announcement is considered in some circles an invitation for more tonnage from the existing tube combine in addition to its warning to the railroads, as previous attempts to locate successful manufacturing plants on Lake Erie have been futile. The plain statement of President Charles M. Schwab, of the Carnegie company, however, would seem sufficient to the contrary.

The statement, which was authorized and in President Schwab's name, said in part:

"The company has purchased 5,000 acres of land immediately east of the Conneaut harbor docks and a large part of this vast tract will be utilized as a site for the tube works. It was the intention before the plans were commenced, a year ago, to locate the works upon the Monongahela river, but the enormous area of the proposed establishment made the original site impracticable.

"Options upon land on the Allegheny Valley railroad at Tarentum were then secured with the view of locating the works there. However, investigation proved that the drawbacks of this site were too numerous and difficult to overcome. The Tarentum land required a railroad to be built in order to connect with the Bessemer railroad, and to do this it was found that it would be necessary to move the tracks of the Allegheny Valley. The site is also comparatively small for the purpose intended and left no ground for future additions.

With the works established at Conneaut, it is the expectation to rush the shipments during the navigable months—April to December—and thus reduce transportation charges to not over one-third or even one-fourth of the rates now charged for rail shipment.

The Bessemer railroad at present returns hundreds of empty cars daily to Conneaut, and with the works on the lake shore completed the road will have a back haul of coal and coke, the transportation of which will virtually cost nothing. It was desirable to utilize the full benefits of the Bessemer railroad, and the shipment of coal and coke will balance the traffic to some extent. From Conneaut water communication is sure to New York, Boston and other eastern ports via the Erie canal—soon to be enlarged—and the Welland canal; also the large cities on the great lakes, including Chicago, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Buffalo and other points.

Lake Erie will furnish an abundant water supply for the tube works—a very important consideration in locating a plant of the size proposed. The works will stretch over a mile of the lake front and will be the most extensive and complete plant of its kind in every branch ever built. It will include all essentials in the scale of pipe and tube manufacturing, from the ore to the finished product. The general system of operation will be continuous, the ore being unloaded from vessels at one end and worked through the successive stages of iron and steel making in a direct line to the finished pipe and tubing at the other end. Electric power will be principally employed for driving the machinery. The blast furnaces to be built will probably exceed in size and capacity the two great stacks now being finished by the Carnegie Steel Great Britain.

company at Rankin. The investment, exclusive of ground, will reach about \$12,000,000."

## BLOW AT SUNDAY BALL.

## Perpetual Order Enjoining Interstate League Manager, at Youngstown, O.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 9.—Judge Rogers granted a perpetual order enjoining Manager Finn, of the Interstate league club, from playing baseball in this city on Sunday. The case will be appealed to the higher courts by Finn's attorneys.

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Dark Face denotes 12 noon to midnight. Light Face, 12 midnight to 12 noon.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos.

301 and 302, and Parlor Cars on Nos.

316 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via

Yellow Creek and Alliance, **No. 326** connects

to Rooster for Newcastle, Jamestown, Connestown, N. J., Warren, Ashtabula, intermediate stations; **No. 340** for Erie, S. J. and intermediate stations; **No. 361** for

Wellsville, **No. 343** and **363** connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas branch.

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**No. 343** and **363** connect at Wellsville.

**E. A. FORD**, General Manager.

General Passenger Agent.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

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## HE WON IN A CANTER.

"LUCKY" BALDWIN MADE HIS JOCKEY RIDE SQUARE.

The Horseman Used an Argument That Made the Crooked Rider's Teeth Chatter While He Got Out All the Speed in the Animal.

In the lobby of a hotel the other evening a number of men were discussing sports and sporting men when the subject of nerve and grit came up. One of the party, a well known Californian, who knew "Lucky" Baldwin in the old days, said:

"Baldwin was about the hardest man to be chiseled out of anything he set his heart on getting that I ever met up with. A whole lot of people tried to put it on him in business and other sort of deals, but none of these ever succeeded in catching 'Lucky' Baldwin sufficiently asleep to make their plans stick."

"Horsemen still talk about a funny game in which Baldwin figured on one of the Chicago race tracks a number of years ago. Baldwin had brought his magnificent string of thoroughbreds to Chicago to make an effort to annex the swell stakes that were then on tap on the tracks in the windy town, and he got them home first or in the money in many of the biggest events. Well, he had one of his finest horses entered in a valuable long distance event, and Baldwin was particularly anxious to win this race, not so much for the purse end of it as for the glory of capturing the stake. His horse just about figured to win, too, and Baldwin intended to 'go down the line' on the animal's chances, not only at the track, but at all of the big poolrooms in the country. He stood to clean up considerably more than \$100,000 on the horse if the brute got under the wire first. Baldwin's regular stable jockey was taken sick on the morning of the race, and the old man had to hustle around for another boy to ride his horse in the big event. From another horseman he bought for a big round sum the release of a high grade rider, who was to have taken the mount on a thoroughbred that didn't figure to get near the money in the stake race. Baldwin gave the jockey his instructions as to the way he wanted the horse ridden, and then when the betting opened, his commissioners dumped Baldwin's money into the ring in such large quantities that the horse became an overwhelming favorite."

"A quarter of an hour before the horses were due to go to the post a well known bookmaker, to whom Baldwin had often exhibited kindness in less prosperous days, ran to where the old man was standing, chewing a straw, in his barn.

"Baldwin," said the bookie to the old man, "there's a job to beat you, and you're going to get beat. They wanted me to go in with 'em, but you've always been on the level with me, and I wouldn't stand for it. The ring has bought up your jock, and your horse is going to be snatched."

"Much obliged for telling me that," replied the old man. "I'll just make a stab to see that the boy doesn't do any snatching, though."

Baldwin borrowed another gun from one of his stable hands (in those days he always carried one of his own about as long as your arm), and with his artillery he strolled over the infield and took up his stand by the fence at the turn into the stretch. He hadn't mentioned to anybody what he was going to do, and the folks who saw the old man making for the stretch turn simply thought that Baldwin wanted to watch the race from that point of view. He did, for that matter, but he happened to have another end in view.

"Well, the horses got away from the post in an even bunch, and then Baldwin's horse went out to make the running. The jockey's idea was to race the horse's head off and then pull him in the stretch, making it appear as if the animal had tired. Baldwin had instructed the jock to play a waiting game and make his bid toward the finish. The horse simply outclassed his company, however, and he didn't show any indications of leg weariness whatever as he rounded the backstretch on the rail a couple of lengths in front of his field. Baldwin could see, however, that the crooked jock was sawing the horse's head off in his effort to take him back to the ruck. When the horses were still a hundred feet from him, Baldwin let out a yell to attract his jockey's attention, and then he flashed his two guns in the sunlight and bawled

ed at the jock:

"Leggo that horse's head, you monkey devil, and go on and win or I'll shoot you so full of holes that you won't hold molasses!"

The jock gave one look at those two guns that Baldwin was pointing straight at him. Then he gave Baldwin's horse his head, sat down to ride for all that was in him, and the horse under him cantered in ten lengths to the good on the bit. As long as 'Lucky' Baldwin was on the eastern turf after that no jockey ever tried to yank one of his horses."—Washington Post.

### DRESS AS WELL AS YOU CAN.

**It Is One's Duty to Present a Pleasing Appearance.**

This story is told in Denver of a man who was once a leading merchant there. In the early days of the city he walked its streets, out of work and money. He was poorly clad, but neat and clean. He sought employment from a prosperous grocer and said he was willing to do anything. The merchant at length sent him into his cellar to clean out a room so foully dirty that many a common laborer had refused to enter it. When the young man appeared in the evening, he was as neat in his appearance as he had been in the morning. Of course the merchant thought he had done little or nothing. But when he saw the cellar, clean and fresh, he said to the young man:

"You've not only shown that you are willing to work, but also that you have some respect for yourself. I guess I'll give you a job."

This young man, who in a few years became the head of the selfsame business, realized the important fact that the worker is often scrutinized as closely as his work.

It is a man's duty toward his fellow man to dress as well as he can afford to. Nowhere in nature does the poorly dressed man find any excuse for his lack. Even the lowest forms of animal and plant life are clothed in pleasing colors.

Reptiles crawl in richly mottled skins; beasts of burden and birds of prey are clad in fur and gay plumage. Trees blossom in wonderful foliage, and that most plebeian of vegetables, the onion, revels below the ground in colors that artists seek to imitate and above ground in a leafage and bloom, odd and beautiful.

Everywhere in nature beauty is combined with use. It remains for man, the highest and noblest specimen of the Creator's handiwork, to be the daub in the color scheme of the universe.—Weekly Bouquet.

### Giving Him a Rest.

The energy of one of the oldest inhabitants of a Massachusetts town is a byword among his neighbors and a trial to his grandchildren, who have not inherited their full share of his active temper.

His grandson John in particular suffers from the old man's untiring industry, for John is his assistant in the little grocery shop, where everything, from codfish to brooms, may be found. A purchaser of gingersnaps lingered one day to hear the noontime address delivered to poor John by his grandfather.

"Now, Johnny, I'm a-going home for my dinner," said the old man briskly, "and on the way I'll carry up these pails to Miss Manson and fetch back her kerosene can. I shall be gone up 'ards of half an hour. You'll have plenty of time to eat your luncheon, and while you're resting after that I wish you'd saw up that little mess of wood that lays out by the back door and split it up for stove kindling, for the weather's turning sharp a'ready."

"Most likely I'll be back 'fore you get out o' work, and anyways I don't want to keep you at it all the time, so if there's a few extra minutes jest set down and make out a bill or two. The fust of the month'll be upon us 'fore we know it!"—Youth's Companion.

### Helping the Enemy.

A coal heaver was getting in a load of coal in the suburbs of London. He was shoveling in the coals at a good rate when he was startled by a terrific yell from the house adjoining.

"Wot the dickens is the matter?" queried the coalman, starting up.

A disheveled looking individual made his appearance at the door.

"Matter, you thickhead!" shouted the man, frantically endeavoring to pull his hair up in clots by the roots, "you are putting the coal down the wrong hole. My wife's people live there!"—London Tit-Bits.

### WINGS.

The gods but half reluctantly Grant us the gift of song; Yet, tawny throat, they give to thee Pure notes and pinions strong.

To those blue words that arch above We look, aspire—and fail. Thou, thou dost mount the skies we love, The stars we never scale.

Thou knowest not, winged soul, the fires Of that old discord strange, The vast and infinite desires, The all too finite range.

So sing for us! Our throats are still, And song no solace brings— To whom the gods have given the will, But not, alas, the wings! —Arthur Stringer in Ainslee's Magazine.

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A young woman came in here the other day and asked for two pounds of veal cutlets. I showed her the loin I proposed to chop the cutlets from, and she remarked, "Yes; that's very nice, but isn't it rather thick to fry?"—Philadelphia Times.

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**SORE THROAT**  
And is Gargling With  
**TONSILINE**  
That's one way of using it.  
Take it, gargle it, spray it. TONSILINE never fails, as and go cents. All druggists.  
The Tonsilone Company, Canton, Ohio.

### A Misunderstanding.

Mr. G. W. Stevens in his book, "India," says that the first sight of that country is amazing and stupefying, because everything is so noticeable that you notice nothing. The common crows are blue, the oxen have humps. It is a new life in a new world. In describing the native life he gives this story of their indifference to punishment:

A simple royston the other day had said goodby to his relatives and was pinioned, when suddenly he was asked to speak again to his brother.

"Recollect," he said, "it's 20 kawa surs of barley that man owes me, not dawa surs," which are smaller. Then he turned and was hanged without moving a muscle.

Another man, a Pathan, was being hanged, when the rope broke. The warden bade him go up on to the scaffold again, but he objected.

"No," he said; "I was sentenced to be hanged, and hanged I've been!"

"Not so, friend," argued the warden. "You were sentenced to be hanged until you were dead, and you're not dead!"

It was a new view to the Pathan, and he turned to the superintendent, "Is that right, sahib?"

"Yes; that's right."

"Very well; I didn't understand." And he went composedly up the steps and was hanged again.

### Worshipping a Turtle.

At a place called Kotron, on the French Ivory Coast, the natives believe that to eat or destroy a turtle would mean death to the guilty one or sickness among the family. The fetish men, of which there are plenty, declare that years ago a man went to sea fishing. In the night his canoe was thrown upon the beach empty. Three days afterward a turtle came ashore at the same place with the man on its back alive and well. Since that time they have never eaten or destroyed one of that species, although they enjoy other species.

If one happens now to be washed ashore, there is a great commotion in the town. Firstly, the women sit down and start singing and beating sticks; next a small piece of white cloth (color must be white) is placed on the turtle's back. Food is then prepared and placed on the cloth, generally plantains, rice and palm oil. Then, amid a lot more singing, dancing and antics of the fetish people, it is carried back to the sea and goes on its way rejoicing.

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Have you thought of the many accidents which have occurred in our midst in the last few weeks? Have you been prudent and protected your family as well as your estate, with insurance against injury or loss of life? If not call at our office and secure a policy in one of the Strongest Companies in the land. The cost is but a trifle when you consider the protection.

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"Well, the horses got away from the post in an even bunch, and then Baldwin's horse went out to make the running. The jockey's idea was to race the horse's head off and then pull him in the stretch, making it appear as if the animal had tired. Baldwin had instructed the jock to play a waiting game and make his bid toward the finish. The horse simply outclassed his company, however, and he didn't show any indications of leg weariness whatever as he rounded the backstretch on the rail a couple of lengths in front of his field. Baldwin could see, however, that the crooked jock was sawing the horse's head off in his effort to take him back to the ruck. When the horses were still a hundred feet from him, Baldwin let out a yell to attract his jockey's attention, and then he flashed his two guns in the sunlight and bawled at the jock:

"Leggo that horse's head, you monkey devil, and go on and win or I'll shoot you so full of holes that you won't hold molasses!"

The jock gave one look at those two guns that Baldwin was pointing straight at him. Then he gave Baldwin's horse his head, sat down to ride for all that was in him, and the horse under him cantered in ten lengths to the good on the bit. As long as "Lucky" Baldwin was on the eastern turf after that no jockey ever tried to yank one of his horses."—Washington Post.

### DRESS AS WELL AS YOU CAN.

It is One's Duty to Present a Pleasing Appearance.

This story is told in Denver of a man who was once a leading merchant there. In the early days of the city he walked its streets, out of work and money. He was poorly clad, but neat and clean. He sought employment from a prosperous grocer and said he was willing to do anything. The merchant at length sent him into his cellar to clean out a room so foully dirty that many a common laborer had refused to enter it. When the young man appeared in the evening, he was as neat in his appearance as he had been in the morning. Of course the merchant thought he had done little or nothing. But when he saw the cellar, clean and fresh, he said to the young man:

"You've not only shown that you are willing to work, but also that you have some respect for yourself. I guess I'll give you a job."

This young man, who in a few years became the head of the selfsame business, realized the important fact that the worker is often scrutinized as closely as his work.

It is a man's duty toward his fellow man to dress as well as he can afford to. Nowhere in nature does the poorly dressed man find any excuse for his lack. Even the lowest forms of animal and plant life are clothed in pleasing colors.

Reptiles crawl in richly mottled skins; beasts of burden and birds of prey are clad in fur and gay plumage. Trees blossom in wonderful foliage, and that most plebeian of vegetables, the onion, revels below the ground in colors that artists seek to imitate and above ground in a leafage and bloom, odd and beautiful.

Everywhere in nature beauty is combined with use. It remains for man, the highest and noblest specimen of the Creator's handiwork, to be the daub in the color scheme of the universe.—Weekly Bouquet.

### Giving Him a Rest.

The energy of one of the oldest inhabitants of a Massachusetts town is a byword among his neighbors and a trial to his grandchildren, who have not inherited their full share of his active temper.

His grandson John in particular suffers from the old man's untiring industry, for John is his assistant in the little grocery shop, where everything, from codfish to brooms, may be found. A purchaser of gingersnaps lingered one day to hear the noontime address delivered to poor John by his grandfather.

"Now, Johnny, I'm a-going home for my dinner," said the old man briskly, "and on the way I'll carry up these pails to Miss Manson and fetch back her kerosene can. I shall be gone up-wards of half an hour. You'll have plenty of time to eat your luncheon, and while you're resting after that I wish you'd saw up that little mess of wood that lays out by the back door and split it up for stove kindling, for the weather's turning sharp a'ready."

"Most likely I'll be back 'fore you get out o' work, and anyways I don't want to keep you at it all the time, so if there's a few extra minutes just set down and make out a bill or two. The fust of the month'll be upon us 'fore we know it!"—Youth's Companion.

### Helping the Enemy.

A coal heaver was getting in a load of coal in the suburbs of London. He was shoveling in the coals at a good rate when he was startled by a terrific yell from the house adjoining.

"Wot the dickens is the matter?" queried the coalman, starting up.

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### The Average Lawsuit.

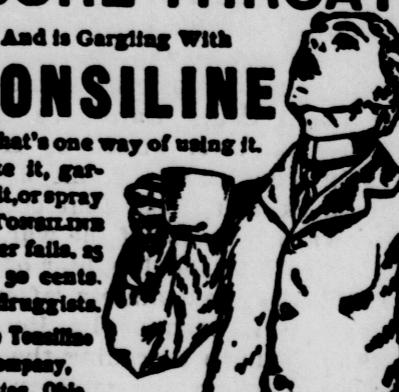
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"Much obliged for telling me that," replied the old man. "I'll just make a stab to see that the boy doesn't do any snatching, though."

Baldwin borrowed another gun from one of his stable hands (in those days he always carried one of his own about as long as your arm), and with his artillery he strolled over the infield and took up his stand by the fence at the turn into the stretch. He hadn't mentioned to anybody what he was going to do, and the folks who saw the old man making for the stretch turn simply thought that Baldwin wanted to watch the race from that point of view. He did, for that matter, but he happened to have another end in view.

"Well, the horses got away from the post in an even bunch, and then Baldwin's horse went out to make the running. The jockey's idea was to race the horse's head off and then pull him in the stretch, making it appear as if the animal had tired. Baldwin had instructed the jock to play a waiting game and make his bid toward the finish. The horse simply outclassed his company, however, and he didn't show any indications of leg weariness whatever as he rounded the backstretch on the rail a couple of lengths in front of his field. Baldwin could see, however, that the crooked jock was sawing the horse's head off in his effort to take him back to the ruck. When the horses were still a hundred feet from him, Baldwin let out a yell to attract his jockey's attention, and then he flashed his two guns in the sunlight and bawled

ed at the jock:

"Leggo that horse's head, you monkey devil, and go on and win or I'll shoot you so full of holes that you won't hold molasses!"

The jock gave one look at those two guns that Baldwin was pointing straight at him. Then he gave Baldwin's horse his head, sat down to ride for all that was in him, and the horse under him cantered in ten lengths to the good on the bit. As long as 'Lucky' Baldwin was on the eastern turf after that no jockey ever tried to yank one of his horses."—Washington Post.

### DRESS AS WELL AS YOU CAN.

It Is One's Duty to Present a Pleasing Appearance.

This story is told in Denver of a man who was once a leading merchant there. In the early days of the city he walked its streets, out of work and money. He was poorly clad, but neat and clean. He sought employment from a prosperous grocer and said he was willing to do anything. The merchant at length sent him into his cellar to clean out a room so foully dirty that many a common laborer had refused to enter it. When the young man appeared in the evening, he was as neat in his appearance as he had been in the morning. Of course the merchant thought he had done little or nothing. But when he saw the cellar, clean and fresh, he said to the young man:

"You've not only shown that you are willing to work, but also that you have some respect for yourself. I guess I'll give you a job."

This young man, who in a few years became the head of the selfsame business, realized the important fact that the worker is often scrutinized as closely as his work.

It is a man's duty toward his fellow man to dress as well as he can afford to. Nowhere in nature does the poorly dressed man find any excuse for his lack. Even the lowest forms of animal and plant life are clothed in pleasing colors.

Reptiles crawl in richly mottled skins; beasts of burden and birds of prey are clad in fur and gay plumage. Trees blossom in wonderful foliage, and that most plebeian of vegetables, the onion, revels below the ground in colors that artists seek to imitate and above ground in a leafage and bloom, odd and beautiful.

Everywhere in nature beauty is combined with use. It remains for man, the highest and noblest specimen of the Creator's handiwork, to be the daub in the color scheme of the universe.—Weekly Bouquet.

### Giving Him a Rest.

The energy of one of the oldest inhabitants of a Massachusetts town is a byword among his neighbors and a trial to his grandchildren, who have not inherited their full share of his active temper.

His grandson John in particular suffers from the old man's untiring industry, for John is his assistant in the little grocery shop, where everything, from codliver to brooms, may be found. A purchaser of gingersnaps lingered one day to hear the noontime address delivered to poor John by his grandfather.

"Now, Johnny, I'm a-going home for my dinner," said the old man briskly, "and on the way I'll carry up these pails to Miss Manson and fetch back her kerosene can. I shall be gone up-wards of half an hour. You'll have plenty of time to eat your luncheon, and while you're resting after that I wish you'd saw up that little mess of wood that lays out by the back door and split it up for stove kindling, for the weather's turning sharp a'ready."

"Most likely I'll be back 'fore you get out o' work, and anyways I don't want to keep you at it all the time, so if there's a few extra minutes jest set down and make out a bill or two. The fust of the month'll be upon us 'fore we know it."—Youth's Companion.

### Helping the Enemy.

A coal heaver was getting in a load of coal in the suburbs of London. He was shoveling in the coals at a good rate when he was startled by a terrific yell from the house adjoining.

"Wot the dickens is the matter?" queried the coalman, starting up.

A disheveled looking individual made his appearance at the door.

"Matter, you thickhead!" shouted the man, frantically endeavoring to pull his hair up in clots by the roots, "you are putting the coal down the wrong hole. My wife's people live there!"—London Tit-Bits.

### WINGS.

The gods but half reluctantly Grant us the gift of song; Yet, tawny throat, they give to thee Pure notes and pinions strong.

To those blue words that arch above We look, aspire—and fail. Thou, thou dost mount the skies we love, The stars we never scale.

Thou knowest not, winged soul, the fires Of that old discord strange, The vast and infinite desires, The all too finite range.

So sing for us! Our throats are still, And song no solace brings— To whom the gods have given the will, But not, alas, the wings!

—Arthur Stringer in Ainslee's Magazine.

### THE DATE OF THE FLOOD.

Bible Facts on Which the Bishop Based His Question.

Some people had fun over the reported rejection of eight candidates for the African Methodist ministry in the south by the examining bishop because they could not tell the date of the flood. Nevertheless the bishop who asked the question knew what he was doing. It may not have been a fair question, but there is a concise answer to it in the Bible, and he no doubt thought that the eight candidates, if they were well versed in the Old Testament, would answer it at once.

The date of the flood was 1,656 years after the birth of Adam, in the second month and the seventeenth day. It began then and continued for 40 days and nights. This is how it is figured:

The third verse of the fifth chapter of Genesis reads thus, "And Adam lived 130 years and begat a son in his own likeness, after his image, and called his name Seth." Then in the sixth verse it is told that Seth lived 105 years and begat Enos. Adam, says the fourth verse, lived 800 years after the birth of Seth, and the latter after the birth of Enos lived 807 years. So it goes on. Enos begat Cainan when he was 90; Cainan begat Mahalaleel when he was 75; Mahalaleel begat Jared when he was 65; Jared begat Enoch when he was 162. Methuselah was born to Enoch when the latter was 65, and when Methuselah was 187 he begat Lamech, and Lamech's son Noah came into the world when the father was 182. This brings us down to the birth of Noah, which, according to the added ages of the several patriarchs at the time their sons were born, occurred 1,056 years after the birth of Adam.

In the seventh chapter of Genesis the eleventh verse reads as follows: "In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up and all the windows of heaven were opened." This was the flood, and it came to pass in the year 1656 after the birth of Adam.—New York Sun.

### The Average Lawsuit.

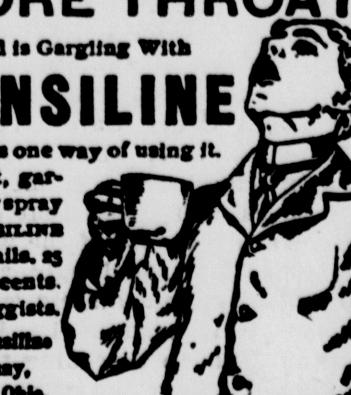
There is nothing more ridiculous than the average lawsuit. Two men dispute over a few dollars and go to law. Both are sure to lose. Their neighbors are dragged in as witnesses, and the costs amount to 10 or 20 times the amount in dispute. Frequently these lawsuits ruin families and start quarrels that last for years. Some men claim it is "principle" that actuates them in these lawsuits. It is bullheadedness, pure and simple. It is nearly always easy to "split the difference."

Another bad feature about these lawsuits is that the county is put to considerable expense, and men willing to work are compelled to sit on the jury. Settle your disputes without going to law. If the man with whom you are disputing is not willing to "split the difference," he will probably accept a proposition to leave it to three neighbors.—Atchison Globe.

### Advice From a Butcher.

"What the newspapers should do is to devote less space to describing what people should wear and more to what they should eat," remarked the butcher. "Fashionably dressed women come in here every day who don't know lamb from mutton or a hen from a rooster. No wonder men have dyspepsia! I find that men know more about the quality of food stuffs than women do. Many of the latter don't even know the few simple tests that might help them to distinguish an old fowl from a young one, and about meat they're greener yet. A young woman came in here the other day and asked for two pounds of veal cutlets. I showed her the loin I proposed to chop the cutlets from, and she remarked, 'Yes; that's very nice, but isn't it rather thick to fry?'—Philadelphia Times.

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**SORE THROAT**  
And is Gargling With  
**TONSILINE**  
That's one way of using it.  
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Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee.
No. 6.....	2:35 p. m. 3:40 p. m.
No. 40.....	6:25 a. m. 7:30 a. m.

Lv. N. Galilee.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 9.....	8:25 a. m. 9:30 a. m.
No. 45.....	5:10 p. m. 6:05 p. m.

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Harold Edwin, the seven-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Vaughn, died at their home on Fourth street last night at 6:45 o'clock after an illness of but a few days. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and interment will be made at Riverview cemetery. Friends of the family can view the remains from 9 to 2 o'clock tomorrow.

### DEATH AT A WEDDING.

**A Pathetic Tragedy of the War Between the States.**  
Recalling the historic incidents clustering about South Carolina's executive mansion, Mrs. Thaddeus Horton writes in *The Ladies' Home Journal* of the shocking tragedy that occurred there toward the close of the war. This was the death of the daughter of Governor Pickens immediately after her marriage to Lieutenant Le Rochelle. "On the afternoon preceding the evening of the marriage the northern army began shelling Columbia, but preparations for the wedding continued.

"Finally the guests were all assembled, and the clergyman was proceeding with the solemn ceremony and had just joined the right hands of the happy pair when suddenly there was an awful crash, and a ball from the enemy's cannon penetrated the mansion and burst in the middle of the marriage chamber, scattering its death dealing missiles in every direction. There were screams and a heartrending groan, mirrors crashed, the house shook, women fainted and walls rocked to and fro.

"When the first confusion was over, it was discovered that in all the crowd only one person was injured, and that was the bride herself. She lay partly on the floor and partly in her lover's arms, crushed and bleeding, pale, but very beautiful, her bridal gown drenched with warm blood and a great cut in her breast.

"Laying her on a lounge, the frantic bridegroom besought her by every term of tenderness and endearment to allow the ceremony to proceed, to which she weakly gave consent, and, lying like a crushed flower no less white than the camellias of her bridal bouquet, her breath coming in short gasps and the blood flowing from this great, angry wound, she murmured 'yes' to the clergyman and received her husband's first kiss. A moment more and all was over.

"She was laid to rest under the magnolias, and the heartbroken bridegroom, reckless with despair, returned to his regiment."

### CHEAP SPONGES.

#### Where Those Sold by the Street Fakirs Are Procured.

Sponges sold by the street fakir are rather captivating in appearance, large and almost white, and the price ranges from 5 to 10 cents each. People who have bought sponges at a drug store know that no such looking articles can be got there for so little money, and so they invest. But they don't invest more than once, because the sponge soon falls to pieces, whereas a good sponge will last for years.

Somebody started a story years ago that the reason the fakirs could sell these sponges so cheaply was because they bought them from the hospitals, and there are some people who still believe it.

As if men devoting all their energies and skill to ameliorating the ills of mankind would spread disease by distributing old and possibly germ infected sponges. As a matter of fact

surgeons' sponges are small and smooth as velvet, being close grained.

The fakirs' sponges are the clippings off the big sponges sold to laymen and others who need large sponges. The parts cut away have little body and would soon tear loose. The fakirs buy these bits, trim them into shape and then give them a bath in diluted muriatic acid. After lying there for 12 hours they are taken out and washed in clear water and dried. They are bleached, in other words, but at still further detriment to the sponge. Never of close texture, the mesh is made more rotten by the acid, and that is why they soon fall apart.

But so far as disease is concerned they are as pure as any sponge bought in the finest drug store.—Chicago Tribune.

### BABY'S PORTRAIT.

**[Sketched by his mother.]**  
A little head of shapey mold,  
Two baby eyes so bright and bold,  
A dainty little nose;  
Two little cheeks so round and fair,  
With tiny dimples hiding there  
Like dewdrops in a rose.  
  
A little mouth so fragrant sweet,  
A tiny dimpling chin so neat,  
And both just made to kiss;  
Two cunning ears each in its place,  
A baby forehead set with grace,  
Whose photograph is this?  
  
Two sturdy shoulders broad and square,  
Two chubby hands so fat and fair,  
And smiling feet so gay;  
A roguish smile for you and me,  
Sweet baby was; now, don't you see  
The portrait of our boy!

—Pearson's Weekly.

# THE S. G. HARD CO.

## THE BIG STORE

That Brussels Carpet you want can be bought just now at

# Clearance Sale Prices.

Not old goods but new Spring Patterns.

### PART OF THE NATION.

#### Coudert Contends That Porto Rico Isn't Foreign — Argued In Supreme Court.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Argument was begun in the United States supreme court in the Porto Rican customs cases now before that court. The five consolidated cases were taken up and F. R. Coudert spoke in behalf of the plaintiffs against the government in the case known as the De Lima case. Mr. Coudert devoted considerable time to showing that Porto Rico is not "a foreign country," as that term is used in the Dingley law under which the tariff on the Porto Rico sugar imported into the United States in November, 1899, was imposed in this case. He contended that by the Paris treaty Porto Rico had come completely under the sovereignty and dominion of the United States—a geographical part of what Marshall had called the "American empire."

He argued that the cause of the Paris treaty leaving the determination of the civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants to congress was "merely declaratory of the power given by the constitution to withhold political rights and franchises and to establish civil government and enact municipal law in all places where no state government exists."

He laid down the general proposition that the constitution is a charter or grant of powers conferred upon the federal government by the people of the United States and hence that the federal government has no existence outside the constitution. Therefore, he said, it was an impossibility for the United States to possess territory beyond its "constitutional boundaries."

With peace restored congress had become supreme in legislating for the island acquired, but it was, he thought, a question whether congress in the Porto Rican act had not violated the constitutional restrictions, "which," he said, "lie at the center and foundation of the federal powers."

Mr. Coudert asserted that as the Dingley act imposed a duty only on goods imported from "foreign countries," it could have no applicability to goods brought from Porto Rico to the United States, as Porto Rico ceased to be "foreign" after the ratification of the Paris treaty. Such an act, he said, was a violation of the constitutional provision requiring uniformity of duties throughout the United States.

He also contended that the Porto Ricans are citizens of the United States, and referred to the anomaly of giving courts which were not, according to the contention of the government counsel, courts of the United States, power to make citizens of the United States, as territorial courts, by naturalization.

Mr. Coudert had not concluded when the court adjourned.

### BURLEIGH BILL PASSED.

#### Reapportionment Plan Went Through In House—Hopkins Measure Turned Down.

Washington, Jan. 9.—By a vote of 165 to 102 the house accepted the reapportionment plan proposed by the Burleigh bill, to increase the membership of the house during the next decade from 357, the present membership and the membership proposed by the committee on the Hopkins bill, to 386. The result was largely brought about by the influence of certain senators from several of the larger northern states, who threw the weight of their influence in the scale in favor of the larger membership. When it became apparent that these factors were at work against his bill Mr. Hopkins attempted to compromise by giving an additional representative each to North Dakota, Col-

orado and Florida, but his adversaries refused to compromise after complete victory was assured.

The Crumbacker proposition to recommit the bill for the purpose of ascertaining what states abridged the right to vote to an extent which would entail reduced representation was defeated, 130 to 110. There was no roll call on this vote, but a number of Republicans voted with the Democrats. Under the bill as passed no state is to lose a representative, and the following make gains: Illinois, New York and Texas, three each; Minnesota, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, two each, and Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, North Dakota, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin, one each. The bill provides that whenever a new state is admitted the representative assigned to it shall be in addition to the number provided in the bill. It also adds a provision never hitherto incorporated in a reapportionment bill, to the effect that congressional districts, in addition to being "contiguous," shall be "compact." States which are allowed additional representatives by the bill shall, by its terms, elect them at large until the legislature shall redistrict the state.

### FOR MONUMENT TO HAWKINS.

#### Governor Stone Approved Resolution Appointing Committees.

Harrisburg, Jan. 9.—Governor Stone approved the concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of three senators and three members of the house to act in conjunction with the several citizens' committees already appointed, to assist in the erection of a suitable monument to the late Colonel Alexander L. Hawkins, at Pittsburg. The committee includes Senators Muehlbrouner, Flinn and Budke and Representatives Beaumon and Stevens, of Westmoreland, and Arensburg, of Fayette.

### Two Great Objects.

"They say," remarked the very cynical person, "that in this corrupt and superficial age the great object is not to be found out."

"That shows you have very little experience with bill collectors," answered the impudent friend. "My great object is not to be found in."—Washington Star.

### SPINSTERS.

Unmarried women are called spinsters, or spinning women, because it was a maxim among our forefathers that a young woman should not marry until she had spun enough linen to furnish her house. All unmarried, old or young, were then called spinsters, a name still retained in all legal documents.

### THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair, except cloudiness and snow flurries along the northeastern lake shore today; colder, northwesterly winds, brisk on the lake. Tomorrow generally fair, with snow flurries probably along the northeastern lake shore.

Western Pennsylvania—Cloudiness, with occasional rains along the lake today; colder, northwesterly winds, brisk on the lake. Tomorrow fair in the interior; cloudiness and snow flurries along the lake.

West Virginia—Fair and colder today; northwesterly winds. Tomorrow fair.

### Adjourned In Due Form.

"Mr. Nevergo," the young woman said, suppressing a yawn, "when the business of a meeting is ended what is the parliamentary form for bringing the proceedings to a close?"

"Somebody moves that the meeting adjourn," replied the young man, "and then—"

"Well, if you'll move," she interjected, "we'll adjourn."

### A Chinese Story.

M. Monnier, the well known French Asiatic traveler, vouches for the truth of the following story of how his friend, Hop Sing, a traveled oriental and man of means and refinement, was on one occasion sorely victimized. Hop Sing lived in the street of the roasted corn, as unsavory and as ill paved a street as any in all Peking. The local mandarin was an intimate friend of his, and Hop Sing availed himself of this friendship to press the mandarin to have the street repaved. Certainly. At once. The men would be at work on it before Hop Sing had returned home. A week passed, then another visit, and so on, until, in despair, Hop Sing determined to have the street repaired at his own expense. The work was satisfactorily completed.

The surprise of Hop Sing was only equalled by his indignation when, on awaking one morning, he found a gang of coolies upheaving the newly flagged street. His surprise grew when he heard from the mandarin's own lips that the men were there at his orders.

"You see, my dear friend," said the mandarin, "I am expecting the head inspector round here in a few days. Now, if he were to see the beautiful pavement you have laid down in your street he would come to the conclusion that there was money about, and he would assuredly bleed every vein in my body. This would mean my ruin. Don't you see why your pavement really must come up? It cost me one fortune to secure my post. I don't want to spend another in keeping it."

### Thoreau's Mother's Ghost.

"Besides Thoreau and his mother, the house (at Concord) has had for its occupants A. Bronson Alcott and family, including his distinguished daughter, Louisa M., the author," writes Samuel S. Kingdon in *The Ladies' Home Journal*. "To them sometimes came the ghost of Miss Thoreau. Those who know Miss Thoreau and her habits confirm the description given by a servant, who left the house because of the visitation, in every detail; her tall, gaunt figure, her big, white cap, her stealthy step, her quiet comings, her noiseless goings.

"When seen, she invariably stood in the doorway, her great cap well adjusted, her neat handkerchief, half unfolded, tucked securely into the waistband of her full dress skirt—pausing a moment on the threshold, looking anxiously about, then stooping and running her finger along the edge of the mopboard, to see if perchance a speck of dust had found lodgment there. Proceeding to the workroom, she glided in, then glided to the fireplace, stooping over it and motioning with her hands as if in the act of covering the coals with ashes.

"In life, it should be said, the two prominent characteristics of Miss Thoreau were an abhorrence of dust and a dread of fire. Satisfied on these points, the spirit would disappear. Unlike other ghosts, this one always appeared in the daytime."

### Town Gossip.

It is generally agreed that the small town is a pleasant place to live in, except that there is always a great amount of gossip in such places. Why do not worthy people control in this matter of gossip as they do in other respects? Are the small towns of the country to be made undesirable as places of residence to please a lot of cheap people who ought to be controlled and regulated?—Atchison Globe.

A physician says one should never do any work before breakfast. Some day science will recognize the great truth that working between meals is what is killing off the race.—Minneapolis Times.

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A little mouth so fragrant sweet,  
A tiny dimpling chin so neat,  
And both just made to kiss;  
Two cunning ears each in its place,  
A baby forehead set with grace,  
Whose photograph is this?

Two sturdy shoulders, broad and square,  
Two chubby hands so fat and fair,  
And dancing feet so gay;  
A roguish smile for you and me,  
Sweet baby was; now, don't you see  
The portrait of our boy?

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### Thoreau's Mother's Ghost.

"Besides Thoreau and his mother, the house (at Concord) has had for its occupants A. Bronson Alcott and family, including his distinguished daughter, Louisa M., the author," writes Samuel S. Kingdon in *The Ladies' Home Journal*. "To them sometimes came the ghost of Mme. Thoreau. Those who know Mme. Thoreau and her habits confirm the description given by a servant, who left the house because of the visitation, in every detail; her tall, gaunt figure, her big, white cap, her noiseless goings.

"When seen, she invariably stood in the doorway, her great cap well adjusted, her neat handkerchief, half unfolded, tucked securely into the waistband of her full dress skirt—pausing a moment on the threshold, looking anxiously about, then stooping and running her finger along the edge of the mopboard, to see if perchance a speck of dust had found lodgment there. Proceeding to the workroom, she glanced in, then glided to the fireplace, stooping over it and motioning with her hands as if in the act of covering the coals with ashes.

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Decorator's Pencils,  
All Artist's Supplies,  
Water Colors,  
Oil Colors,  
Crayons,  
Pastels,  
AT  
**BULGER'S**  
**PHARMACY.**

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. William Welch, of East Market street, is much improved after a brief illness.

The little child of Mark Thomas is ill at his home at the Klondike with the measles.

Jerry Creedon, who has been very ill with pneumonia for the past six weeks, is improving.

The employees of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh railroad today received their salaries for the month of December.

Mrs. John Bailey is ill at her home on Elwell avenue, West End, with an attack of diphtheria. The house was quarantined yesterday.

Infirmary Directors McBride and Kelly were here yesterday looking after two cases of illness which the trustees have reported to them.

The Kanawha passed down last night and the Ben Hur and Urania are due up tonight. The marks at the wharf register 4.2 feet and stationary.

A number of accounts have been sent here by a Beaver Falls wholesale confectioner for collection. Justice McCarron will begin proceedings at once.

A gang of 20 Italians employed by the Cleveland & Pittsburgh road were laid off work this morning. They left for Wellsville and the majority of the gang will leave tomorrow for New York.

Residents of Rural lane are objecting to the presence of a huge pile of dirt on that thoroughfare, which almost completely blocks traffic. The commissioner will be asked to have it removed.

The plumbers' union held their regular meeting in the Ferguson & Hill hall, and besides nominating officers transacted some other important business. The annual election will be held on Tuesday evening, January 22.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Charles W. Fraser, of Allegheny county, Pa., and Miss Emma M. Moore, of East Liverpool; John L. Biddle and Miss Eliza Goddard, East Liverpool; Frank Battin and Rachel A. Phillips, West township.

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# THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 179.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1901.

TWO CENTS

## JENNIE HUGHES HAS DEPARTED

Started For Sunday School Last Sunday Morning and Since Then She Has

## BEEN MISSING FROM HOME

Her Parents Have Used Very Effort to Locate Her but Without Success.

## ANOTHER GIRL WENT WITH HER

Jennie Hughes, aged 15, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hughes, 146 Drury lane, left home Sunday morning with the intention of attending Sabbath school at the Christian church. She has not since been seen.

Inquiries were made on Monday and the parents of the Hughes girl discovered that another girl residing in West End, had disappeared at the same time, and it is thought they are together.

Jennie had not been in the habit of attending Sunday school recently, and that was a New Year's resolution on this occasion. The parents thought nothing of the matter until nightfall, but when she failed to come home they were considerably worried lest some harm had befall the child.

It was learned that the West End girl, who is but 14, had two suits of clothes on when she left home, so the theory that the pair had some sort of plan made to run away looks very plausible.

Chief Thompson was consulted last evening and promised to do all in his power to locate the girls, who, it is thought, left town Saturday afternoon for the east, and are now in Pittsburgh, although as a matter of fact, so far as any definite information concerning their whereabouts is concerned, they could not be more completely hidden if the earth had swallowed them.

The parents of the children are greatly worried over the affair, and the fact they may have met with foul play, is not tending to make their minds easier.

## THE OFFICERS.

Directors of Two Banks Met Last Night And Organized by Electing Officers.

The newly-elected directors of the First National and Citizens National banks met last evening and elected the following officers:

First National—David Boyce, president; J. M. Kelly, vice president; N. G. Macrum, cashier; Thomas H. Fisher, assistant cashier.

Citizens—Robert Hall, president; Joseph G. Lee, vice president; H. H. Blythe, cashier.

## REBEKAH LODGE

Held a Meeting Last Night And Installed Officers for the Ensuing Term.

The Rebekah Lodge initiated one new member last evening and installed the following new officers for the ensuing term:

N. G.—Mrs. John Patterson.

V. G.—Mrs. McGavern.

Recording secretary—Miss Nellie M. Lloyd.

Treasurer—Miss Annie Mulligan. Financial secretary—Mrs. Alla G. Hofman. Chaplain—Mrs. Michael. Warden—Miss Katie Burton. Conductor—Miss Cora Mulligan. R. S. to N. G.—Thomas Pickal. L. S. to N. G.—George Owen. R. S. to V. G.—Mrs. John McIntosh. L. S. to V. G.—Miss Nettie McBane.

## CALCUTTA ROAD.

THE CONTRACTORS WERE GIVEN \$3,000 ON ACCOUNT.

There Was a Brief Discussion in Regard to the Matter Before the Bill Was Paid.

Last night at council Engineer George stated that Ryan & Rinehart would like to have \$3,000 on account on Calcutta road.

After a motion had been made that it be placed on the pay roll, Smith objected to the bill saying the work had not been finished and that council had been in the habit of paying the contractors too close.

Mr. Peach said he did not like the insinuations, and, turning to Mr. Smith, said: "Is it not a fact that you have a bill on that pay roll for lumber when the work has not been completed. We have no other guarantee than your word that you will finish it, but that is sufficient."

The bill was placed on the pay roll, but Smith and Heddleston voted against it.

## ARGUMENTS

On the Owens Pottery Claim Against Moler & Son Heard by Referee.

Referee Charles M. Rogers, of the United States bankruptcy court, heard the arguments in the case of the J. B. Owens Pottery company of Zanesville, whose claim was refused in the Moler & Son bankruptcy case. His decision was reserved.

The pottery company claimed to have sold to the firm goods to the amount of \$6,432, and the attorneys for the creditors contended that according to the contract the goods were sold on consignment and the company could not participate as a general creditor. The question was on the points of absolute or conditional sale, the attorneys for the creditors contending the latter.

The creditors were represented at the hearing by Attorneys Nathan Gumble, Joseph H. Dyer and Frank S. Raymond, and the company's interests were looked after by Attorney S. M. Winn, of Zanesville. It is expected that the referee will render his decision in a few days.

## MISSIONARY TEA.

One Will be Held at the Home of Mrs. A. G. Mason Next Wednesday Evening.

A missionary tea will be held at the home of Mrs. A. G. Mason, Seventh street, next Wednesday evening.

The Ladies Home and Foreign Missionary society of the First M. E. church and their friends will be entertained.

## BAR LIST.

There is a Whole Lot of Cases Listed for Trial During the January Term.

Lisbon, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—The bar list for the January term of court was distributed this morning by Clerk Mc-

The list contains 301 civil and 27

criminal cases.

## MR. PEACH SAYS CHEAP NOTORIETY

Is What McLane Is After In His Fight Against the Light Company.

## AN INCIDENT OF COUNCIL

Some Caustic Remarks Made by the Senior Member From the Third Ward.

## LIGHT BILL REFERRED BACK

When the Ceramic City Light company bill came up in council last night, Mr. Peach took occasion to throw some hot shots into McLane, the junior councilman from the Fourth ward and chairman of the light committee.

The bill as presented by the company amounted to \$591 16 after an outage of \$77 46 had been deducted.

Chairman McLane at once took the floor and made a long speech, in which he called attention to the service the city had been getting and said the outage amounted to 10 lights every night.

 **Job and Press Work Unexcelled in this City.**

All fine Job and Color Work skillfully executed  
Embossed and Color Work a Special Feature.  
Price Lists unexcelled.

**Reasonable Prices at the**

**News Review Job Office.**

He also stated that the lights did not amount to more than half the power.

He made an illustration and said if anybody was buying grain and seed they would demand full weight. He then moved the bill be referred back to the light committee.

Peach asked him where he got his information in regard to the outage, and he said that Mr. Healy had told him, with the remark that he had no kick to make on the deduction for outage.

McHenry moved the bill go on the payroll and Peach seconded.

McLane made another lengthy speech and spoke of taxpayers, lights and things in general and Marshall tried to pour oil on the troubled waters by suggesting that council pay this bill and notify the company they would pay no more.

Mr. Peach then took the floor and said to McLane:

"Didn't Mr. Healy tell you that the company was doing everything in their power to give the city better light? Is it not a fact that you are working for some cheap notoriety at the expense of the light company? I think you are. You have told some parties that the light committee couldn't get the proper recognition at the hands of this council. There has

been other light committees in this council, and I can say from actual knowledge that the present committee has had more to say than all the rest put together. It seems to have grown to be the most important committee of council. Mr. Healy is doing everything in his power and all a reasonable man can ask. He knows the present lights are a failure and has notified the company to take them out. It is unjust to not pay this bill. If council don't want to pay any more, then notify the company and let the city go in total darkness. There is a whole lot of buncombe in all this talk."

McLane made another speech, and in the course of his remarks said: "Cheap notoriety; I like that!" "Of course you do," retorted Peach, and the personalities ceased.

Smith upheld the chairman of the light committee and Heddleston said the representative of the Manhattan Power and Construction company had told him the lights were not more than 1,200 candle power. The bill was finally referred back to the light company through the light committee.

## FULL POWER.

The City Is Getting All That the Contract Calls for in Regard to **# Candle Power.**

Manager Healy, of the light company, was seen this morning and asked in regard to the candle power. He stated that no person could tell whether the lights were 2,000 candle power, and according to the way electricity was measured it takes about 450 watts to make a 2,000 candle power light.

The city is getting more than that from the company and should an expert come here he could not tell by looking at and examining the light what candle power it is.

## A MANDAMUS.

**SUPPLETE SEEKS TO COLLECT SALARY FROM LISBON COUNCIL.**

Says He Was Engaged for a Year And the Ordinance Was Repealed Before His Time Expired.

Lisbon, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Walter C. Supplete has filed a petition in court asking that a writ of mandamus be issued commanding the council of Lisbon to issue to him a warrant for the sum of \$108 33, which amount he claims due him as salary as policeman from October 10 to December 15, 1900. Supplete was appointed to the office of policeman on May 7 last for the term of one year, but on December 15 the ordinance under which he was appointed was repealed and he claimed that, although he repeatedly requested that payment be made of the amount delinquent, it was refused.

## THE "NEW" RULE.

A Street Railway Employee Had Some Difficulty in Enforcing It This Morning.

Conductor Tom Jones and a man named Kent had an altercation on an east bound street car early this morning.

The conductor ordered Kent to go in the car off the platform and the latter refused, whereupon Jones said he would have to either go in or get off the car. This he also refused to do and Jones attempted to eject the man and stopped the car at Jackson street for that purpose, but failed to carry out his threat. The motorman finally put him off and now Kent asserts he will sue the company for damages. He boarded the car again in the Diamond and this time concluded to ride inside.

## A SMALL BLAZE LAST EVENING

Department Was Called to the Edwin M. Knowles Plant to Put Out a Fire.

## M'DANIEL SEVERELY BURNED

Went to the Oil Tank With a Lighted Torch In His Hand

## AND AN EXPLOSION FOLLOWED

What might have been a very disastrous fire occurred at the Potters Supply company at the foot of Washington street last night at 6:45 o'clock.

Curtis McDaniels, an employe, went to the basement for the purpose of getting some oil. He carried a torch in his hand, and as he was at the tank the oil became ignited. An explosion followed, and in a very short time the ceiling was enveloped in flames.

An alarm was sent in to the fire station, and in the meantime the company's hose was turned on the blaze and kept it under control until the arrival of the fire department, which made a quick run. Two lines of hose were then turned on the flames and they were soon extinguished.

One of the employes of the plant was up in the third story when the fire started and the smoke was so thick in the building that he was unable to find his way out. A ladder was run up to one of the windows and he was rescued.

Mr. McDaniels was so badly burned that he was unable to report for duty this morning. The damage will not exceed \$200.

## DEPUTY BICK

Sold Some East Palestine Property to Satisfy a Judgment.

Lisbon, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Deputy Chris Bick was in East Palestine yesterday and sold a house and lot and three acres of land belonging to Jacob Moore to satisfy a judgment for \$1,260 held by the Columbian Savings and Loan, of Cleveland. John Mohr, son of the defendant, bought the property for \$1,490.

## M. P. Revival Rapidly Growing.

Congregation increased, interest increased and sinners coming to God, is the report from the Methodist Protestant revival meeting last night. Some well known citizens and lifelong residents of the city have been received into that church this week; wives have rejoiced for the conversion of their husbands, and many hearts made to rejoice at clear and signal answers to prayer.

One of the old-time revivals of former years in that church seems imminent. Rev. Gladden preached last night upon whitened harvest, sowing and reaping, John 4:35, 36.

The after service was uplifting, kindling and helpful. The meeting tonight begins promptly at 8 o'clock. You are cordially invited.

## Taken to Pittsburgh.

An Italian who had his leg broken in an accident at a coal mine at Salloway, was taken to Pittsburgh on the noon train today.

# What the New Century Should Do For Humanity.

(Copyright, 1900, The Christian Herald.)

The Old Gospel for the New Century.

By Rev. Francis E. Clark.

I believe that the new century will be better than any that has gone before it. The inventive mind of man is not yet exhausted. The resources of God are almost as yet untouched. New inventions, new discoveries, new treasures from the bowels of the earth, new cosmic forces to be harnessed to the will of man, all await a new century. There will be also, I believe, improvements in the statements of truth, in the methods of carrying the gospel into all the world, in the organization of the church. There will be a broader brotherhood, there will be less sectarian rivalry, and no sectarian bitterness. It will not be thought necessary in the new century to segregate people, young and old, into ranks by themselves, but together they shall go out to fight the Lord's battle or do the Lord's will. But with all these improvements and with all this progress which I believe the twentieth century will bring, I cannot conceive of any change in the fundamental truths of the gospel.

The gospel of Jesus Christ has withstood the changes of far more momentous transition periods than that from the nineteenth to the twentieth century. Truths that have stood the test of nineteen centuries, which have survived the persecutions of the early centuries, the midnight of the Middle Ages, the fashionable scepticism of the eighteenth century, and the materialism and worldliness of the nineteenth, are not likely to be overthrown by any revolutions that the twentieth century have in store for us.

In fact, there are most cheering indications that the truths of the gospel will be established on a firmer foundation than ever, and that in the very near future. Destructive criticism seems to have done its worst. Dr. Hillis declares that its age is past, and that the era of constructive development of truth has begun. Very many share this opinion. Untenable positions have been uncovered, twisted and warped, proof texts have been abandoned, but every fundamental doctrine of the Christian church has been maintained and is as substantially rooted today in the hearts of the church as ever in the past history of the world. Ignorance may be favorable to credulity, but it is not the mother of intelligent faith.

The coming century will hold, I believe, more strongly than ever to the truths of God's word, because they will be better understood. The great facts of sin and its consequences, the lost estate of man and his salvation only by Jesus Christ, the great truths of the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, of the importance of this life as a period of probation and of eternal reward and retribution, of the presence of the Holy Spirit in the world, and of the imperativeness of the great commission to evangelize all nations, these truths which lie at the base of Christian thinking and Christian activity will, I believe, be more firmly established, and, as a consequence, into all the open doors of the world the gospel through its devoted followers will make its way, and the twentieth century will be looked back upon by future generations as more bright and golden than any hundred years that have preceded it.

## Hasten the Brotherhood of Man.

By William Jennings Bryan.

There are many reforms which I hope to see realized during the new century. I suggest a question which ought to receive more attention during the coming century than it has during the last few years, namely: How can the coming of the brotherhood of man be hastened by those who acknowledge the city.

the fatherhood of God? Love of God can best be shown by the exhibition of a brotherly love broad enough to include all of God's creatures. The bible denounces as a liar the man who says that he loves God and yet hates his brother.

I can conceive of no greater reform than that which would apply the eleventh commandment: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself," to all phases of human experience. It would put an end to justice, whether practiced on a small scale by individuals or on a large scale through the operation of bad laws.

What is the most important task of mankind in the twentieth century? If you could come back to earth in the year 2000, what one change would you most like to see in human affairs? These two questions were sent Mr. Andrew Carnegie, who answered as follows:

The earth freed from its foulest stain, the killing of men by men under the name of war.

The profession of arms, now considered by many the most honorable, then held to be of all human occupations the most dishonorable.

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

## THE REPORTS

### OF THE CITY OFFICERS PRESENTED ED LAST NIGHT.

The Fire And Police Departments Didn't Do a Land Office Business.

The monthly reports presented at the meeting of council last night were as follows:

Fire Department.	
Fire calls	6
Patrol calls	14
Ambulance calls	5
Total	30
Prisoners hauled to city jail	20
Mayor Davidson.	
Fines and licenses collected	\$150 00
Chief Thompson.	
Intoxication	22
Disorderly conduct	10
Petit larceny	2
Fighting	6
Gambling	2
Insulting females	2
Vagrancy	1
Fine and costs (execution)	1
Assault	1
Using profane language	1
Total	55

## JESSIE CARNEGIE.

The Township Trustees Sent Him to the Infirmary Yesterday Afternoon.

Jesse Carnegie, a colored boy, was sent to the county infirmary yesterday afternoon. Carnegie is threatened with an attack of pneumonia, and having no person to care for him here, it was thought best to remove him to the county institution, where he will be properly looked after.

## AN APPLICATION.

Salem, Lisbon And East Liverpool Street Railway Company Would Like to Have a Franchise.

The Salem, Lisbon and East Liverpool Street Railway company last evening presented to council an application for a franchise. The application was received.

It will be necessary for council to advertise and establish a route.

—Frank Buxton left yesterday afternoon for Sebring after a visit in the city.

# We're closing out Ladies' Desk and Toilet Tables, Fancy Parlor and Library Tables, Fancy Chairs and Rockers

at Clearance Sale Prices.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE

## POWERS MAY AGREE.

Some of Negotiations May Be Transferred From Pekin.

PROPOSED BY UNITED STATES.

Conger's Suggestion, That Indemnity and Commercial Treaty Be Considered Away From Pekin Acted Upon—Washington or Some Other Capital Proposed.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The negotiations which had been pending for some time relative to the removal from Pekin of some of the subjects of international negotiations so that they could be taken up at Washington or at the capital of one of the other powers, had advanced to a stage where there is promise of a satisfactory understanding among the powers on this move. The plan originated through a suggestion of Minister Conger, cabled about a week ago, to the effect that there was little prospect of securing united action on the subject of indemnity and of commercial treaties with China. Mr. Conger suggested that better progress in the negotiations was likely to result if these two phases could be removed from Pekin and taken up at some point entirely removed from local influences.

It has been the purpose to assemble an international commission which could pass on all indemnity both among themselves and as against China. It would be in the main a conference among the powers, although it is expected that Chinese envoys would be invited to participate after the proceedings reach a stage where unity of action among the powers was assured. The state department had received indications as to the general feeling of some of the powers on this proposition. There appears to be no reason to anticipate serious complications to the transfer.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Minister Conger cabled the state department that there is ground for the belief that the empress dowager was opposing the acceptance by China of the demands of the powers.

Paris, Jan. 9.—Archbishop Favier, the head of the French mission in North China, who reached Marseilles Jan. 5, arrived in Paris. In an interview he said he believed the dowager empress would return to Pekin in the spring, when order will be completely restored.

The Europeans, he added, will find they have not lost ground by recent events. The government, however, must be given time to resume the direction of affairs. In the meanwhile the police work now proceeding should be completed and the last bands of Boxers and loafers dispersed.

Europe must not try to rush the negotiations, for Chinese diplomacy always says "no," but afterwards always says "yes."

## AN OHIO BANK ROBBED.

\$4,000 In Cash, \$300 In Government Bonds and Notes Secured at Shiloh.

Shelby, O., Jan. 9.—The Exchange bank of Shiloh, about seven miles north of this city, was robbed of \$4,000 in cash, \$300 in government bonds and a large number of notes. The work was done by expert safe drillers.

No explosives were used. Four men are believed to have been in the gang, as two horses and two buggies were stolen from a farmer near Shiloh.

Mansfield, O., Jan. 9.—Investigation showed that the robbery of the bank at Shiloh was done by four men, who came from Cleveland on a Big Four train. They stole two horses and buggies from Jacob Gilzer, near the

village, and broke open the bank with tools secured from the Big Four section building. The thieves drove to Norwalk, it appears, and are thought to have taken the train back to Cleveland. The horses were turned loose at Norwalk.

## A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Market Falling Off in the Volume of Trading on the day—Bond Market Irregular.

New York, Jan. 9.—The most striking feature in Tuesday's stock market was the marked falling off in the volume of trading. Compared with Monday's unprecedented record of over 2,000,000 shares, Tuesday's sales of stock fell back to 1,511,000 shares. The best efforts of the bull leaders proved unavailing to induce any general or imposing advance in prices. The bear element worked some very considerable reactions and dislodged more or less long stock, held for weak accounts and on narrow margins. The equanimity with which the reaction was accepted by the large holders of stock was, however, an impressive demonstration of the continued underlying strength of the market. The pressure of liquidation was at no time very urgent and the bears conducted their operations with manifest timidity.

Sugar, Peoples Gas and Rock Island were the principal sustaining forces at the opening. The speculative contest was continued all day with varying fortunes. The greatest irregularity and most erratic fluctuations were among the granglers, coalers, Pacifics and some of the trunk lines. These all had their early period of strength and again were most prominent in the late drive against the market.

St. Paul rose at one time to 161 and fell back late in the day to 156 1/2. The declines from the highest in other members of these groups ran from 2 to 3 1/2 points. The southwestern railroad stocks were the most consistently strong of any in the list. The special strength in Missouri Pacific had a stimulating effect on the whole group. This stock opened in a fraction and inaugurated most of the rallies afterwards during the day. It closed at 81 1/2, the top price, showing a net gain of 5 points. The only news to account for the rise was a published estimate placing the earnings of the company at a high per cent of the stock. The final strong rally of the market very materially reduced the day's declines and lifted many stocks from 1 to 2 points above the low level. Reading rallied in talk of impending gold exports Tuesday morning and some uneasiness over the unsettled conditions in the foreign money markets were causes inciting to the more cautious attitude of speculation.

The bond market continued its irregular character on a volume of business much less relatively than that in stocks. Total sales, par value, \$4,390,000. United States refunded 2s advanced 1/4 per cent on the last call.

## ELKINS WAS ENDORSED.

West Virginia Republican Caucus For His Re-Election to U. S. Senate.

Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 9.—Republicans in caucus last night nominated Anthony Smith, of Ritchie county, for president of the senate, and W. G. Wilson, of Randolph, for speaker of the house. Both men will be elected without trouble, as both houses are largely Republican.

United States Senator Elkins was unanimously endorsed for senator, to succeed himself.

Trying It on the Building. Markleigh—Your office seems badly mussed up. Have you no janitor? Barkleigh—We have one, but since he became a faith curist he has been giving the office "saint treatment."—Baltimore American

## Receivers' Sale of Real Estate AND CHATTEL PROPERTY.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbiana County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1901

at 10 o'clock a. m. (legal time) upon the premises known as "The Union Co-operative Pottery Works," in the city of East Liverpool, Ohio, the following described real estate and chattel property of The Union Co-operative Pottery Company, to wit: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, County of Columbiana and State of Ohio, and known as and being:

1.—Lots numbers five hundred and seventy-six (576), five hundred and seventy-seven (577), five hundred and seventy-eight (578), five hundred and seventy-nine (579), and five hundred and eighty (580), as said lots are numbered and distinguished upon the recorded plats of said city, and being the pottery plant or works of the

Said The Union Co-operative Pottery Company, together with all the machinery, engines, boilers, belting, shafting, jolies, lathes, blocks, hangers, pulleys, clay presses, blungers, agitators, mills, sifters, gas and steam water pipes, fittings, wagon scales, and all other machinery attached to said real estate.

2.—The following described chattel property belonging to said pottery and located thereon to wit: One lot of blocks, cases, moulds and models, being all of the same: 2,250 work boards; 240 wad and saggar boards; 36 cutting and sand boxes; 16 kiln steps; 1 drawing bench; 7 iron placing rings; 3 dipping tubs; 1 glaze tank; 2 nail boards; 3 rib boards and 1 cup board; 7 wash tubs; 1 lawn; 5 buckets; 164 press sacks; 1 charging scales; 2 platform scales; 2 small scales; 123 jolley tools; 35 jolley rings; 5 jolley handles; 173 warehouse baskets; 6 wheelbarrows; 3 picks; 6 shovels; 146 brick, flat back; 225 brick, reg. 9; 160 brick wedge; 130 brick, common; 218 brick, door; 42 brick, lime; 254 decorating kiln liners; 4 dozen ware dressing tools; 5 stoves; 107 green saggers, common; 38 green saggers, cup; 75 green saggers, single; 1,952 bisque saggers, ass't'd; 767 bl. Bangor saggers; 684 single Bangor saggers; 175 yoke saggers; 166 wash bowl saggers; 363 dish saggers; 164 eight (8) inch saggers; 1,103 common saggers; 890 cup saggers; 97 ewer saggers; 175 Hilber saggers; 4 tons placing sand; 42 sagger drums; 3 printing presses; 39 copper plates; 15 steel plates; 51 boxes; 6 stools; 13 chairs; 20 color pans; 4 lining wheels; 40 color and goat tiles; 2 mortars; 1 pedestal; 1 glass slab, muller; 1 water tank; 2 oil cans; 1 printers' flannel; 1 set color scales; 30 feet 1-inch rubber hose; prop and bats; 1 warehouse truck; 1 decorating colors; gold and oil; 2 sample trunks; 7 reams printing paper.

Said real estate, machinery and chattel above described are appraised at \$38,077.15, and are ordered to be advertised, offered for sale and sold as a whole for not less than two-thirds (2/3) of said appraisement. Terms of sale—Cash.

AMBROSE C. CARTWRIGHT, As Receiver of the Union Co-operative Pottery Co., WALTER B. HILL, J. H. BROOKES, Attorneys.

## Trainer's Meat Market.

### OUR SPECIAL FEATURE.

Home Dressed Meats. Fresh and Cured Meats. Columbus Butterine. Choicest Poultry.

### Reasonable Prices.

274 1-2 East Market, or 273 Broadway.

Columbiana Phone 103. Bell Phone 334-2.

## Do You Eat?

Hedgleston Bros.

Cor. 4th and Market.

TELEPHONE 328.

# THE GREAT ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

Grand Christian Men At the Head of the Movement In New York.

NOW ON DECK IN 33 STATES

It Believes In the Open Church As Against the Open Saloon.

OUR GOD IS THE LEADER

[N. Y. Christian Herald.]  
By Rev. Norman Plass, Superintendent New York District.

Seven years have elapsed since the Anti-Saloon League was organized, and it is now in active operation in 35 states. It has achieved great success in these seven years. Its leaders include nearly 200 men, who resigned successful and influential pastorates to devote themselves exclusively to the work. At the outset of their campaign in New York state the league leaders said:

"Give us two years in which to agitate and organize, and then for the fight!"

The two years are not yet ended, but 2,500 rallies have been held in churches of 20 denominations, 500,000 people have been addressed, tens of thousands have formally identified themselves with the movement, the fighting forces of 300 committees have been organized, and many other places are marshaling their men for the campaign.

In the person of Rev. J. Q. A. Henry, D. D., the Anti-Saloon movement has an experienced leader. He has as his

board of strategem more than 30 of the most prominent clergymen and laymen in the state, chosen from all denominations, with Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, D. D., as their honorary head. Truman H. Baldwin, Esq., is president of the board; Rev. Drs. R. S. McArthur, S. Parkes Cadman and I. K. Funk are its vice presidents, while other clergymen and laymen equally prominent are members. The league presents a united front against a divided and scattered foe. It arouses the people to their danger. Enough temperance sentiment exists, if only it can be drafted and stationed in the ranks.

The league secures better legislation, introducing bills, using its influence for their enactment, influencing legislators through their constituents and helping to elect temperance men, regardless of party affiliations. In the Ohio legislature there is an actual majority, on joint ballot, of 18, who owe their election to the Anti-Saloon League, and are pledged to support its measures.

The immediate legislative program of the New York state league is to secure the extension of the local option system of the state to the election districts in cities and incorporated villages.

As the law now stands, all who live in cities are disfranchised upon the temperance question. There is a growing demand all over the state for municipal local option, and the league is endeavoring to secure 500,000 signatures to a petition for such a measure.

Truth is, the league stands for the maintenance of law. All that it does in the line of enforcing the law is calculated to re-enforce the officers, and compel obedience on the part of the law breakers. It has its own attorneys and secret service men, and is fully equipped for law enforcement work. At the present time, it has 300 cases in the courts of the state, and has secured a number of criminal convictions besides revoking liquor tax

certificates by civil process. It has secured convictions on gambling slot-machines found in saloons of Poughkeepsie and Glens Falls and in Buffalo. It has been the means of abolishing iniquitous "dives." An amendment to the Buffalo city charter has been secured, which provides that with the first day of next May, when the Pan-American exposition opens, 53 of those dens of vice shall go out of existence forever!

The league aims to be constructive in its methods as well as as destructive. It has maintained a roof garden in New York city during the past summer, which was patronized by tens of thousands of people in a densely populated portion. While fighting to suppress, the league stands ready to accept the maxim of Napoleon that "to displace is to conquer." It believes in the open church to offset the open dram shops, and is heart and soul in the movement for that purpose.

## CONTINUED AGAIN.

Case of Minnie McKinnon vs. Mary Ann Hamilton Was Not Heard Yesterday Afternoon.

In the case of Minnie McKinnon versus Mary Ann Hamilton, which was entered last week in the court of Justice McLane, no time has been fixed for a hearing.

An attempt was made to have the case tried on its merits Monday morning, but the inability of defendant to be present caused a continuance until yesterday.

On Monday Attorney Thompson for defendant filed a motion to dismiss the case on the ground that the proper parties had not been named, but the court overruled the motion and just as soon as the parties to the suit are ready it will be tried. Attorney W. H. Vodrey represents the plaintiff.

The suit was entered to recover something over \$80, a balance on a promissory note, and the reason given for refusing to pay the amount is that defendant had paid her share of the original sum, \$75.

### Finest Special Service to Florida.

Leaves Pittsburg Tuesday and Friday after January 15 at 8 a. m.; Steubenville, 9:28 a. m., central time, via Pennsylvania line, through without change from Pittsburg to Cincinnati, Atlanta, Jacksonville and St. Augustine, Florida. Find out about it by calling upon or addressing J. K. Dillon, District Passenger Agent, Room 306, Park building, Pittsburg.

### At First M. E. Church.

Dr. Clark Crawford took for his topic last evening "The Treasure and the Pearl of Great Price." The meeting was very largely attended and the interest in the meetings is constantly growing.

## ATLANTIC TEA CO.

### New Fruits. New Fruits.

Our new fruits are fine. We have always maintained a high standard of quality in fruits; the best on the market has always been found in our stores. This year is no exception and we are selling at a lower price than others sell second quality.

#### Price List:

New Cal Prunes, per lb .....	5c
New Cal Prunes, per lb .....	6 1/4c
New Cal Prunes, per lb, .....	8 1/2c
New Cal Seeded Raisins, per lb, .....	8 1/2c
New Cal Seeded Raisins, 1 lb pack age, per lb .....	12c
New Cal Fancy Peaches, per lb, .....	10c
New Cal Extra Fancy Peaches, per lb .....	12 1/2c
New Layer Valencia Raisins per lb	10c
New Cleaned Currants, per pkg .....	12c
New Citron, per lb .....	25c
New Lemon Peel, per lb .....	25c
New Orange Peel, per lb .....	25c
New Dates, per lb .....	8c
New Figs, per lb .....	12c

We lead; let those who can follow

## ATLANTIC TEA CO.

# You Save

money by buying your

## Blankets and Comforts

during this Mid-Winter Clearance Sale.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

THE BIG STORE

### WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general house-work. Apply at 181 Drury Lane or call on the janitor of the First Presbyterian church.

WANTED—Immediately—Two girls. Apply at the Woodbine Steam Laundry, 193 Fourth street.

WANTED—Two or three apprentice girls for ladies' tailoring department. Apply to East Liverpool Tailoring and Clothing company, 224 Washington street.

WANTED—Situation as nurse, or occupation at plain sewing. Apply to Mrs. M. Moore, No. 131 Seventh street.

### FOR RENT.

FOR SALE—Lot 30x130 and three-room house in the best of condition, located on Fourth street, near Monroe. Price, \$1,800. Apply to J. P. Hanlon, 315 Lincoln avenue.

## MUSIC

### STORE.

### We Sell

## BRIGGS PIANOS.

### We Sell

## PHONOGRAHS

### SMITH

### and PHILLIPS.

## RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the  
Celebrated Air Cushions  
Rubber Stamps.

ADVERTISE in the News

Review. Best results.

Both Phones No. 120.

THE NEWS REVIEW

# THE NEWS REVIEW

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY

Published Daily Except Sunday by  
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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1901.



## THE BLEEDER.

Keep your eye on him, ye aspiring politicians of Columbian county. The Bleeder is still in the market. There are several of him now. He is employing lieutenants to do his nasty work. Watch him. The only safe way is to give the Bleeder the cold shoulder. Don't let any ward healer or political bum reach the contents of your wallet. The occupation of the bummer and ward healer has gone by in old Columbian.

## BUSINESS VS. CRIME.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage says: "The great foe to business is crime." This great preacher never spoke a greater truth. And the newspaper or journal which caters to crime, sin, saloon, distillery, brewery, brothel or lawlessness, is an aider and abettor; and the business man who caters to such an element is helping to tear down and destroy legitimate business, and his own good common sense will compel him to acknowledge the fact.

## ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE.

Read the article in another part of today's issue of the News Review headed "the Great Anti-Saloon League." It will show you how the league is officered and led, and will convince you that it is a mighty power for good, recognizing the divine being as the one great head under which to organize and do battle. The un-American saloon is an unholy, unjust and unclean thing, a constant menace against the peace and prosperity of any nation, of any people, and the verdict of all good and true men is that the saloon must die. A mighty public sentiment is being aroused all over the nation against the saloon and the liquor traffic; a sentiment which will not be forced to the rear, nor accept defeat, and which will, under God's blessing, do battle unceasing until the victory is won. God speed the day.

## THE CHRISTIAN HERALD.

The Christian Herald of New York is, under God, a mighty lever for good. It is a helper in any and every good cause. Wherever sin erects its hideous head, the Herald makes a doughty and trenchant blow at the ugly cranium with a mighty club called "clean life," "righteousness," or "law enforcement;" and if this stroke does not prove efficacious, a still more powerful weapon is used; and, with deep reverence, you can name this latter weapon "the Wrath of God." The Herald, under God, has done mighty missionary work in starving India; and, please God, she will yet do mighty work for this rum soaked and saloon cursed United States of America. And may God speed the day. Take the New York Christian Herald into your homes. It will do you great good.

## MARK HIM.

Yes, mark him well, as we may be compelled to unmask him, and the process will be decidedly unpleasant to him. He has stated that the News Review is an unfair and a non-union office; and he has one or two dirty followers, like unto himself, who have tried to convince aspiring politicians that they will injure their chance for nomination by Republican voters if they get their tickets printed at the News Review office. Unfortunately for the leader in the dirty work, and absolutely untruthful statement, he has, by a flagrant act of dishonesty and misrepresentation, placed himself outside the pale occupied by honest and honorable men, and has been fully but quietly exposed in political circles, until his reputation and influence does not amount to a baubee. We will have nothing further to say, at present, respecting this unfortunate fellow, but will remember him at the proper time. And now to the facts in the case, in order to place ourselves right among our friends:

The News Review is a full union office, in every particular, as per the decision of the Trades Council of the city of East Liverpool, which is the controlling body in all such emergencies. Further, as per the decision of the Trades Council, the use of the label of Typographical union No. 318 is all that is necessary in order to constitute any printing office, job or newspaper, a full union office in this city. And still further; if the body known as Typographical union No. 318 has the power to act in this case, as we understand that it has, and refuses to grant to the News Review the right to use both labels, that of the Typographical union and of the pressmen's union, (the latter having no union here, but acting under the Pittsburg, Pa., branch) then the said body becomes guilty of unjust and illegal discrimination against this office, and we can demonstrate the truth of this statement before the international body or head, where the matter will be finally carried in case of necessity. Further, we can and will demonstrate the fact that this trouble was engineered and brought about by a man who has deliberately broken, knowingly and wittingly, one of the essential and binding rules controlling the union to which he belongs; and in so doing has placed himself outside the pale of unionism. And, finally, we stand by our flag of unionism, and defy successful contradiction at the hands of any man or body of men. The News Review office is a union office, all the way through, and we can prove this statement in any union in the land, and are ready to do so at any hour or moment. The public loves fair play, and it will demand that we shall have it.

Ladies' shoes. Prices away down.  
FRAZIER'S SHOE PARLOR,  
167 Fifth Street.

## To a Hospital.

Fred Marsh, who fell through a trestle at Industry several weeks ago and sustained a broken leg, was taken to Pittsburg on the noon train by J. W. Albright.

## Read the News Review.

## Buy Columbus Butterine

Strictly high grade goods, churned especially for our trade, and sold by no others. Do not be misled by dealers who say that they have the same goods. See that the name is stamped on each roll, also on the wrapper.

Fresh dressed turkeys, chickens and ducks. Special attention given to receiving and delivering orders.

**A. E. McLEAN,**  
Both Phones 205, Quick Deliver  
543 Fifth St.

## COUNCIL MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT

A Number of Minor Matters Were Acted on By the City Fathers.

## VEHICLE ORDINANCE UP AGAIN

Nice objected and as it took Seven Members To Pass It Was

## LAID OVER FOR TWO WEEKS

Council met at 8:05 last night and adjourned at 10:30. Messrs. Cripps, Arnold and Fisher were absent.

The ordinance changing the names of certain streets was referred to the ordinance committee.

The Fourth street assessment ordinance was passed.

The finance committee will look over that old bill of the ice company.

A plat of the Columbian park lands was referred to the street committee.

W. L. Chamberlain reported that Calcutta road residents were opposed to making a 12-foot cut on the street until they knew what the improvements made had cost. President Marshall explained the assessments according to benefits and after a long talk the street commissioner was ordered to remove the fence at the Stewart residence.

Smith called attention to the fact that the sidewalk on Calcutta road at the Burlingame property should be repaired.

The ordinance to license vehicles was placed on its second reading.

A slight revision had been made in the rates. Nice said he could see no justice in an ordinance that didn't license the teams of a boss potter and made a poor man with a "\$1.50 horse and a 40 cent wagon" pay it.

W. K. Gaston's bill for \$195.50, A. H. Clark's for \$100 were placed on the pay roll.

The Reserve Foundry and Machine company was given \$250 on account.

The balance, or \$31,000 refunded water works bonds, are coming in and the clerk and mayor were authorized to borrow \$20,000.

Property owners on the east end of Rural lane objected to paying assessments of \$1.51 1-3 per foot front instead of \$1.40, and say that inasmuch as two resolutions were passed the west end of the alley should be a separate improvement. They also object to paying \$24 for the inspection of the street where the city pays Inspector Harris \$60 per month. No action was taken by council, but the property owners won't pay their assessments.

S. R. Dixson and Matthew Andrews donated a boulevard to the city.

Attorney W. H. Vodrey called up the matter of right of way through the lands of O. C. Vodrey and the Globe pottery on Pennsylvania avenue and a committee will look after it.

## POLICE NEWS.

MATTHEWS PAID \$14.60 FOR FRIGHTENING LADIES.

One of the Small Boys Who Stole Grapes is Now in Custody.

When given a hearing yesterday Tom Matthews was fined \$14.60, which he paid and was released.

Joseph Bentley, the Wellsville colored man who took on a few too many Monday night, was arraigned yesterday and fined \$5.60, which he paid.

Tim Mullen was arrested by Chief Thompson yesterday on a charge of petit larceny. Timmy was one of the

## Men's Winter Tan Shoes

## Reduced Prices.

All the \$5.00 Shoes, except \$3.50 one style, now

All the \$4.00 and \$3.50 Shoes \$2.50 now

All the \$3.00 and \$2.50 Shoes \$2.00 now

## BENDHEIM'S, Diamond.

### Elected Officers.

At the meeting of the members of the First Presbyterian Sunday school, held at the church last evening, all the old officers were re-elected.

Felt boots away down at FRAZIER'S SHOE PARLOR, 167 Fifth Street.

## HOFMAN, The Jeweler.

Repairing and Engraving done in the most skillful manner, by an expert of over 40 years experience.

Jewelry of every description. Prices very reasonable.

No. 205,  
Market St., E. Liverpool, O.

## Welsbach Light Only 35c FOR COMPLETE OUTFIT.

You are interested in securing first class illumination, for reading, writing and like purposes. Think of the superb Welsbach Light, complete, at only 35c. Very handsome heating stoves. You should inspect them.

Fancy Glassware for Welsbach Lights. Very artistic. All kinds of mantles, from 10 to 50 cents. It will pay you to call at the office of the

**OHIO VALLEY GAS CO.,**  
No. 149 Sixth Street.

## EAST END.

### VERY INTERESTING

Was the Sermon of Rev. Grimes at the Second U. P. Church Last Night.

"The Christian's Lamp" was the subject of Rev. Grimes' discourse at the Second U. P. church last night, and proved very interesting.

The gentleman took for his text, "Thy word is a lamp to my feet and a light to my path." In part he said: "As we read the bible we are impressed by the familiar character of its illustrations. The sacred writers chose from the life about them scenes and incidents which were familiar then and are familiar today. This text is one of these familiar metaphors. Notice that the psalmist says, 'thy word.' He evidently did not reflect any part of the word. He says a lamp to my feet. Too many people read the bible as a book for their neighbors.

"The bible is a signal lamp. It signals danger. It is the danger signal which God has set up at every cross road leading into sin, that men may take warning and deliver their souls. It signals hope; to the sinner who is doomed it says, God gave His only son that whosoever believeth should not perish. To the believer who is in straits, 'Fear not, I am with thee.'

"It signals safety to the children of God. There are perilous places in life. When the believer comes to any such places let him look for the signal lamp of God's word. He will see it shining bright and clear, signaling be not afraid, all will be well."

### HAS MEASLES.

Owing to the illness of the Pastor the Meetings Will be Discontinued.

Rev. G. W. Orcutt is confined to his home with an attack of measles, and the protracted meetings, which have been in progress at the Second Methodist Episcopal church, will close with the prayer meeting services tonight.

The reverend gentleman is having considerable more than his share of sickness recently and has just recovered from an attack of chicken pox.

The discontinuing of the revival services is a great disappointment to those in charge, as much good was being accomplished.

### THE NEW MAN.

John Kline Has Been Appointed to Fill the Vacancy in the Street Force.

The new assistant commissioner entered upon his duties at the East End this morning.

It was not anticipated that any trouble would be experienced in securing a man for the place, and when the street committee was ready they made the appointment.

The new man is John Kline, and as he has had considerable experience, it is thought his work will be most satisfactory.

### FROM BOX 12.

Captain Terrence Made a Run to the Harker Pottery Last Night.

When the alarm was sent in to the department at central station last night the register showed that it came from box 12. This box is located at Harker's pottery and when the parties in charge of station No. 2 learned this a run was made to that place. Not finding anything wrong they returned to East End, and it was afterward learned that the fire was at the plant of the Potters Supply company.

#### East End Notes.

Harry Herbert is ill at his home on Elmwood avenue.

Mrs. Charles Hoyt, of Atwater, is a

guest of the family of Joseph Deacon, Erie street.

Dr. S. Pearsall, of West Bridgewater, is visiting at the home of Dr. Marshall, Mulberry street.

### PERSONAL NEWS

#### Paragraphs About People Coming And Going And Those Who Are Sick.

—A. W. Scott spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—F. E. Oyster spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—J. H. Maxwell spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—John Sant left this morning for Tiltonville.

—Walter B. Hill spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—W. L. Thompson was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Russell Heddleston spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—Richard Thompson spent the day in Pittsburgh.

—John W. Scott was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Rev. Edwin Weary was a Rochester visitor today.

—Ed Hassey was a Beaver Falls visitor yesterday.

—J. R. Warner left yesterday afternoon for Chicago.

—Frank Lowe left this morning for a business trip to Salem.

—Miss Bessie Rogers, of Salineville, arrived in the city yesterday.

—W. H. Frasier left this morning for a business trip to Sharon, Pa.

—Miss Pearl Swan left yesterday afternoon for a visit at Canton.

—W. H. Romey left this morning for a business trip to Grand Rapids, Mich.

—Miss Laura Bassing, of Fourth street, left yesterday for a visit at Beaver.

—Harry Hall, of Fourth street, left yesterday afternoon for a visit at Cleveland.

—Rev. David Livingston, of Columbus, is in the city the guest of Dr. J. C. Taggart, East Market street.

—Daniel Smith, of Inverness, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Williams, College street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Flowers returned to the city yesterday afternoon after a week's visit at Cadiz and Canal Dover.

—James Hassey, of Cleveland, who has been the guest of his son Ed for four weeks, left yesterday for a visit at Salem.

—Mrs. John McAllister left yesterday afternoon for Salineville, being called there by the illness of her mother.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Myers, of Kensington, arrived in the city yesterday and are the guests of their son, Louis Myers, West End.

—J. D. West, who has been confined to his home on Robinson street for the past five weeks with pneumonia, is again able to be out.

—Miss Bert Cunningham, of Wellsville, left this city today for Chicago, where she will make her home in the future after a visit with friends in this city.

—Frank Geon left yesterday afternoon for Cleveland, where he will resume his studies at the Western Reserve college after spending his vacation in this city.

#### Tennyson and Sightseers.

Tennyson's well known aversion to sightseers and their ways gave rise to many an odd experience. Once, it is said, he complained to Queen Victoria, saying that he could no longer stay in the Isle of Wight owing to the tourists who came to stare at him.

The queen, with a kindly irony, said that she herself did not suffer much from that grievance. But Tennyson, taking her literally, replied in the same strain.

"No, madam," said he, "and if I could clap a sentinel wherever I liked I should not be troubled either."

Mrs. Enpeck—You let people domineer over you too much, Henry. You should learn to say "no" occasionally.

Mr. Enpeck—Yes; that's right, and I wish to goodness you had said it on a certain occasion.—Chicago News.

## SOUTH SIDE.

### Bought a Gas Well.

It is reported in Chester today that the C. A. Hecks & Co gas well, situated on the H. G. Mercer farm, south of town, has been sold to a Wheeling firm.

It is also stated that one of the companies will shortly put down wells on the Williams farm nearby, and that extensive operations will be made in that field within the next few months.

### They Will be Married.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Allison, south of town, at 4 o'clock tomorrow will be solemnized the marriage of Thomas Fowler and Miss Bertha Allison.

The young couple are well and favorably known in this community, where they will make their future home.

### Slightly Improved.

John M. Cunningham, who has been suffering for some time with an abscess on the right side of his face, is slightly improved.

Dr. Lewis this morning operated upon the abscess, which left Mr. Cunningham in a very weakened condition.

### Met With an Accident.

Clare, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Finley, fell on a large piece of coal yesterday at its home on First street, and sustained a bad gash in the forehead. The wound was dressed and the little one is resting easy today.

### The Last Session.

The last session of the farmer's institute was held yesterday afternoon. Samuel Webb was elected president for the coming year, and arrangements were made for the annual meeting next year.

### McDaniel is Better.

Curtis McDaniel, who was injured in the explosion at the works of the Potters Supply company last evening, is some better today, although he suffered a great deal from the burns on his hands and face.

### Southside Notes.

Wilmer ("Katie") Allison, who has been confined to his home in the country with measles, has so far recovered as to be able to return to work in the pottery.

Dr. Donahue, of Southside, is a Chester visitor today.

Harry Stewart and family, who have been visiting relatives at Gas Valley for several days, have returned home.

The Protected Home Circle, at their regular meeting last evening, initiated four new candidates.

Miss Anna Mulady is confined to her home by illness. There is no school in the department presided over by the lady in consequence.

H. B. Luntz, of Steubenville, was arrested by Chief Thompson this morning for fast driving on the bridge. He put up security for his appearance this evening.

Men's nobby shoes, away down.

FRAZIER'S SHOE PARLOR,  
167 Fifth Street.

### The Young Men of Today.

The young men of today are too finicky—too much given to self analysis, too self pampering. Their shoes and neckties cost more each year than did the entire wardrobe of their grandfathers. They feel a sense of degradation in small beginnings and plodding, and they wait for success ready made to come to them. There is not a young man in the country who would imitate Ben Franklin and march through the streets munching a loaf of bread while looking for employment. He dare not, indeed, because society has become also finicky, and he would be arrested as a tramp. The young man of today wants capital. He cannot be president of a bank or judge of a court the first week he is from school, and he feels like the famous Eli Pussey, that he has "no chance."—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

## ELIJAH W. HILL,

### Real Estate Dealer,

Second Floor Grand Building, Corner Sixth and Washington.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

### LIST NO. 8.

Call at office for previous lists.

### BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

New Waterford, Ohio.—Hotel of 16 rooms; the only hotel in the town; livery attached; 3-4 acre of ground; a good chance for a profitable business. Owner wishes to sell on account of age. Inquire for price and particulars.

Salineville, Ohio.—Stoneware pottery plant; can be converted into a clay novelty works, door knob factory or the making of specialties; has been used for manufacturing chimney tops, flower vases, etc. Land consists of 3-4 acre. Improvements: 1 double-crown 16 ft. kiln (cost \$2,200 to build), 2-story frame addition about 20x40 and a one-story frame shed over boiler and engine. Equipments: One 20-horse power engine, 2 flue boilers, shafting on each floor of brick building; 1 pug mill; 1 brick machine and other usual accessories. Plant is situated on Railroad; good clays in vicinity; will sell entire plant for \$1,950.

Newspaper business opportunity in Mahoning county, Ohio—One-half ownership in a weekly paper in an enterprising town, and one-half interest in the business block in which the paper is located. Good rental derived from building outside of what is occupied by paper. A good chance for a competent newspaper man to get in on the ground floor. No heavy investment and not much ready money needed. See us for further particulars.

### F FARMS.

8 miles from East Liverpool—80 acre farm; all tillable; good 6-room house; barn and outbuildings, orchard, etc. Inquire for price.

3 miles from East Liverpool—2 miles from Wellsville—20 acres of land, all tillable; well watered; surface level; soil rich, sandy loam; suitable for gardening, chicken raising, truck farming, etc. Inquire for particulars and price.

Beaver Co., Pa.—15 miles from East Liverpool via Chester and Harshawville; 155 acres, 100 acres tillable; 50 acres in timber; balance in orchard of peaches, apples, plums, grapes, etc., well watered; suitable for general farming; 4-room new house, good frame stable; spring house; wagon shed, etc. Will sell in whole or part, cash or time. Will trade for town properties. Inquire for further particulars and prices.

Wellsville, O.—In suburbs—10½ acres of land; 3 veins of coal; flag and sand stone quarries opened; 60 apple, 100 peach, 75 quince and some pear trees, all bearing. A good 4-room house. All in good order. Price \$2,900.

Hancock Co., W. Va., 3 miles from river near Fairview—166 acres, 80 acres cleared, balance in timber, underlaid with coal, with mine opened. Farm is well watered; near to church and school. Will trade for town properties or sell on time or for cash. Price \$22 per acre.

Salineville—2 miles northeast—159 acres, nearly all tillable; good orchard; berry patches; underlaid with coal and minerals. An 8-room 2-story slate roof dwelling; an 8-stall bank barn. A bargain. Owner a townsman, tired of farming. Price \$3,500.

Smith's Ferry, Pa.—(2 miles north)—10 acres, all tillable; well watered; 100 fruit trees, all bearing; producing oil fuel surrounding; a 5-room dwelling and a bank barn. Price upon inquiry.

Wellsville, O.—(5 miles north)—163 acre farm; level and well watered; orchards, dwelling, barns, etc. Suitable for general farming. Inquire for price.

Hancock Co., W. Va.—1 mile back of Rock Springs Park—75 acres; 20 acres in timber; orchards and usual fruit bearers. Land is excellent; 5-room dwelling and barn. This is a chance for an investor who looks to the future. Price \$3,500.

Hancock Co., W. Va.—5 miles from East Liverpool, 5 miles from Wellsville—125 acres, nearly all tillable; about 4 acres in timber; well fenced and well kept; apples, pears, quinces and other fruits; plenty of water; near school and church. An unusually good dwelling of 7 rooms and good bank barn. Will trade for city property. Call for price and particulars.

Do not think this is all the properties we have for sale. Five large lists have preceded this, of which you can obtain copies by calling at our office. Further, there are many properties we have for sale that we do not advertise. Of these you can learn at office.

Many of the above properties can be bought on easy terms. In no case more than one-third cash is required. To specify in each case the terms would require too much space. Inquire of us for full particulars. Like all dealers, we are anxious to display "our goods," and hence be perfectly free to ask us anything you wish to know.

Office open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

### Made Up For Lost Time.

When President Kruger sailed for England some years ago, he was the object of much concern to his fellow passengers on board the liner from Cape Town, many of whom were consumed with curiosity when they noticed his absence from the dinner table for the first four days out.

On inquiry they found that the careful Transvaaler spent the dinner hour on deck, where he ate biltong and biscuits. When asked his reason, he testily replied, "I have no money to fool away on expensive eating, like you Englishmen."

The correspondent who tells the story and who was on board at the time adds, "You should have seen the old man trying to make up for lost time

when it was explained to him that his passage money included his meals on board."

### A Skeleton In Every Closet.

The expression "There is a skeleton in every closet" is said to have its origin in the fact that a soldier once wrote to his mother, who complained of her unhappiness, to have some sewing done for him by some one who had no cares or troubles. At last the mother found a woman who seemed to have no troubles, but when she told her business the woman took her to a closet containing a skeleton and said: "Madam, I try to keep my troubles to myself, but every night I am compelled by my husband to kiss this skeleton, who was once his rival. Think you, then, I can be happy?"

# CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE

Shown In Management of Rochester, N. Y., Asylum.

## THE DEAD VICTIMS NUMBER 28.

Twelve Others More or Less Seriously Injured in the Fire in an Orphan Asylum—Thought to Have Been Caused by Natural Gas Explosion.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 9.—There was a joint meeting of the managers and trustees of the Rochester orphan asylum in City Assessor Pond's office. The meeting was hurriedly called, but the assessor's large room was filled to the doors with members of the board and those interested in the institution. While all sorts of excuses were put forward as to the cause of the disaster there was unanimity in conceding that the managers had been derelict in that there had not been a better and more complete system of fire escapes provided. One, Thomas C. Montgomery, frankly expressed the opinion that the managers had been negligent in that they did not employ a night watchman at the asylum and that they had not had the building patrolled nightly.

Twenty-eight dead bodies lie at the morgue and 12 others, more or less seriously injured, were at the different hospitals in the city as a result of the terrible holocaust. Of the dead, 26 were children of both sexes, ranging in age from 2 to 14 years, while the remaining two were adults. The fire was probably caused by an explosion of natural gas in the boiler room, adjoining the west wing of the asylum, and spread so rapidly that many of the 109 inmates of the institution were overcome by the flames and smoke almost without warning. A corrected and revised list of the dead follows:

Arthur Kelly.  
Gladys Hill.  
Gertrude Toner.  
Bertha Hall.  
Viola Stuck.  
Lillian Stone.  
Mildred Slocum.  
Mary Alexander.  
Helen Hamilton.  
Hazel Murray.  
Minnie Tiffany.  
Myrtle Patterson.  
Isabell Marthage.  
Gertrude McCaw.  
Marion McCaw.  
Loreo Owen.  
Charlie Benham.  
Rhea Conwell.  
Bertha Potter.  
Mildred Wright, colored.  
Minnie Skinner.  
Mary Kane.  
Cora Potter.  
Charlotte Bryant.  
Beachnell Carey.  
Evangeline Carey.  
Mrs. Maria Gordon, the cook of the asylum.  
Mrs. Martha Gillis, a nurse.  
The seriously injured:

Miss Isabelle Lawson, nurse, badly burned about arms and body; condition serious.

Ellen Delmore, nurse, badly burned on face and back; recovery doubtful.

Fred Potter, badly burned; may die.

Kate Cotterill, aged 16, leg broken.  
Blanche Anderson, aged 7, colored, severely burned.

Maurice Keating, fireman, hand injured.

Mrs. Amelia Cline, nurse, burned and leg broken.

Mary Bradd, nurse, badly burned; recovery doubtful.

Frances M. Hibbard, nurse, severely burned; will recover.

Minnie Conklin, nurse, burned.

Frances Edwards, an attendant, severely burned.

John Carr, aged 3, suffocated; recovery doubtful.

Captain William Creegan, of hose company No. 3, prostrated by inhaling smoke; will probably recover.

## DEATHS OF SOLDIERS.

A List Sent by General MacArthur From the Philippines—Some Expired From Dysentery.

Washington, Jan. 9.—General MacArthur transmitted a list of deaths in the Philippines to the war department, containing the following:

Dysentery—Dec. 1, Co. B, 34th L. Frank B. Huff; Dec. 15, Co. I, 18th L. Fred J. Wilson; Dec. 25, Co. F, 25th L. Samuel A. Nelson; Dec. 19, Co. I, 18th L. George W. Elder; Jan. 3, Co. D, 46th L. Hans Gofford; Dec. 20, Troop M, 3d C, George T. Butler.

Malarial fever—Jan. 1, Co. K, 37th L. Patrick W. Fitzgerald; Dec. 26, Co. I, 36th L. Allen Westfall; Dec. 26, Co. D, 25th L. Lawrence T. Grey.

All other causes—Nov. 27, 22th L. unassigned recruit, Charles G. Neizer; Dec. 21, Co. G, 31st L. Daniel F. Griffon; Jan. 3, Co. F, 21st L. Thomas Denton; Dec. 30, 12th L. unassigned recruit, George W. Whalen; Dec. 29, Co. C, 12th L. Rutledge Herdon; Dec. 30, Co. D, 34th L. Dell W. Barnard; Dec. 28, Co. H, 37th L. First Sergeant Robert Anderson; Dec. 24, Co. L, 38th L. Joe Sommers; Dec. 29, Co. F, 4th L. Louis F. Silver; Dec. 7, Co. B, 31st L. Christian F. Kuyser; Jan. 3, — Sergeant John Goffey.

## TWELVE DEAD SOLDIERS.

Their Remains Arrived on the Transport Sherman—Some Died at Sea.

Washington, Jan. 9.—General Shafter informed the war department that the transport Sherman, which arrived at San Francisco, had on board 431 sick soldiers, six insane soldiers, 42 prisoners and 12 remains of deceased soldiers. The following died at sea:

Musician Nelson Brembercy, E. 29th, chronic dysentery, Jan. 1; Private Matthew J. Comisky, M. 17th, pulmonary tuberculosis, Dec. 24; Axel Johnson, K. 20th, chronic dysentery, Dec. 30; William Hart and John H. Chambers, A. 36th, chronic dysentery, Dec. 18 and 28 respectively; Charles O. Hall, N. 42d L, pulmonary tuberculosis, Dec. 27.

## BROKE BRETH'S HEALTH.

His Father Attributed It to Hazing John Told Brother of Once Having to Be Revived.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9.—The congressional committee which is investigating the hazing of fourth class cadets at West Point military academy resumed the taking of testimony. Harry Breth, of Altoona, an older brother of John Breth, whose death is also under investigation, told of a visit he and his sister paid his brother at West Point in August, 1897, a few months after his admission to the academy. John said he had been exercised until he was rendered unconscious and was revived with whisky. Harry said that hazing had become so severe that extra guards had been put on duty and John said that such a proceeding was unusual.

When the cadet returned home after having been found deficient in certain studies in 1898 he seemed unwell and never was in good health after that.

Lucien Alexander, secretary of the board of examiners for the admission of law students to the Philadelphia bar, who on Monday refused to give the result of Oscar Booz's examination on the ground that he would be in contempt of the courts under a rule of the court, said he had applied to the court of common pleas and had been granted a rule permitting him to make answer. He then testified that Oscar Booz failed in the examination, he having a general average of 50. Mr. Alexander said he attributed his bad showing to Booz's poor eyesight.

Harry Breth was again called and he submitted three letters written by his brother while he was a cadet at West Point. In one letter John told of having received a large number of demerits. This, he said, was not the result of carelessness, as the rules were very strict. He had little time to keep his belongings in proper order, as he was compelled to neglect his duties by reason of his having to attend soirees, which was one of the forms of hazing in vogue at the academy.

Another letter stated that one night "some of the worst fellows in C company" took John and three others to a tent and forced them to undergo excessive exercise. John was made to "brace," "eagle," "wooden Willie," put on a rain coat and with a cape covering his head, hold out dumb bells.

Mr. Breth, the father of John, said it was his firm conviction that the excessive hazing his son underwent made him chronically nervous, broke his health and reduced his vitality to such an extent that the young man was unable to fight the typhoid germs.

George L. Smith, of this city, who was at West Point from June, 1886, to June, 1887, described the hazing as he knew it at that time. Wesley Merritt was then the superintendent and he was very strict, more so, he thought, than the succeeding superintendents. There was no brutal or exhausting hazing while he was at the academy.

The committee then adjourned to meet at West Point today.

Secretary Hay Was Still Ill.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Secretary Hay was still ailing Tuesday with the cold which has effected him of late, and remained away from the state department.

## A \$12,000,000 PLANT.

### Carnegie to Build One at Conneaut Harbor.

### TO MANUFACTURE TUBES AND PIPES

Official Announcement Made That It Will Be the Largest Plant of the Kind in the World—Believed It Will Be a Severe Blow to Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—Official announcement was made last evening by the Carnegie Steel company that it intended erecting the largest and finest pipe and tube manufacturing plant in the world at a cost of \$12,000,000 on a 5,000 acre site at Conneaut harbor, the northern terminus of the Pittsburg, Bessemer and Lake Erie railroad. If this determination be carried into execution the two greatest combines of recent creation, with J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller and the Standard Oil company millions on the one hand, and Andrew Carnegie and his young partners on the other, may be brought into bitter competition.

The erection of such a plant on Lake Erie will be a severe blow to Pittsburg, and the announcement is regarded as warning to the railroad combination that high freight rates are becoming insurmountable barriers to the successful manufacture of iron and steel in Pittsburg in comparison with more favored spots.

The announcement is considered in some circles an invitation for more tonnage from the existing tube combination in addition to its warning to the railroads, as previous attempts to locate successful manufacturing plants on Lake Erie have been futile. The plain statement of President Charles M. Schwab, of the Carnegie company, however, would seem sufficient to the contrary.

The statement, which was authorized and in President Schwab's name, said in part:

"The company has purchased 5,000 acres of land immediately east of the Conneaut harbor docks and a large part of this vast tract will be utilized as a site for the tube works. It was the intention before the plans were commenced, a year ago, to locate the works upon the Monongahela river, but the enormous area of the proposed establishment made the original site impracticable.

"Options upon land on the Allegheny Valley railroad at Tarentum were then secured with the view of locating the works there. However, investigation proved that the drawbacks of this site were too numerous and difficult to overcome. The Tarentum land required a railroad to be built in order to connect with the Bessemer railroad, and to do this it was found that it would be necessary to move the tracks of the Allegheny Valley. The site is also comparatively small for the purpose intended and left no ground for future additions.

With the works established at Conneaut, it is the expectation to rush the shipments during the navigable months—April to December—and thus reduce transportation charges to not over one-third or even one-fourth of the rates now charged for rail shipments. The Bessemer railroad at present returns hundreds of empty cars daily to Conneaut, and with the works on the lake shore completed the road will have a back haul of coal and coke, the transportation of which will virtually cost nothing. It was desirable to utilize the full benefits of the Bessemer railroad, and the shipment of coal and coke will balance the traffic to some extent. From Conneaut water communication is sure to New York, Boston and other eastern ports via the Erie canal—soon to be enlarged—and the Welland canal; also the large cities on the great lakes, including Chicago, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Buffalo and other points.

Lake Erie will furnish an abundant water supply for the tube works—a very important consideration in locating a plant of the size proposed. The works will stretch over a mile of the lake front and will be the most extensive and complete plant of its kind in every branch ever built. It will include all essentials in the scale of pipe and tube manufacturing, from the ore to the finished product. The general system of operation will be continuous, the ore being unloaded from vessels at one end and worked through the successive stages of iron and steel making in a direct line to the finished pipe and tubing at the other end. Electric power will be principally employed for driving the machinery. The blast furnaces to be built will probably exceed in size and capacity the two great stacks now being finished by the Carnegie Steel

company at Rankin. The investment, exclusive of ground, will reach about \$12,000,000."

### BLOW AT SUNDAY BALL.

### Perpetual Order Enjoining Interstate League Manager, at Youngstown, O.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 9.—Judge Rogers granted a perpetual order enjoining Manager Finn, of the Interstate League club, from playing baseball in this city on Sunday. The case will be appealed to the higher courts by Finn's attorneys.

### MORMONS MORE BOLD.

Rev. George Bailey Said Polygamy Was Being Practiced—Minister After More Money For College.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—The Rev. George Bailey, of Salt Lake City, Utah, is in the city, to remain a couple of months. He is pastor of the Westminster general assembly, and has been released for three months to come to Pittsburg, especially in the interest of Sheldon Jackson college, of which General John M. Eaton is president. The Rev. Sheldon Jackson, commissioner of education for Alaska, has given the college \$50,000, and Mr. Bailey is attempting to raise enough money in Pittsburg to erect the building.

Mr. Bailey said that the Mormons were becoming bolder in the practice of polygamy and that even the apostles of the Mormon church lived in polygamous relations. He earnestly favors the passage of the bill now before congress, to submit the polygamy prohibition amendment to a vote of the people. Mr. Bailey thought that education will do much to enlighten the people and overthrow the Mormon church.

### PRESIDENT HAS THE GRIP.

Physician Quoted as Saying There Are No Complications.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Secretary Cortelyou said concerning the president's illness: "The president's cold has developed into a well defined case of grip. His physician states that there are no complications and that everything is progressing favorably. The disease must run its regular course, and the president, therefore, is not likely to be out of his room for some days."

### FIVE KNOWN TO BE DEAD.

Another Body May Have Been In the Wreck—Others Injured.

Morgantown, W. Va., Jan. 9.—An engine running light struck a freight train on the Monongahela River division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, at Anderson, and the collision resulted in the death of six or seven men and the serious injury of two others. The dead, so far as known, are:

William Bowman.  
John Devenny.  
Michael Dinoon.  
Parish King.  
Unknown tramp.

Another body is thought to be in the wreck. Two more are badly injured and may die. The dead men all belonged in Fairmont or that vicinity. All were railroad employees except the tramp, who was stealing a ride on the freight. It is supposed that a misunderstanding of orders was the cause of the accident.

The wreck occurred on a trestle, which was broken down and the track badly torn up.

### SEVERAL REBEL CAMPS CAPTURED.

Arrests of Suspected Insurgents in Manila and Vicinity.

Manila, Jan. 9.—Several insurgent camps were captured and destroyed recently in various districts of Luzon and Larao. One camp was captured in the mountains of Marinduque. A scouting party of the Forty-sixth regiment captured a score of ladrone near Silang.

Arrests of suspected insurgents continued numerously in Manila and its vicinity.

Paterno and other influential independent radicals were seeking to develop the two factions of the Federal party. Paterno contended that, while the declared principles of the party will do for the present, eventually the Filipinos will seek fuller independence. Although he would not admit believing America's sovereignty is undesirable, he said he wanted the relations between the Philippines and the United States to be similar to those of Australia and Canada with Great Britain.

Dark Faced Type denotes 12 noon to midnight, Light Faced, 12 midnight to 12 noon. Pall Mall Smoking Car are run on Nos. 335 and 302, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 336 and 316 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects with Rooster for New Castle, Jamestown, Conn., Niles, Warren, Ashtabula, intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, N. Y., and intermediate stations; No. 361 for Youngstown. Nos. 335 and 303 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 303 at Wellsville.

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For time, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

### DISCUSSED CANTEEN.

That and Post Exchanges Up For Consideration in the Senate.

Washington, Jan. 9.—During the legislative session the senate had under consideration the much mooted canteen question in connection with the army reorganization bill. The senate committee in effect restored the provision for a post exchange, or canteen, which had been stricken out of the bill by the house. For nearly five hours the senate discussed the committee amendment.

Senators Gallinger, of New Hampshire, and Hansbrough, of North Dakota, vigorously opposed the amendment, and, in turn, it was quite as strenuously supported by Senators Sewell, of New Jersey; Hawley, of Connecticut; Money, of Mississippi, and Carter, of Montana.

### AGED LADY DIED.

Her Demise Prevented Reunion of Five Generations.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—Mrs. Margaret Zollinger, aged 94—her birthday anniversary occurring last Sunday—died early Tuesday morning, at the home of her daughter in Brushton. A reunion of five generations of the family, which was to have been held Tuesday, was therefore abandoned.

### Lieutenant Smith Dead.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The war department was informed of the death at Manila of First Lieutenant Louis P. Smith, assistant surgeon, U. S. A. He was born in and appointed from the District of Columbia in November, 1896.

### Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

	335	309	361	303	339	361
Westward.	AM	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Pittsburg	1520	5327	2200	1130	1445	1100
Allegany	"					

## HE WON IN A CANTER.

"LUCKY" BALDWIN MADE HIS JOCKEY RIDE SQUARE.

The Horseman Used an Argument That Made the Crooked Rider's Teeth Chatter While He Got Out All the Speed in the Animal.

In the lobby of a hotel the other evening a number of men were discussing sports and sporting men when the subject of nerve and grit came up. One of the party, a well known Californian, who knew "Lucky" Baldwin in the old days, said:

"Baldwin was about the hardest man to be chiseled out of anything he set his heart on getting that I ever met up with. A whole lot of people tried to put it on him in business and other sort of deals, but none of these ever succeeded in catching 'Lucky' Baldwin sufficiently asleep to make their plans stick."

"Horsemen still talk about a funny game in which Baldwin figured on one of the Chicago race tracks a number of years ago. Baldwin had brought his magnificent string of thoroughbreds to Chicago to make an effort to annex the swell stakes that were then on tap on the tracks in the windy town, and he got them home first or in the money in many of the biggest events. Well, he had one of his finest horses entered in a valuable long distance event, and Baldwin was particularly anxious to win this race, not so much for the purse end of it as for the glory of capturing the stake. His horse just about figured to win, too, and Baldwin intended to 'go down the line' on the animal's chances, not only at the track, but at all of the big poolrooms in the country. He stood to clean up considerably more than \$100,000 on the horse if the brute got under the wire first. Baldwin's regular stable jockey was taken sick on the morning of the race, and the old man had to hustle around for another boy to ride his horse in the big event. From another horseman he bought for a big round sum the release of a high grade rider, who was to have taken the mount on a thoroughbred that didn't figure to get near the money in the stake race. Baldwin gave the jockey his instructions as to the way he wanted the horse ridden, and then when the betting opened, his commissioners dumped Baldwin's money into the ring in such large quantities that the horse became an overwhelming favorite.

"A quarter of an hour before the horses were due to go to the post a well known bookmaker, to whom Baldwin had often exhibited kindness in less prosperous days, ran to where the old man was standing, chewing a straw, in his barn.

"'Baldwin,' said the bookie to the old man, 'there's a job to beat you, and you're going to get beat. They wanted me to go in with 'em, but you've always been on the level with me, and I wouldn't stand for it. The ring has bought up your jock, and your horse is going to be snatched.'

"'Much obliged for telling me that,' replied the old man. 'I'll just make a stab to see that the boy doesn't do any snatching, though.'

Baldwin borrowed another gun from one of his stable hands (in those days he always carried one of his own about as long as your arm), and with his artillery he strolled over the infield and took up his stand by the fence at the turn into the stretch. He hadn't mentioned to anybody what he was going to do, and the folks who saw the old man making for the stretch turn simply thought that Baldwin wanted to watch the race from that point of view. He did, for that matter, but he happened to have another end in view.

"Well, the horses got away from the post in an even bunch, and then Baldwin's horse went out to make the running. The jockey's idea was to race the horse's head off and then pull him in the stretch, making it appear as if the animal had tired. Baldwin had instructed the jock to play a waiting game and make his bid toward the finish. The horse simply outclassed his company, however, and he didn't show any indications of leg weariness whatever as he rounded the backstretch on the rail a couple of lengths in front of his field. Baldwin could see, however, that the crooked jock was sawing the horse's head off in his effort to take him back to the ruck. When the horses were still a hundred feet from him, Baldwin let out a yell to attract his jockey's attention, and then he flashed his two guns in the sunlight and bawled:

ed at the jock:

"'Leggo that horse's head, you monkey devil, and go on and win or I'll shoot you so full of holes that you won't hold molasses!'

"The jock gave one look at those two guns that Baldwin was pointing straight at him. Then he gave Baldwin's horse his head, sat down to ride for all that was in him, and the horse under him cantered in ten lengths to the good on the bit. As long as 'Lucky' Baldwin was on the eastern turf after that no jockey ever tried to yank one of his horses."—Washington Post.

### DRESS AS WELL AS YOU CAN.

#### It Is One's Duty to Present a Pleasing Appearance.

This story is told in Denver of a man who was once a leading merchant there. In the early days of the city he walked its streets, out of work and money. He was poorly clad, but neat and clean. He sought employment from a prosperous grocer and said he was willing to do anything. The merchant at length sent him into his cellar to clean out a room so foully dirty that many a common laborer had refused to enter it. When the young man appeared in the evening, he was as neat in his appearance as he had been in the morning. Of course the merchant thought he had done little or nothing. But when he saw the cellar, clean and fresh, he said to the young man:

"You've not only shown that you are willing to work, but also that you have some respect for yourself. I guess I'll give you a job."

This young man, who in a few years became the head of the selfsame business, realized the important fact that the worker is often scrutinized as closely as his work.

It is a man's duty toward his fellow man to dress as well as he can afford to. Nowhere in nature does the poorly dressed man find any excuse for his lack. Even the lowest forms of animal and plant life are clothed in pleasing colors.

Reptiles crawl in richly mottled skins; beasts of burden and birds of prey are clad in fur and gay plumage. Trees blossom in wonderful foliage, and that most plebeian of vegetables, the onion, revels below the ground in colors that artists seek to imitate and above ground in a leafage and bloom odd and beautiful.

Everywhere in nature beauty is combined with use. It remains for man, the highest and noblest specimen of the Creator's handiwork, to be the daub in the color scheme of the universe.—Weekly Bouquet.

#### Giving Him a Rest.

The energy of one of the oldest inhabitants of a Massachusetts town is a byword among his neighbors and a trial to his grandchildren, who have not inherited their full share of his active temper.

His grandson John in particular suffers from the old man's untiring industry, for John is his assistant in the little grocery shop, where everything, from codfish to brooms, may be found. A purchaser of gingersnaps lingered one day to hear the noontime address delivered to poor John by his grandfather.

"Now, Johnny, I'm a-going home for my dinner," said the old man briskly, "and on the way I'll carry up these pails to Miss Manson and fetch back her kerosene can. I shall be gone upwards of half an hour. You'll have plenty of time to eat your luncheon, and while you're resting after that I wish you'd saw up that little mess of wood that lays out by the back door and split it up for stove kindling, for the weather's turning sharp a'ready.

"Most likely I'll be back 'fore you get out o' work, and anyways I don't want to keep you at it all the time, so if there's a few extra minutes jest set down and make out a bill or two. The fust of the month'll be upon us 'fore we know it."—Youth's Companion.

#### Helping the Enemy.

A coal heaver was getting in a load of coal in the suburbs of London. He was shoveling in the coals at a good rate when he was startled by a terrific yell from the house adjoining.

"Wot the dickens is the matter?" queried the coalman, starting up.

A disheveled looking individual made his appearance at the door.

"Matter, you thickhead!" shouted the man, frantically endeavoring to pull his hair up in clots by the roots, "you are putting the coal down the wrong hole. My wife's people live there!"—London Tit-Bits.

The gods but half reluctantly Grant us the gift of song; Yet, tawny throat, they give to thee Pure notes and pinions strong.

### WINGS.

To those blue worlds that arch above We look, aspire—and fail. Thou, thou dost mount the skies we love, The stars we never scale.

Thou knowest not, winged soul, the fires Of that old discord strange, The vast and infinite desires, The all too finite range.

So sing for us! Our throats are still, And song no solace brings— To whom the gods have given the will, But not, alas, the wings!

—Arthur Stringer in Ainslee's Magazine.

### THE DATE OF THE FLOOD.

#### Bible Facts on Which the Bishop Based His Question.

Some people had fun over the reported rejection of eight candidates for the African Methodist ministry in the south by the examining bishop because they could not tell the date of the flood. Nevertheless the bishop who asked the question knew what he was doing. It may not have been a fair question, but there is a concise answer to it in the Bible, and he no doubt thought that the eight candidates, if they were well versed in the Old Testament, would answer it at once.

The date of the flood was 1,656 years after the birth of Adam, in the second month and the seventeenth day. It began then and continued for 40 days and nights. This is how it is figured:

The third verse of the fifth chapter of Genesis reads thus, "And Adam lived 130 years and begat a son in his own likeness, after his image, and called his name Seth." Then in the sixth verse it is told that Seth lived 105 years and begat Enos. Adam, says the fourth verse, lived 800 years after the birth of Seth, and the latter after the birth of Enos lived 807 years. So it goes on. Enos begat Cainan when he was 90; Cainan begat Mahalaleel when he was 75; Mahalaleel begat Jared when he was 65; Jared begat Enoch when he was 162. Methuselah was born to Enoch when the latter was 65, and when Methuselah was 187 he begat Lamech, and Lamech's son Noah came into the world when the father was 182. This brings us down to the birth of Noah, which, according to the added ages of the several patriarchs at the time their sons were born, occurred 1,056 years after the birth of Adam.

In the seventh chapter of Genesis the eleventh verse reads as follows: "In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and all the windows of heaven were opened." This was the flood, and it came to pass in the year 1656 after the birth of Adam.—New York Sun.

#### The Average Lawsuit.

There is nothing more ridiculous than the average lawsuit. Two men dispute over a few dollars and go to law. Both are sure to lose. Their neighbors are dragged in as witnesses, and the costs amount to 10 or 20 times the amount in dispute. Frequently these lawsuits ruin families and start quarrels that last for years. Some men claim it is "principle" that actuates them in these lawsuits. It is bullheadedness, pure and simple. It is nearly always easy to "split the difference."

Another bad feature about these lawsuits is that the county is put to considerable expense, and men willing to work are compelled to sit on the jury. Settle your disputes without going to law. If the man with whom you are disputing is not willing to "split the difference," he will probably accept a proposition to leave it to three neighbors.—Atchison Globe.

#### Advice From a Butcher.

"What the newspapers should do is to devote less space to describing what people should wear and more to what they should eat," remarked the butcher. "Fashionably dressed women come in here every day who don't know lamb from mutton or a hen from a rooster. No wonder men have dyspepsia! I find that men know more about the quality of food stuffs than women do. Many of the latter don't even know the few simple tests that might help them to distinguish an old fowl from a young one, and about meat they're greener yet. A young woman came in here the other day and asked for two pounds of veal cutlets. I showed her the loin I proposed to chop the cutlets from, and she remarked, 'Yes; that's very nice, but isn't it rather thick to fry?'—Philadelphia Times.

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**SORE THROAT**  
And is Gargling With  
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Take it, gargle it, or spray it. **TONSILINE** never fails, 25 cents.  
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### A Misunderstanding.

Mr. G. W. Steevens in his book, "India," says that the first sight of that country is amazing and stupefying, because everything is so noticeable that you notice nothing. The common crows are blue, the oxen have humps. It is a new life in a new world. In describing the native life he gives this story of their indifference to punishment:

A simple ryot the other day had said goodby to his relatives and was pinioned, when suddenly he asked to speak again to his brother.

"Recollect," he said, "it's 20 kawa surs of barley that man owes me, not dawa surs," which are smaller. Then he turned and was hanged without moving a muscle.

Another man, a Pathan, was being hanged, when the rope broke. The warden bade him go up on to the scaffold again, but he objected.

"No," he said: "I was sentenced to be hanged, and hanged I've been!"

"Not so, friend," argued the warden. "You were sentenced to be hanged until you were dead, and you're not dead!"

It was a new view to the Pathan, and he turned to the superintendent. "Is that right, sahib?"

"Yes; that's right."

"Very well. I didn't understand." And he went composedly up the steps and was hanged again.

### Worshiping a Turtle.

At a place called Kotron, on the French Ivory Coast, the natives believe that to eat or destroy a turtle would mean death to the guilty one or sickness among the family. The fetish men, of which there are plenty, declare that years ago a man went to sea fishing. In the night his canoe was thrown upon the beach empty. Three days afterward a turtle came ashore at the same place with the man on its back alive and well. Since that time they have never eaten or destroyed one of that species, although they enjoy other species.

If one happens now to be washed ashore, there is a great commotion in the town. Firstly, the women sit down and start singing and beating sticks; next a small piece of white cloth (color must be white) is placed on the turtle's back. Food is then prepared and placed on the cloth, generally plantains, rice and palm oil. Then, amid a lot more singing, dancing and antics of the fetish people, it is carried back into the sea and goes on its way rejoicing.

### \$500 REWARD!

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No. 40..... 6:25 a. m. 7:30 a. m.

Lv. N. Galilee, Ar. Lisbon.  
No. 9..... 8:25 a. m. 9:30 a. m.  
No. 45..... 5:10 p. m. 6:08 p. m.

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Crayons,  
Pastels,  
AT

## BULGER'S PHARMACY.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. William Welch, of East Market street, is much improved after a brief illness.

The little child of Mark Thomas is ill at his home at the Klondike with the measles.

Jerry Creedon, who has been very ill with pneumonia for the past six weeks, is improving.

The employees of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh railroad today received their salaries for the month of December.

Mrs. John Bailey is ill at her home on Elwell avenue, West End, with an attack of diphtheria. The house was quarantined yesterday.

Infirmary Directors McBride and Kelly were here yesterday looking after two cases of illness which the trustees have reported to them.

The Kanawha passed down last night and the Ben Hur and Urania are due up tonight. The marks at the wharf register 4.2 feet and station-ary.

A number of accounts have been sent here by a Beaver Falls wholesale confectioner for collection. Justice McCarron will begin proceedings at once.

A gang of 20 Italians employed by the Cleveland & Pittsburgh road were laid off work this morning. They left for Wellsville and the majority of the gang will leave tomorrow for New York.

Residents of Rural lane are objecting to the presence of a huge pile of dirt on that thoroughfare, which almost completely blocks traffic. The commissioner will be asked to have it removed.

The plumbers' union held their regular meeting in the Ferguson & Hill hall, and besides nominating officers transacted some other important business. The annual election will be held on Tuesday evening, January 22.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Charles W. Fraser, of Allegheny county, Pa., and Miss Emma M. Moore, of East Liverpool; John L. Biddle and Miss Eliza Goddard, East Liverpool; Frank Battin and Rachel A. Phillips, West township.

William Dorrance, aged 82 years, died at his home at Bergholz, Sunday from the infirmities of old age. Deceased was an uncle of Mrs. G. B. Smith, of Robinson street, and was well known in this city. The funeral took place this morning at 10 o'clock and interment was made at Mooretown.

The four-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. John Hendricks, died at their home on Norton street yesterday afternoon after an illness with pneumonia. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock and interment will be made at Spring Grove cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks buried a child yesterday.

Harold Edwin, the seven-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Vaughn, died at their home on Fourth street last night at 6:45 o'clock after an illness of but a few days. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and interment will be made at Riverview cemetery. Friends of the family can view the remains from 9 to 2 o'clock tomorrow.

### DEATH AT A WEDDING.

#### A Pathetic Tragedy of the War Between the States.

Recalling the historic incidents clustering about South Carolina's executive mansion, Mrs. Thaddeus Horton writes in *The Ladies' Home Journal* of the shocking tragedy that occurred there toward the close of the war. This was the death of the daughter of Governor Pickens immediately after her marriage to Lieutenant Le Rochelle. "On the afternoon preceding the evening of the marriage the northern army began shelling Columbia, but preparations for the wedding continued.

"Finally the guests were all assembled, and the clergyman was proceeding with the solemn ceremony and had just joined the right hands of the happy pair when suddenly there was an awful crash, and a ball from the enemy's cannon penetrated the mansion and burst in the middle of the marriage chamber, scattering its death dealing missiles in every direction. There were screams and a heartrending groan, mirrors crashed, the house shook, women fainted and walls rocked and fro.

"When the first confusion was over, it was discovered that in all the crowd only one person was injured, and that was the bride herself. She lay partly on the floor and partly in her lover's arms, crushed and bleeding, pale, but very beautiful, her bridal gown drenched with warm blood and a great cut in her breast.

"Laying her on a lounge, the frantic bridegroom besought her by every term of tenderness and endearment to allow the ceremony to proceed, to which she weakly gave consent, and, lying like a crushed flower no less white than the camellias of her bridal bouquet, her breath coming in short gasps and the blood flowing from this great, angry wound, she murmured 'yes' to the clergyman and received her husband's first kiss. A moment more and all was over.

"She was laid to rest under the magnolias, and the heartbroken bridegroom, reckless with despair, returned to his regiment."

### CHEAP SPONGES.

#### Where Those Sold by the Street Fakirs Are Procured.

Sponges sold by the street fakirs are rather captivating in appearance, large and almost white, and the price ranges from 5 to 10 cents each. People who have bought sponges at a drug store know that no such looking articles can be got there for so little money, and so they invest. But they don't invest more than once, because the sponge soon falls to pieces, whereas a good sponge will last for years.

Somebody started a story years ago that the reason the fakirs could sell these sponges so cheaply was because they bought them from the hospitals, and there are some people who still believe it. As if men devoting all their energies and skill to ameliorating the ills of mankind would spread disease by distributing old and possibly germ infected sponges. As a matter of fact surgeons' sponges are small and smooth as velvet, being close grained.

The fakirs' sponges are the clippings off the big sponges sold to bakers and others who need large sponges. The parts cut away have little body and would soon tear loose. The fakirs buy these bits, trim them into shape and then give them a bath in diluted muriatic acid. After lying there for 12 hours they are taken out and washed in clear water and dried. They are bleached, in other words, but at still further detriment to the sponge. Never of close texture, the mesh is made more rotten by the acid, and that is why they soon fall apart. But so far as disease is concerned they are as pure as any sponge bought in the finest drug store.—*Chicago Tribune*.

### BABY'S PORTRAIT.

[Sketched by his mother.]

▲ Little head of shapely mold.

Two baby eyes so bright and bold.

A dainty little nose;

Two little cheeks so round and fair,

With tiny dimples hiding there

Like dewdrops in a rose.

▲ Little mouth so fragrant sweet,

▲ tiny dimpling chin so neat,

And both just made to kiss;

Two cunning ears each in its place,

▲ baby forehead set with grace,

Whose photograph is this?

Two sturdy shoulders, broad and square,

Two chubby hands so fat and fair,

And cunning feet so gay;

▲ roguish smile for you and me,

Sweet baby ways; now, don't you see

The portrait of our boy?

—*Pearson's Weekly*.

## THE S. G. HARD CO.

### THE BIG STORE

That Brussels Carpet you want can be bought just now at

## Clearance Sale Prices.

Not old goods but new Spring Patterns.

### PART OF THE NATION.

#### Coudert Contends That Porto Rico Isn't Foreign — Argued In Supreme Court.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Argument was

begun in the United States supreme court in the Porto Rican customs cases now before that court. The five consolidated cases were taken up and F. R. Coudert spoke in behalf of the plaintiffs against the government in the case known as the De Lima case. Mr. Coudert devoted considerable time to showing that Porto Rico is not "a foreign country," as that term is used in the Dingley law under which the tariff on the Porto Rico sugar imported into the United States in November, 1899, was imposed in this case. He contended that by the Paris treaty Porto Rico had come completely under the sovereignty and dominion of the United States—a geographical part of what Marshall had called the "American empire."

He argued that the cause of the Paris treaty leaving the determination of the civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants to congress was "merely declaratory of the power given by the constitution to withhold political rights and franchises and to establish civil government and enact municipal law in all places where no state government exists."

He laid down the general proposition that the constitution is a charter or grant of powers conferred upon the federal government by the people of the United States and hence that the federal government has no existence outside the constitution. Therefore, he said, it was an impossibility for the United States to possess territory beyond its "constitutional boundaries."

With peace restored congress had become supreme in legislating for the Island acquired, but it was, he thought, a question whether congress in the Porto Rican act had not violated the constitutional restrictions, "which," he said, "lie at the center and foundation of the federal powers."

Mr. Coudert asserted that as the Dingley act imposed a duty only on goods imported from "foreign countries," it could have no applicability to goods brought from Porto Rico to the United States, as Porto Rico ceased to be "foreign" after the ratification of the Paris treaty. Such an act, he said, was a violation of the constitutional provision requiring uniformity of duties throughout the United States.

He also contended that the Porto Ricans are citizens of the United States, and referred to the anomaly of giving courts which were not, according to the contention of the government counsel, courts of the United States, power to make citizens of the United States, as territorial courts, by naturalization.

Mr. Coudert had not concluded

### BURLEIGH BILL PASSED.

#### Reapportionment Plan Went Through In House—Hopkins Measure Turned Down.

Washington, Jan. 9.—By a vote of 165 to 102 the house accepted the reapportionment plan proposed by the Burleigh bill, to increase the membership of the house during the next decade from 357, the present membership and the membership proposed by the committee on the Hopkins bill, to 386. The result was largely brought about by the influence of certain senators from several of the larger northern states, who threw the weight of their influence in the scale in favor of the larger membership. When it became apparent that these factors were at work against his bill Mr. Hopkins attempted to compromise by giving an additional representative each to North Dakota, Col-

orado and Florida, but his advocates refused to compromise after a complete victory was assured.

The Crumpacker proposition to recommit the bill for the purpose of ascertaining what states abridged the right to vote to an extent which would entail reduced representation was defeated, 130 to 110. There was no roll call on this vote, but a number of Republicans voted with the Democrats. Under the bill as passed no state is to lose a representative, and the following make gains: Illinois, New York and Texas, three each; Minnesota, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, two each; and Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, North Dakota, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin, one each. The bill provides that whenever a new state is admitted the representative assigned to it shall be in addition to the number provided in the bill. It also adds a provision never hitherto incorporated in a reapportionment bill, to the effect that congressional districts, in addition to being "contiguous," shall be "compact." States which are allowed additional representatives by the bill shall, by its terms, elect them at large until the legislature shall redistrict the state.

### FOR MONUMENT TO HAWKINS.

#### Governor Stone Approved Resolution Appointing Committee.

Harrisburg, Jan. 9.—Governor Stone approved the concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of three senators and three members of the house to act in conjunction with the several citizens' committees already appointed to assist in the erection of a suitable monument to the late Colonel Alexander L. Hawkins, at Pittsburgh. The committee includes Senators Muehlbrouner, Flinn and Budke and Representatives Beacom and Stevens, of Westmoreland, and Arensburg, of Fayette.

### Two Great Objects.

"They say," remarked the very cynical person, "that in this corrupt and superficial age the great object is not to be found out."

"That shows you have very little experience with bill collectors," answered the impudent friend. "My great object is not to be found in."—*Washington Star*.

### SPINSTERS.

Unmarried women are called spinsters, or spinning women, because it was a maxim among our forefathers that a young woman should not marry until she had spun enough linen to furnish her house. All unmarried, old or young, were then called spinsters, a name still retained in all legal documents.

### THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair, except cloudiness and snow flurries along the northeastern lake shore today; colder; northwesterly winds, brisk on the lake. Tomorrow fair in the interior; cloudiness and snow flurries along the lake.

Western Pennsylvania—Cloudiness, with occasional rains along the lake today; colder; northwesterly winds, brisk on the lake. Tomorrow fair in the interior; cloudiness and snow flurries along the lake.

West Virginia—Fair and colder today; northwesterly winds. Tomorrow fair.

### Adjourned In Due Form.

"Mr. Nevergo," the young woman said, suppressing a yawn, "when the business of a meeting is ended what is the parliamentary form for bringing the proceedings to a close?"

"Somebody moves that the meeting adjourn," replied the young man, "and then"—

"Well, if you'll move," she interjected, "we'll adjourn."

### A Chinese Story.

M. Monnier, the well known French Asiatic traveler, vouches for the truth of the following story of his friend, Hop Sing, a traveled oriental and man of means and refinement, was on one occasion sorely victimized. Hop Sing lived in the street of the roasted corn, as unsavory and as ill paved a street as any in all Peking. The local mandarin was an intimate friend of his, and Hop Sing availed himself of this friendship to press the mandarin to have the street repaved. Certainly. At once. The men would be at work on it before Hop Sing had returned home. A week passed, then another visit, and so on, until, in despair, Hop Sing determined to have the street repaired at his own expense. The work was satisfactorily completed.

The surprise of Hop Sing was only equaled by his indignation when, on awaking one morning, he found a gang of coolies upheaving the newly flagged street. His surprise grew when he heard from the mandarin's own lips that the men were there at his orders.

"You see, my dear friend," said the mandarin, "I am expecting the head inspector round here in a few days. Now, if he were to see the beautiful pavement you have laid down in your street he would come to the conclusion that there was money about, and he would assuredly bleed every vein in my body. This would mean my ruin. Don't you see why your pavement really must come up? It cost me one fortune to secure my post. I don't want to spend another in keeping it."

### Thoreau's Mother's Ghost.

"Besides Thoreau and his mother, the house (at Concord) has had for its occupants A. Bronson Alcott and family, including his distinguished daughter, Louisa M., the author," writes Samuel S. Kingdon in *The Ladies' Home Journal*. "To them sometimes came the ghost of Mme. Thoreau. Those who know Mme. Thoreau and her habits confirm the description given by a servant, who left the house because of the visitation, in every detail; her tall, gaunt figure, her big, white cap, her stealthy step, her quiet comings, her noiseless goings.

"When seen, she invariably stood in the doorway, her great cap well adjusted, her neat handkerchief, half unfolded, tucked securely into the waistband of her full dress skirt—pausing a moment on the threshold, looking anxiously about, then stooping and running her finger along the edge of the mopboard, to see if perchance a speck of dust had found lodgment there. Proceeding to the workroom, she glanced in, then glided to the fireplace, stooping over it and motioning with her hands as if in the act of covering the coals with ashes.

"In life, it should be said, the two prominent characteristics of Mme. Thoreau were an abhorrence of dust and a dread of fire. Satisfied on these points, the spirit would disappear. Unlike other ghosts, this one always appeared in the daytime."

### Town Gossip.

It is generally agreed that the small town is a pleasant place to live in, except that there is always a great amount of gossip in such places. Why do not worthy people control in this matter of gossip as they do in other respects? Are the small towns of the country to be made undesirable as places of residences to please a lot of cheap people who ought to be controlled and regulated?—*Atchison Globe*.

A physician says one should never do any work before breakfast. Some day science will recognize the great truth that working between meals is what is killing off the race.—*Minneapolis Times*.